13

Right, Pleasant, and Variable

TRACHICAL HISTORY

OF

FORTUNATUS

Whereby a Young Man may Learn how to Behave Himself in all Worldly Asfairs and Casual Chances.

First Penned in the Dutch Tongue,
There-hence Abstracted, and now First of
all Published in English, By T. C.

LOÑDON,

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The Moral Documents and Considera. tions, which are to be Noted in this Book.

ow carel is youth to pleasure bent. When wealth doth flow at will; (The Example of Till raging riot all bath spent, they never have their will.

How falshood wrought by flattery, the simple doth affail; When spight with open enmity, by no means can prevail.

How bankrouts pincht with poverty, when Grace is not their stay;

Do feek relief by villany, to work their just dicay.

How thefe with Murder do concernit to plague the Lord is bent; which all men ought far 10 revial;

. Though guiltl is of consent.

How Thieves by custom in their need, do venture for their prey; Until a hen they think best to speed, they work their just decay.

How lome that fear their state to Stain, For dread of worldly shame; Will fin procure for private gain, deserving no less ilame.

How Venus lust enticing may, four force the amorous Knight, His greatest secrets to bewray, to work his woful plight.

How strength and beauty soon doth fuil, And bealth and wealth decay All fortunes witts do nought avail, ohere Wisdom bears no sway.

Erinous life an konest end. mminer ensue) Wicksen do Hill pretend Trung death Shall rue,

Theodorus: cap. 1.

The crafty servant Robert: Cap.

Appearing by one Andrew an unthriftyMerchant: Cap. 6.7, and 8.

> Expressed by the death of Feronimus Roberti: cap.

Example of the Thievilh Host: Cap. 16.

Appearing Cap. 31, and 32.

To be Noted: Cap. 34.

Appearing by the whole course of the Hiftory; especially by the divers dispositions and final deflinies i his two fons's

THE READER.

S in the Writings of Fabulous Poets and witty Apothegms of Asop, Diogenes, and fuch like I pleasant conceited Philosophers, are to be found many pithy and wife Lessons, behoveable for the late of manslife, as well as in the severe precepts of the lage Stoicks to in this Tragical Hillory. (though it be somewhat sawced and enterlaced with Poetical imaginations) is to be noted by the discreet Reader, sufficient matter concerning most estates, to bring the mind in remembrance of the fickleness of Fortunes, transatory gifts. of the reward of vertue, the punishment of Vice, and the end of Folly. Moreover in this History is often occasion raken, partly to describe the Names, Situations. and Commodities, of the chiefest Countries, Merchants, Kingdoms, and Cities of the earth, which to the valiant mind bringeth no small delectation. These few causes considered. I doubt not but this History shall feem to men of good judgment more worthy of the Printers Travel, than many vain Pamphlèts, Ballads, Songs and pallying devises, tending only to the artificial cloaking of vice, and muzling of amorous heads therein. And for a fmuch as by confideration, and conference in peruling thereof, I found much Childilh and superfluons inventions, intermingled also with some sparks of prophane superflicion (according to the manner of penning, used in that barbarous age) which might seem odious to the Godly, and loathsome to the learned (the matter and substance of the History being notwithstanding most variable, pleasant, and delectable to read) Lthought it most convenient, by rejecting what was unseemly, ather to collect an Abitract of the fubflance thereof in a plain and English Phrase, then to have respect to the littoral Translation. Which if I have not accomplished so precisely as perhaps some of our English Rhetoricians would have done, I crave pardon for my offence, and give them leave to mend that is amis, not doubting but the Courteous Reader will rather accept hereof, with of Fortunatus and the like affection as it is offered, then difdein my ability to offer it so perfect in all points as I would.

※※|秦秦城|熊黎城|藤黎城|藤黎城|北海黎

The Sum and Argument of this BOOK.

A Lusty youth in prime of years, his Fathers only Child, Who Theodorus had to name, of courage flour and wild. Whose father had by carking got great flore of goods and lan is, Which after the decease of him fell holy to his hands. The younger vaunting to maintain a sumptuous stately part, About the Princes Pallace would with noble states refort. His friends then fearing least he mould, by Rot soon decay, Got him a wife of noble birth, that might him somewhat stay By whom he had a comely Son, in Childhood foftered well, Until that i iot did him force, his fands and goods to fell: The Child of Cyprus Ille the Father of the fame, In Famagosta Christened was, who Forsunarus had to name. When that he did hisfathers care and poverty cipy, He went from Parents privatly his fortune for to try. So ranging through most Christian lands, by fickle fortune toft His way lay by a wilderness, where he was almost lost, Where given was to him a Purfe, of great and precious price, That should at no time money want, to fulfil his device : The vertue of which Purse shall then for thwith decay, When he and all his Children should by death once pass away

By means whereof when he had got great wealth, renoun and same.

And keeping there a flore of the finding dead, to Famagosta came.

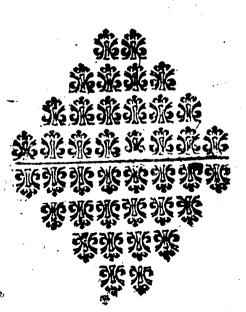
And keeping there a stately Port, he took to him a Wise, Of Noble Birth, with whom long time he led a quiet life; And had by her two only Sons, but when he did perceive,

That like it was no Children more behind him he should leave,
He would in ship again depart more Countries for to range,
Among the Heathen for to view such

Among the Heathen for to view such novel as were strange,
From whence returning home again by the King Soudans land,
Convey'd from him a precious Har delivered with his hand
Which set upon the owners head, by secret vertuous power,
Convey'd should be where he would wisher in moment of an hour
Soon a feel his return was dead. Castandra his dear Wise.
And he also ere long it was, to death did yield his life.
The Hat and Purse to list two Sons, by will he did bequest,

The Argument?

In common both to use alike, so long as life should last. The Elder Son, Ampedo then, did like to live at cafe But Andolocia with the Purie to travel did him please. By Martial Feats of Chivalry, attaining great Renown, Until in England by mitchance, his pilde was pulled down: Where the Kings Daughter Agrippina to had won hisheart, That the bereft him of his Purle, that caus'd his would finart. He borrowing of his Bro her then the wishing Hat for aid, Thereof allo for all his craft, was milerably betray'd But in the end, by lucky chance, he got them both again, And took revenge of her at will, to her great stame and pain. Returning Andolocia glad, with Victory thus won, in fine did Agrippina wed the King of Cyprus Son: Where Andoloeia at a feast, such man-hood did extend, That Earls twain of malice did, conspire to work his end By absence long, then Ampedo searing his brothers death, The Hat did burn, and he e're long did yield his vital breath, Likewise was Andolocia stain, for whom was made great moan The two Earls serived for the Purse, which vertue then had none Whereby the Murther was detect, the two Earls prest to die. This is the fum and whole effect, of this most pleasant History.



CHAP. I.

Of the Birth of Fortunatus.

N the Ide of Cyprus there is a great City called Famagosta, wherein dwelt a Rich Citizen, descended of an antient and renowned stock, whose name was Theodorus, unto whom his progenitors had left so much Goods and Revenues that through the abundance of Wealth he esteemed hunself mighty and puils failt. He was of age young, of disposition lusty, and retchless, and little confidering the frugalis ty and thrifty sparing of his Ancestors whereby they carefully augmented their goods and possel= sions, which he without care enjoyed. So that his mind being wholely addicted unto Ponour. Paltime and worldly Pleasure, he presumed to bear the countenance of an high and costly ex uate, by usual frequenting of Princes Courts, Authings and other fuch like martial Games, by which means he foon wasted much of his Goods and Arealure. His friends being greatly vilpleas Led with such his outragious Proofgality, delecmined to marry him to a Wife: supposing theres by somewhat to alter his mine. Theodorus wil lingly condescended to their defires; wherenp= on they diligently fearthing to find out a comely and convenient Clyoule for him, found at length in the City of Nicova (which is the head City of the Me of Cyprus, where their Kings commons ly been their Course) a Roble and rich Citizen

which had a fair Daughter named Gratiana, whom he forthwith was content to give in marciage un= to Tnedorus, without any further inquiry what manner of man he was. And thereuven was the Wai en brought home unto him, only upon the aceat fame of his kiches and Puillance: who was at her coming entertained with a coully and sumpenous Banquet, as the manner is of the rich. to thew at such times their wealth and magnis ficence. After the Fealt was ented, all things accordingly finished, and every quest taking their leave were returned home, Theodorus taking his Elymbe un o him, lived for a featon friendly and permonar with her: wherewith both the and her Friends took great pleasure, thinking they had atchieved a very good deed, in so taning the wild Theodorus, by tring him to a Wife: but ver they considered not the property of Pature. which hendeth only to that which she is inclinate ed unter. So in process of time, Gratiana bes. came great with Child, and was relivered before the year was fully compleat from the day of the Medding: whereof the Friends of both parties were exceeding glad. Their was the Thild Thai kened with the name of Formatus: and although Theodorus herewith rejoyced, yet realed he not to follow his old trade, in Aulting, keeps ing a great train of men and horles, and daily haunting of Princes Courts, not without intol= lerable and excessive charges. Infomuch that he began to Sell and Borgage, now one piece of Nand, and then another, leaving both Wife and This unregarded. Then in Selling, Waging, and waiting, he continued to long-till all was gone: and to fell into such extream poverty, that he was neither able to keep Paustervant, nor Maiden

Maiden. to that and Gratiana was of necessity forced to drels her own meat, and to walk her own Cloaths like a hand-maid or your flave. They on a time litting together at a limple Dinner; nietending to make good chear if then had mirerewithal, the Father beholding his Son, lighed from the bottom of his heart: which when his Son perceived, who was then eighteen years old, and could Write and Read amply (but was ers pert in playing on the Lute, in Hunting and Hawking, which were his chief pastimes) he said to his Father: Dear Father, what affeth you ? for A well verceive that whenfoever you beholo -me, you become fad, and thew an heavy countenance: I pray peu Father babe I by any means provoked you to be offended e tell me truly, and hive not your fecret thoughts from me, for I am wholly determined to accomplish your will in reafonable points. Then answered the Father, says ing: my dear sou, the occasion of my grief coms eth not by thee, neither may I blame any creas ture therefore but my felf only, for the pinching penury and distress which now I suitain, have Implest caused, and therefore I call to mino the areat-honour and wealth that Mately enjoys ediand now am utterly depited of : which my Ancekors have to carefully spaced, as I also sught to have done, for the maintainance of the Mock and Progeny in Pouvur and Dignity, rise . which alais, I have altogether neglected: and when I call to mind how far unable I am to help and succour thee my only Child, this is the peration and hearts greif that vereth me both night and day. This mozeover doubleth my soz= rows, that all these my most familiar Companis ous, to whom I so frankly imparted my Owes,

am so little welcom une them. To this answered Fortunatus, kaping, Dearly beloved Father. cast off your mounting, and take no such immos nerate care for me: for I am young, urong and in perfect health; I will travel into far and unknown Countries to serve. In the World by hard adventuring, there happeneth to many god chance and for time, whereof Adult not but by the help of God, some part thall fall to my lot. Aufoz you Father, you have bunnels of the Kings, him may you terve, and it is not like that he will suffer you or my Dother, long to continue in any great mant. Leave off therefore (3 lay again) these Tearson my behalf: for I have not been so ill trained up (I thank God and pou for it) but I can thift for my felf. Walith this went Fortunatus out of the Poule with a Pawk. on his fit, toward the Seascoult, pondering with himself what he might belt do, to absent himself from his Fathers light, that he might be no more grieved thereby. As bethus walked up and down by the Scashte, he faw a Wally of Venice coming from Jerusalem; wherein was an Cart of Flanders, who had left two of his men by the way. But forasmuch as the Carl had no bus finels with the King, and that the Patton of the Galley caused a figh to be given by the sound of a Trumpet, that every one should speedily come a coard the Ship, the Carl with many other Gens ilemen came forthwith into the Walley. Fortunatus feeing, thought in his mind: Would God Amight be one of this great Lords men, to accompany him into his Country, that Imight

be tiv of my Country Cypius. Witch that be a control of the country Cypius.

ped bololy to the Carl, making low chestence

have now abandoned my company; and that I

and courteffe (whereby the Carl well perceived) that he was no ku tical Clown. And therewith al laio: Gracious Lozd, A understand your Ho= nour had lost swo of your men, and therefore please h you now to entertain one? Then asked the Call, what can't thou do? We answered, I can Hunt and Hawk, and to all that pertaineth thereto. I have also some skill in Kiding, and Feats of Arms. To this, said the Earl, thou Montait like me well: but to my Country we have a long an itedi us Journey, wherefore I suppose thou would'it be loath to travel to far. Pot to, my Nord, said Fortunatus, that shall be to me no let at all, but I would willingly adventure the travel, though it were four times as far. Then demanded the Carl, saying: What Wages shall Agive the? Fortunatus auswered, I require no Wanges (if it so like pour Honour) but to be rewarded according to my deferts. These words of the young man liked the Carl very well, faring unito him: The Galley forthwith thall be Lancher from the Shore, art thou therefore reas ov to depart with us? He answered, when it pleaseth you my Lord. And so calting the Hawk that he had upon his Fix up into the Air, departs ed without blesting of Father or Wother with the Carl, and became his man, carrying with hin very timple furniture, and little or no mos mey in his his Wurle. So hoisting up their Sail in those time they luckily arrived at Venice.

How Fortunatus failed away with the End, without knowledge of his Father of Mother: Chap. 2.



A Po when they were come to Venice, first all the Royalties of that City, he trayed not long there, but made all speed possible to return a gain into his Country, to he his Friends: fo he was determined presently at his return to he was determined presently at his return to he was a fair and gracious Lady, the Bay riage being appointed before his departure: For which was a fair and gracious Lady, the Bay riage heing appointed before his departure: For which cause most likely, he made the more kaited which cause most likely, he made the more kaited Words at Venice, very could Jewels, and Country of Thelact, Silk and Cloth of Country in ments of Thelact, Silk and Cloth of Country

there else was requisite for the Wedding. belongh he had many men, yet was there tore of them that could speak the Italian Conque, but Fortunatus onely, who was very expert to Euy and Sell, and therefore was in great estæmation and favour with the Earl. Fortunatus perceiving his Noids good affection towards him, became the more serviceable, applying himself to be als ways in the evening the last, and in the morning the lift in his Lozds presence. Pow the Carl has bought many Porles for his Servants, of the much time were haply more fair to the eye, then in tot any good purpole: he therefore would have them mustered before him, and so distributed them among his men, giving to Fortunatus one nert the best: which grieved much the other Servants, and thereupon they envyed him, laying as mong themselves, what Devil hath sent this Itahan to put us out of conceit and credit ? Howbeit clay not in their power to Kay him from riding with the Carl, neither could they blame him in Inp point. The Carl was now returned home topfully, and at his coming was received of his doubleds most Honourably: for he was both aflable, just, and vertuous, and so the better belos ded of his fulleds, for that he loved them, and phas careful for their estate. The Pobles like= while, and other his friendly Reighbours came ibacther to melcome him, thanking God for his locperous journey: and before all other matters hey took special care for the present accomplish= ha of the Acedding, which pleased kim very vell: so that with full consent he was Espoused nich all convenient speed unto the Duke of there his Daughter: For this Wedding was here are preparation, and thither did resort many Lords of greate Chate, where ntany bas liant knights and Gentlemen in Borgeous artire, mounted on barbet Steeds, at the Wilts and Aurney, and other such feats of Chivalry, extended their manly force before the fair and noble Ladies there piclent. And although there were assembled at that wedding no small nums ver of Proper and Comely Servicers, attending on the chief Estates: Pet there was none of them all, whose Service and Behaviour was moze commended then the Service of Fortunaus: whereupon ofvers demanding of the Earl where he had gotten him, he declared unto them that he by Fortune chanced on him in the way coming from Jerusalem; and told them mozeover, that he was so expert in Hunting and Hawking, that neither will Wealt of the Field, use Foul of the Ap2, might hardly escape him: Wesides that, also he especially commended him for his viligent and pliable service, and for that he could to circumfpealy apply and frame himself to all Citates. By means of which commendation of his Lozd, he had many gifts given him of Po ble-men and Momen.

Hon



How Fortunatus did his endeavour in Justing at his Lords Wedding, and gained both the Jewels. Chap. 3.

A their Triumphs and marifal Tames, the Duke of Cleve and the Bridgmoom (the Carl of Flanders) agreed that their servitors and recinues Chanders) agreed that their servitors and recinues Chanders agreed that their servitors and training Chanders, and try Masiteries, in suring for two sewels, estamed to the value of an hundred Trouns, and he that might obtain the Prize should have one of them. Di this we east the servant glad, and every man put forth hinself to do his best. So is betell that one of the Duke of Eurgundy his servants had one of the Tewels en the one side, and Fortunatus mon the other on the cont ary pare; which missing the other on the cont ary pare; which missing the other of the services, and theres

twon they entreated Timothy the Duke of Burgundies man, making many fair promiles to recoms vence him with the like referts, if he would undectake to Challenge Fortunatus to try in justing who should have been the Jewels. Timothy have ing no power to very the requet of so many good fellows, made open challenge unto Fortunatus before the Ladies and Gentlewomen to Just with him, and that whosoever obtained the Prize, should possels both the Lewels. When Fortunatus heard that, he took no great deliberation, but accepted the challenge with a valiant courage. This being neised among the Lords, they glads ly drew together to see this bickering. The chatlenger and befonder each of them well apprinted came to the Wiltspard, where they encountred with a manly and violent courage, being on ctther part Kirred with a fervent detire both of lie tre and fame. At the fourth course Fortunatus hopsed Timothy from his Worse the space of a Spears length: wherewith he win the Utitory, and obtained the Jewels, esteemed more proxili then 1wo hundred Crowns. Wy tlis was the envy of his fellowsfervan smoze vehemen drens created, but the Garl himself rejoyced greatly, that one of his recinue had so reforming win the chief Prize. Howheit he understood nor of the grudge and malice that his men had against Fortunatus, neither durst any man risclose it unto him.

Among the Carls Servants there was one, an old wife Fellow, named Robert, who offered hims felf to practice a cast of Unavery in the behalf of all his Fellows, promising into them, that if they would give unto him ien Crowns in really money, he would bring to pass that the La

talian should depart of his own accord, without taking leave of his Low, or of any other, and that none thereof sould be suspected. Then said his fellows, If thou canst do as thou hast said, why doll thou linger any stay, to attempt the same? We ans swered, sost a while, for I cannot do it without present Money; but if every one of you will give me half a Crown, I will repay unto each of you a whole Crown, if I work not this feat according as I have said. They were all willing to grant to his request, so that they spedily collected this sum of fifteen Crowns. and gave them to Robert, who willed them to speak no moze into him concerning that matter, and that every one thould behave himself accords ing as he had done before. From henceforth this Robert became a daily companion unto Fortunatus. Bewing himself very sciendly unto him, enveage ling him with p'cafant communication, and res counting of things done in the Countrey, which was to Fortunatus veletable. Peenured an enticed him to the Company and haunt of Fair Women, where he of his proper Charges, would als ways fend in Wline, and other Wanquetting Junquets, meet for such Company. Robert also would collogue with him, praising his Riches, Pobility, and Maliant Centage, which Fortunatus could well enouse. And when he would als ways offer his Money also for their expences, Rohere would not fuser him to pay any part; laying, that he loved him better then any of his bre= thien, and therefore thought all to little that was he kowed on him. This Company of god Fels loughipeon inuclealong, that their fellows were therewith g ieved: faving one to another, Doth Robert mean to drive away Forum it us with fuch a life? It is rather to be supposed that if he were in Cyprus again, and wik to have such pleasant Entertainment, he would think it long e're he were returned thither: surely he doth not fulfil his promise, and therefore it is meet that we have our money again. Robert being advertiled thereof, scoffed thus at his fellows, saying, would they have me make better chear with their money then I have done. Potwithstanding at the last, when the Money was near hand spent, on an Ovening when the Barl and his Wlife were gone to relt, cometh Robert to Fortunatus into his Thamber iscretly, and said, Even now hath the Master Chancellor told me a fecret, for he is my fingular good Friend, and did earnestly forbid me upon pain to lose his Friendship, that I should disclose it to no man; but yet I cannot for the Friendship that is between us, conceal this thing from thee, which so nearly toucheth thine Estate. Thus flands the case (as thou knowest) our Lord hath a fair woman to Wife, and hath many fair Gentlewomen with her: he hath of late conceived a dureable Fantasie, and is become very jealous in the behalf of his espouse, and the other Gentlewomen, fearing left his young Chamberlains might be on them enamoured, and so provoked to carnal Lust; and although he dare repose such confidence in them, that they would confent to no difhonesty, yet can be not well put out of his mind what a blind thing Love is, and when it is once kindled how hardly it is quenched: and that when true lovers be linked with like affections, nothing may separate them but only death. To prevent this, he is counselled, yea, and fully minded, on the morrow to ride to Laufau, where he must wage Law with an Earl concerning certain Money and Land, and meaneth to come thither stately furnished with all his men about him, because he knoweth that the Earl of St. Paul his adversary will be there also with no small company, gorgeously appointed. And whilst he remaine th there he will cause the four thimberlains to be Gelded whether they will or not, and then set them in their Office as before. He will also show the matter unto his Wife forbidit na her to disclass it

unto any person. Howbeit he knoweth well that she cannot long conceal it from her waiting Gentlewomen, who will most likely sutter it further unto others, so shall it pass from one to another until it be spread abroad. And by this means he pretendeth to prevent all mischief that eft-soons might chance among you through amorous love; for he considereth that no woman regardeth a gelded man. Withen Fortunatus had heard this repost, he was therewith amazed; and first of all asked him whether he knew any fecret way whereby he might convey himself with speed out of the City, laying, I will not in any cale abive the presence of my Lord though he would give nie all his Lands, no, though he would make me King of England, would A leeve him any lon= ger: I pray thee therefore said Fortunatus help me my god friend Robert, and give me some couns lel how I may speedily depart. Robert answers ed, saying: Thou knowed all the Gates of the City be now thut, that none can issue out or in, until to morrow, when the Usell warneth to fers vice, and then is the Cowsgate opener. Wut my beloved Fortunatus, if I my felf were in your cale, I would not greatly refule it, confidering the areat love and affection that thy Lord hath conceived towards thee, whereby thou are like to come to great preferment, Then said Fortunatus. A would rather become a Wegger, to wander as a pagabond from place to place, then to endure Ruch a thanne and Willany. Then spake Robert again, laying, I am ibrry that ever I advertised thee of these things, lithence thou will so depart: for I trusted we should have lived together in friendly amity, as loving brethren, and to have passed our time joyfully, one delighting in the other. But fithence thou wilt by no means here longer remain, let me yet be advertised by there from thee. where they art become, that when

our Lord shall be sufficiently provided of gelded men to be his Chamberlains, I may write to thee, that thou mayest repair hither again; for I doubt not but at any time thou shalt have entertainment of the Earl: to this answered Fortunatus, saxing; You shall little need either to Write or fend unto me, for so long as I live I mean not to come to this Court any more. And therefore I instantly require thee not to disclose my departure. until I have been three days away. Thich thing Robert promised him, and so he not his seave of him, making semblance as though he were very fory: Thus this traiterous Judas wrought this knavish device; it was about midnight when ce very one was at rell, but Fortunatus head was full of bees, to that every hour feemed unto him three, for he feared lest the Carl should unders stand of his departure, and so cause him so be stayed. So palling all the night in fear and grief, at the break of day he took his journey on Worles back, with Pounds following him as though he had pretended to Bunt, and rove so swiftly, that if one of his eves had fallen out of his head he would feantly have stayed to take it up.

How the Earl was exceeding forry for the suddain departure of Fortunatus. Chap. 4.

veiled, and thereupon demanded of all his Servants generally and particularly, whether they knew any occasion of his departing e they all des mped that they will thereof, and took their Daths thus they had not by any means to their knows ledge grieved him. Then went the Earl to the Lavies and Gentlewomen, enquiring likewise of them, whether they had moved him to any displeas fure, or whether they mildeemed any cause of his going away without leave. The Countels and all the other Gentlewomen answered, that they will not of any thing that might offend him either by Mord or Ded; but that in the Evening before his Departure he was erceeding Werry and Pleasant: repoziing unto them of the attire of Momen, and of many other ulages and Cue Komes of his Countrey, and that in such corrupt Language, as we could not refrain from Lauais ing and he himself were Laughing with us allo: with us also: and so with no worse country nance he lest our company. Then said the Carl. although the cause of his flight be now conceased from me. I don't not but hereafter I shall be adbertiled thereof: and verily if A shall know that as np of mine was the occasion of it, Asiall be Marriy revenged on him; for I know that Fortunatus is not fled without some great cause. am fure he hath gotten about 500 Czowns whilst he hach been here: A I thought he would not have departed hence during his life. But I perceive well he is not minved to return, seeing he hath tas ken with him all his Jewels and his substance. withen Robert perceived that his Lozd was fo

gritued for Fortunatus, great fear fell on him, foz be dreamed lest any of his Fellows thousa bre eray him, that he was weined away by his prosurement: whereupon he went to every one pars ticularly, requiring them not to disclose his doings, which they faithfully promifed him: and were very instant to know by what means he brought his purpole to subtilly to pals, and that At the lenath he was so subdenty Ried away, to one that was most in his Favour, and was maze imperunaceithen the reft, he toid that Fortunatus had themed him the state of his Father, how he was become poor, and ferved in the Tking of Cyprus Court: Whereupon laid Robert, I have hewed him that a Post was palled this way from the king of Cypeus, towards the king of England, to advertise him of the king of Cyprus Beach, for they were near of Kindsed: which Politics ported unto me, that the King had exalted the ttate of Theodorus his Pather, & had gived hun the Carloom of Anciemus de Teraceno, who died weth; out any Beir, by reason whereof, the Carloon was fallen into the kings hands: for which Theodorus making the fir I fuit obtained it, and both he & his heirs were therein confirmed by his Letters Patents. Withen I had told him, he scarcely believed me: & thereupon faid, I would my father had sped no worle, not with Aanding upon this only he is des parted. When the other of his Fellows heard this, they faid among themselves, how uncire cumiped was Fortunatus? For if such good fors tune had chanced unto him, if he had advertised our Carl thereof, doublets he would have Mors Hipfully let him forth, with certain of us to acs company him, and so sould be have been honous rably received into his own Country, and also Mill have recained the Favour and Friendship of his Lord and Patter.

How Fortunatus came to London; and confumed his Money in the company of riotous perfons and Harlots. Chap. 5.

IDw leave we the Carl of Flanders with his men. who knew little how Robert had des ceived Fortunatus with a deviced lie: howbeit they heard afterwards that Fortunatus did well. Thho when he had fent back his Lozds Horse, yet fearing left he should be perfued, Travelled with all speed possible, till se came to Callis, where he took thipping, and yet thought himself scantly out of danger even in the midit of the Deas, the fear of Gelving so soze troubled his Conscience. When he was arrived in England, setting all fear affre, he tok Courage again and came to London, which is a great and gwily City, frequented of Merchants from all Countries of Europe. This ther at his arrival was come a Ship from Cyprus, freighted with could Wlares, the Factors whereof were two young Berchants, who had in Cyprus rich parents: and this being the first fourney that ever they undertok, were very unexpert how to behave themselves in Krange Countries, but puely by their Kathers Instructions. When their Ships therefore were unloaden, their wares fold, great sums of Money received, and the Cuikome discharged, they were lusty and focund, as fuch youths commonly be, which have not been accustomed to the handling and use of great treas fure. Into the company of these young men chanced Fortunitus, with whom he fell in acquaintance, shewing each other Friendly countenance en a trange Country, Thefe these happened more=

mozeover into a Kout of other riotous Roilfers, and usually frequented with them, by whom they were son allured to the haunt of Parlots, Wameing, and other riotous demeanour: to that if one had gotten a fair Moman, the other would allay to get a fairer whatsoever it cost him: this life led they the space of half a year, till their money was so waked, that it was time to look to thems selves.

How the two Cyprus Merchants, when their money was confumed, returned to their Country. Chap. 6.

Portunatus had the least spring, so that his well was soon emptied: and the others also were drawn almost dry, and had consumed all that they received of their Mares on sumpruous Banquets and fair women: and then was all the hot Nove foon quenched with a cold purse, though they pertuaded themselves othe wife and had of ten heard that it was scoffingly said unto them, go and fetch more money. In this mean while were the other Merchants of Cyprus, ready to repair homewards, and the Master of the Ship gave warning unto the young men to be in a reas dinels, who went forthwith to their Lodging, to make their accounts with heavy hearts, finding that they had received great dums of Honey: but that which they should have bestowed in Mool, Cloth, Min, Lead, and other Perchandife, they had confumed on English Beer, relicate Fare, and Momens flest. And notwichstanding, though they were now but bare Werchanis, jet tok they ship with the rest; and came home without Wares. But how they were entertained of their Father at their return, let them læ thereto.

How Fortunatus was entertained into Service, and how one Andrew a wicked variet brought Fortunatus's Master to great trouble, by Murthering a Gentleman in his house. Chap. 7.

When Fortunatus was now also clean moners lets, he bethought himself, that if he might get two or three Crowns, he would go into France, there to get him a Malker: so went he to his Love. requiring her to lend him a Kival-or rv. Shils lings, laying, that he would go into Flanders to his Tincle, to fetch 4000 Crowns, which he had in his Cuitody, before my departure laid he, I would fain make god cher with the. She colds ly answered, saying, giest thou to fetch money ? Bod spied the well, so it be to me no hindzance: whereby he perceived that he had but a cold fuit. to wait for money at her hands: and then tw late thought thus in his mind, if I had my Money again. I would be more wary on whom I bestowed it, and yet once moze tryed her, saying, my best Feloved, send for some Wine, and let us pet dank once together e're we depart. Whereupon the faid to her Paid, go and fetch a pint of Wer, and let the Als brink e're he go. This was the thin thanks that a harlot rendzed him for his coully Courtelie. Fortunatus being thus abanvoned, thought with himself, I must néve serve until I have gained two or three Crowns. So he went to Lumbard-Areet, where was a great res fort, enquiring who was destitute of a Servant. There was a Kich Herchant of Florence, that retained many Servants, who he fet at work in his Wraffick, of him was Fortunatus hired fuz two Crowns a Ponth, which liked him well. Being entertained, he was brought home to his Patter. named Ieronimus Roberti, whom he serves ar the Table very handsomly; whereby he perceived that Fortunatus had been well trained up in civil company; so that in process of time, he sent him to bestow the Merchandize into the Ships, and co receive others that came into the Realm, in which Affairs he behaved himself very well. About the time when Fortunatus served leronimus Roberti. there was a Florentine, named Andrew, the son of a rich Merchant, to whom his Kather had given much Gods, and sent him therewithal to Burdges in Flanders, which he unthriftily in thort time consumed: and being therewith not satisfied, took up also moze Money by Wills of Erchange, mas king his Father beliebe that he would send him many rich Merchandizes. This he used to long, till his Father was able to disburt no more Po? ney, but wailed still to receive the Wlares which he loked for from his Son, which are yet to come. When the unthrifly Warlet had confumed all. and lost his Credit, so that no man would lend. noz give, noz truft him any moze; he pre endeo to return again into Florence to spy out there some old Widow whom he might abule: As he reas velled home, he came into a Nown of France, called Turn, where there lay in Philon a rich Ben. tleman of England, a Citizen of London, which thing when his Holf had declared unto him, he asked if he might speak with the Prisoner - The Holl said, I will bring you thither, but he is so fast im prisoned, that it is pittiful to behold. With Andrew

came to the Prisoner, he spake god English, whereof the Piloner was glad, asking him whe ther he knew one Jeronimus Roberti at London: He answered. I know him right-well, and he is my good friend. Then answered the Prisoner: Good Andrew; would God I might entreat thee to go to London, and require feronimus Roberti to do his best, that I may be delivered; he is my near acquaintance and knoweth my ability, what sever he shall lay out for me, I shall restore it to him threefold. For if thou wouldest do this diligently in my behalf, I will give thee for thy pains five hundred Crowns, and also procure thee a good office. Thou shalt shew my friends also that thou hast spoken with me, and request them to become sureties for me to Feronimus. Andrew made a promise to the Prisoner to deal truly in the matter, and so travelled towards London, where declaring the matter to Jeronimus Roberti, he was well contented, to that he might have for one Crown three: And although he knew the same Andrew to be a lewd Fellow, nevertheless he said unto him, go to his friends, and try if thou canst in the Kings Court provide sureties for me, and then will I be ready to disburif the money. And ew went forth to fearth the Prisoners friends, to whom he declared how the cale frod with him, and that he lap in Philon fait bound. His friends famed little to regard his mi= sery, but willed him to go to the King or his Countel, and thew them thereof, for he went on the Kings Service: When he came to the Court, land could have no redrefs in the matter, he heard lay the King of England had Espouled his Daugh= Iter to the Duke of Borgundy, and that thither he meant presently to send certain Jewels of great wice, the carriage whereof he had committed to k certain Gentleman which has a Wife and Thildzen resident in London. As

As Andrew understood in the Court that such sumptuous Jewels was committed to such a Gens tleman, he increached into his Company, faying That he was certified that the King would lend certain costly sewels to the Duke of Burgundy by him; wherefore he prayed him friendly, if it were lawful, that he would permit him to see them; for sato heel am a Zeweller also: and hearing at Florence that the King made enquiry for the most expert in our faculty, I have Aravelled so far. in hope the King would buy some of me. The plain meaning Bentleman said unto him, stap here a while ill I be dispatched, and then Hall pou go with me, where I will thew them unto pou. Anon after he came again to And ew and took him home to his house, being then Dinners time: Wherefore he laid, we will first Dine, lest my Wife be displeased. So receiving of him Courteous encertainment, when Dinner was done, he carried him to his Chamber, and there opening a fair Armory, brought out of it a Coffer werein were the zewels, which he willed him to view at his pleasure. The Zewels were very pre= cious, amounting to the value of threescore thous sand Crowns, and the moze one beheld them, the fatter they sæined: Andrew praised them greatly, and said, I have yet some, that if they were as well set as these be, would no doubt disgrace some of these. The Gentleman liked-this well, thinking with himself, if he had so could sewels, the King would pet furely bestow more Money. Ardrew said, to morrow shall you dine with me, Ju Jeronimus Roberti his Poule, were swill shew you my Tewels. This liked the Dentleman well. Andrew went incontinently to Jeronimus Roberti, and said I have found our a man in the Court,

pet was frustrate of his purpose, he purposed to sty incontinently. In the mean while that he went to the Gentlemans house, the blod soaked bown through the Boards into the Pall, which when Jeronimus espied, he asked his man from whence came that blod, who ran up to see, and found the god Gentleman slain, hereat they were sore associed, and wit not sor sear what to do.

How Andrew escaping, Jeronius with his retinue were imprisoned for the Murther: Chap. 8.



A sthey flood thus amazed, came the Marlet Andrew, on whom they all cryed, saying, what hast thou done in Surthering this man? He answered, the naugh y knave would have muthered me, hoping to have found costly sewels about me, and therefore I had sever kill then be killed. We fill therefore and make no out-cry,

who I trust will assist me to deliver the Paisoner, and that you should have good suretyship in the Bings Custom house. That liked seronimus well: Andrew faid mozeover, I pray you appoint the Dinner to Morrow somewhat the collier, for I Hall being him with me to dine with us. The nert day brought Andrew the Wan with him: but before they far down as the board, he privily warns ed Jeronimus, that he should not find much talk of the Brisoner. for the matter must be secretly conveyed: they sat down to their Weat and were merry, and lingred fornewhat long, but I-ronimus role from the Board, and went into his Stu-Dy: at the last said Andrew to the Gentleman, came you up with me into my Chamber, and I will shew vou my Jewels: So they went up to gether into a Chamber over the Wall where they Dined, and there Andrew making an offer, as though he would have opened a great Coffer, drew his Unife privily, and flicked the Gentles man that he lunk down, and therewith Kepped unto him and cut his Thzoat, that done he tok from his Thumba Gold King, wherein his Seal was graven, and tok his Keys from his Girdle. and so ran swiftly to the Gentlemans Youse, and faid to his Wife: Mistris, your Husband hath sent me unto you, willing you to fend him the Jewels which he shewed me yesterday, and for a token of truth doth he send you here his Ring and the Keys of his Armory: The woman believing his words, searched nars r wly, but found not the Jewels in none of the thre Armories. Then gave the him the Keps again, and laid; go and them him that we can find none, let him come himself and fetch them where they lye. Andrew being some afraid that he had committed so chameful a Purther, and pet I will cak the Carcals into the privy: and if any enquiry be made for him, say ye, son after Dinner he departed, and fince that we saw him not. So when he had conveyed the dead body into the Wriz by, he halfed night and day to avoid the Country, fearing to stay any where lest he should be pursus ed, and so suffer some rigorous death for his hais nous fact, yea, when he was fled as far as Venice: wherefore he there offered himself to be a Kows er in a Galley that went to Alexandria. Whitee as son as he was arrived, he renounced the Chai-Mian faith, and thereupon was the better esteems ed, and take from the danger of the nurther, als though he had flain an hundred Christians. The same vay that the murther was committed, came Fortunatus hame to London, from Sandwich, where he had laven certain Whares of his Haffers into a whip. And when he perceived that he was not To joyfully welcom as he was wont, and that his Hatter, his Companions, and the rest of the Houls hould were not so merep as he had lest them, be mused greatly, and thereupon demanded of the chief Mairen, what had chanced in his absence, that they all thewed such heavy countenance. The discreet Pouswife which her Paster loved well, faid unto him, be not thou troubled Fortunatus, for our Master hath received Letters from Florence, that one of his dearfriends is dead, whom he fo entirely loved as his own Brother: howbeit he was not so near of thin, that it should be requifire to wear Bourning-Garments for him.

Fortunatus hearing this, made no moze ato, but Cented also to be forty with them: Powith Gens clemans White focasmuch as her Pusband came not home, neither fent any Wloed to thew the eause of that Cay, marvelled much, and that Pight quieced quieted her felf: but in the Mouning speedily the sent one of her Frien s to the Court to ens quire whether her Pushand were there, or that the King had fent him any other way, when the Kings Counsel heard that enquir was made for him, they wondered that he appeared not in the Court: and when the King also was certified hereof, he commanded a Mestinger fortilvith to go to his Poule, and to fee whether he were there, and had the Jewels about him. For the King comewhar misdeemed of the matter, fearing lest peradventure he were gone away with the sews els: and though he supposed him to be an honest Man, yet thought he it not unlikely that he might be tempted with the great value of his So when every man had asked each Charge. of other, and no man could give certain the folution where that Gentleman was become, the King willed that his Poule thould be incontinently fearthed for the Jewels: When the Wiles man was asked for her Dusband and for the Jewa els, and what he raid at his departure, the ans swering, said, it is now the third day since I saw him, and when he departed, he cold me he went to Dine with one of Florence, and in the ef er-noon he sent one so me with his dignet and his keys, willing me to fend him the Jenels. The Pellenger increover lignified unto me, that he was in the Boule of Terenimus Roberti, where were (as he late) many Jeweis a lo, and that he would confer the one fore with the Liber. So I led him into the Chamber, and Athathele Reps epened the Armory, but the actual eculo we by no means find, to that the man returned unwillingly without them. Then demanded they of her, whether he had any several places The HISTORY

custody. Sohe answered none: for all the chiefest things whereof he maketh account, as Deeds. Netters, Seals, and such like, doth he lay up in the Armory. The Zewels were once there allo, but none at that time, for it they had, I would have sent them unto him. The searchers hears ing this, brake up all the Coffers, Cheds, and Cupboards in the Poute, and yet the Lewels could they not find: whereat the Kings Hellens gers were great actonied, and the Genclewoman erceedingly amazed to see her house so misused. When this was told the King, it grieved him more for the Jewels, then for the Adoney that was bestowed on them, for that although he had Money enough at will, yet could be not have the like Jewels at his Pleature: the King and his Counsel being in this Perplexity, will not what was best to do, but in the end concluded to appres hend leronimus Roberti with all his Family, that they should give an account what was become of the Pan: which was so done the fifth day after the Gentleman was Purthered. So the Shes rist wai ing till Supperstime, entred the Poule, where he found them altogether: namely, the two Masters, the two Servants of Accounce, a Cook, a Borse-kæper, two Paidens, and fortunatus: So that there were in the whole Pine Persons which were all brought to Pisson, and placed every one a part from the other, and eramined where the two Men were bechme? They answered all alike, that presently after Dinner they went their way, and fithence that they neither faw not heard of them. Wut the Sheriff not herewith content took all the keys of the Boule, and narrowly learthed the Stas likes, Sollers, and Warcolfoules, where they

inight have buried the Man, and yet found him not. But as they were departing, one amongst je Searchers, who had a burning Tozch in his and, setting therewithal on fire a handful of Hraw, cast it into the Privy, and so looking down, expied the dead body with the legs upward; and therewith cryed; alass for pitty, the mandyeth here murchered in the Postop. Ahen vzewchep him out, being filthy and foathlom, and laid him openly before feronimus Roberti his vour: when the Cicizens of Convon underkood of rits haincus murther, they make fuch an outery upon the Florentiges and Lumbards, that thep were fain to keep them close in their doules, lest if they were feen abroad, they hould be beaten down by the peovle.

These troings were speedily brought to the King, who commanded to Back the Water and all the rest, whereby the trush might be boulted out, and that their Confessions would be severals ly written, and especially concerning the Jewels. So the Executioner first racked Jeronimus very grievously, enticing him therewithal, to manif fest who committed the murther, and where the Jewels were bestowed. Jeronimus perceiving by the excream pain he was put to, that the king and his Officers had intelligence of the murther commissed in the Poulc. without his knowledge e confent, therefore he was exceeding lovey: And when he law there was no remedy but Patience, he declared how every thing had happened, thew ing that one Andrew had required him to prepare a costly Dinner, figuifying that he should bying a Gentleman to dinner with him, whom he has procured to allif him to veliver a Prisoner that mas in Turn in France which thing (lais le) I dis

for the honour of the King, and the whole Kealm, neither win I of any thing elle. Pow when Dinner was done, I took no regard of them, but went to my fludy to write; and when I had done, coming forth again, I espice blood from ing from the Chamber above, into the Ball, whereat I being aftenied, sent my Hervant to see what it should be, who shewed me as it was. And as it happened, at that very instant came in this Warlet Andrew, to whose charge I late this Murther, who answered, saving, the other would have murchered me, but by Tods help & prevented bis precence, and flew him, and fo cat him into the Parvy: and therewith he fuddenly fled, and where he is become I wot not. The very same in every respect vid all the other aftern, when they were all Kacked Wut Fortunatus confelled nothing, though he were Racked likewise: for he was not in the House when this mischief betided, and therefore was clean ignorant of the matter.

How ferenimus Roberti with all his Family were Hanged, and how Fortunatus hardly escaped. Chap. 9.

When as by all the policies and crirculities they had tried, no farther knowledge earlow be had, the King whathfully incended with and aer, caused them all to be hanged on a new pair of Gallows, and their beau bodies to be fathered thereto with From Chains. Two taken as they operly one after another suffered execution, there remained only as yet alive Fortunius and the Cock. And when fortunatus was now in this persone.

plexity, not knowing otherwise but that he theuso be Vanged also, be chought much himself, be ult Get I had confinued with my Waller the Carl, and luffered my felf partently to be the vite, wender had I not come to this loathforms and vile seater. Tethen the Evok (who was an Englishman) last of all fam Fortunatus theuld be creented, le cryed with a long voice, and reclared before a like pels ple that Fortunatus was altogether innecent, and knowing norting of the matter. While empli by great encrease, and for that he was no tioientine, and also unquility, the Sheriff late unrables, get thee quickly hence, for it then be bound by the way, the Wilmen will furely kill thee. So gave he certain men charge to convey him ever the Water, and fale to conduct him unio the Deas lide.

TEthen Jeronimus with his Family were thus dispatched, the Ding permined his house to be

spoiled: howbeit the Officers had Feathered their Best with the best before. When the Florentines and Lumbards heard say that such havock was made of Jeronimus goods, they were soze afraid both of their lives and goods, though they were in nothing guilty: wherefore they collected among them a great sum of money, which they sent unto the king, to purchase his good will for their safeguard. The king ving much moved with picty, granted them ricense to occupy and Traffick as they did before.

How the Kings Jewels were found under a Bedled in the Gentlewomans house, and delivered to the King again. Chap. 10.

A Free all things were in this fort finished, it bes though the King norwithstanding to make facther enquiry for the Jewels, on the which as be had beite wed much money before, so en conditie on he might pollels them again, he willo be content to have paid for them the second time. conherefore he caused to be published that who sould bring the first cidings of them, would for a Reward have five hundred Warks: this was also proclaimed in other Parious, and Lecters were written to many Princes and Lords of Grange Truncries, that if any came to fell fuch Jewels, they thous be date, and disings sent chereat: How with the companies were beard of them, also though ever, man would gladly have bone theres in wat lay in his power so nely to have got to Agr relaxed. Thus paled therine, till th News for the literative con Francisco

invited her Play-sellows, Gollips, and Peighbours to make good theer with her: Amongit whom was one that lately also had lost her Busband, who said, if you will foll w my advice, I will teach you how you stall soon forger the death of your Husband. Wake your Bed in another Chamber: 02 if you list not so to 00, remove it from one place to another, and when you go to bed, call to your mind some lusty young man, phom you would with to be pour Husband, and say to pour seif, the Dead with the Dead, and the Living with the Living: for so did Aafter my Husbands death. Then sain the Gentlewes man, alass good Playsfellow, but Llovev my Husbang so well, and with so good affection, that I cannot forget him to soon: Howbeit she ears nestly imprinted the Wlords in her mind: and so soon as the Company was gone, the began to res move the Wediteds, Chesis, and Cosseis; so that unawares by one of the Wedsefeet the found ali. tle Coffer wherein were the sewels: which the Benclewoman well knowing, let alive for a while, and nevertheless continued her moving till he had done. After that, the fent for one of her Binimen, to whom the teclared that the had found the Kings Jewels by chance, and charif the had not removed the Wed, they might have lain long enough there unknown, for that home would have sought in such a place for them: so the required his advice how the might Bestow them: Outho bearing that the Jewels were luckity found, greats th resopced, and sato to her: If you desire my Counfel in this case, and will accept well thereof I would with you thus to do: Take the Jewels, and I will go with you to make means to speak with the King himself. and to deliver the Jewels into his own hands, and also

you shall shew him the plain truth, by what chance you found them, referring to his courtefie what reward he will give you; for if the Jewels should be closely imbefeled from the King, it behoveth to carry them into a strange Country to be so'd, where I warrant you he will lay prive wait if any fuch be offered to the Jewellers, and then the King being adverrised thereof, all them that have had to do with then, might loofe both Body and Goods, and the jewels notwith landing thould be restored to him again.

This Countel liked the Woman very well, and to verking her felf in comely Textodows are tire, wend with her Kinkman to the Court, there making earnest suit to speak with the King hims self. The King being aspertified thereof, The was a missed to his prefence in the Chamber of State. Withen the came before the King, the humbly on her innees fair, Wost Gracious Lord, I pour poor Pandenaid, am come to signific unto your watelly, that the Jewels which were committed into mu Pusband your Serbant, to be delivered unto the Durches of Bargundy, are found this day under a Beoifed, as I by chance removed my Ben, and so presently with all speed. I have made hat to present the same unto your Watelly. The Ling foremoth opened the Coker, and found all the Seizels as they ought to be, whereof he was ere reeding glad, and so belivered them into the Achielhouse to be kept. The king then conceived vero well of her diligence, for that the would not hazard them on the Credkof any other, income dinered them with her own ands: and foral much ate as through occasion of the Jewels the had toit her Dusband, he thought in reason that the sould by some means of other be recompensed with a special reward whereby her wrow might be fornewhat reminished: wherefore se contes a

certain lusty and couragious young Gentleman of the Court to be called unto him, to whom he faid I will now request of thee a thing, which I trust thou wilt not beny me. The young Bentles man answered, saying, Gracious Lord, you shall not use such entreaty, but command me what liketh you, and I will be ovedient. With that the King forthwith cent for a Chaplain, and even in his presence did he marry these two together, and bestowed on them rich gifts, who liver forfully one with the other. The Bentlewoman anon after went to her Playsfellow and chanked her greatly for the counsel which the gave her to res move her Peduco, which said she, if I had not done, the King had not enjoyed his Tewels again, neither had a gotten such a fair and luly young man to my Pusband. Therefore Aperceive is is good sometimes to follow a friends advice.

How Fortunatus straying in a Wood, was benighted, and in Danger of his Life. Chap.

II Die return we to shew how Fortunatus fared, Inchence he had escaped Pauging, for where as at his departure he was destitute of money, and befor with peril and vanger, he specially cons heped himself dut of England, and arrived in Pieardy, where he would gladly have ferved, but rould get no Baster. So he went farther, and was come to Brittain, where he alven uring opals through a large wood, was vriven to that ad ay long, and could had no way out. And being bes nighted, he spyed an old Poule, whereas ioine glass had been made, whereof he was glad, inp volung

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volunt to have found some people therein. But when he came thicker there was no creature, no vertheless he caved there all might with critean hunger and thirtis and allo in great fear of the Mid Bealts which there haunted, arecvily long. The for the day, and prayed God to help him cut the Coloon, left he monto perith for want of food. In the mouning he intended to cross the were way out of the Wood, but it chances contrast rivile in the length thereof, to that the farther he-went, the more he traved, and thus wanded he the lecond Day also with much oxief: and tain, and being freble, for that he had received no full enance in two days, dranks thereof with fuch an appeale, that he was thereby comewhat refressed.

As he sat him down by this Fountain, (the Doon thining clear) he heard a great neife in the Mose, as is had ben the arunting of Bears; Lilliperefore is best red his flumps, and coupered Limielf a firtleasive out of sight: and therewirks reviling how he might best thift to be fafe from the force of the Wit of Tealls, he climed up na Ara well freightes with Boughs, not far to m the Fountain, from whence he beheld many forts of This and Savage Weats c ming to Drink. arming them all was a Wear not fully rrown, Phich Winted Forzunscus; and began to c'imb up the tite after him, whereat he was forc af ni: Sub when he was climber as high as he was plus he kasing on a Wengh, brew h s sword, and Kirken the Bear in the cras, and woman often the miser in many places; Exthereuponalistics tion to greenly trevened himself actions have But the bough brake whereou he trace inibia



fell to the Graund. Which Fortunatus perceived the coast clear from all other Withis, take onely the Mear that could now scantly remove himself, he descended than the Arec, and thrust his Sword through kim, a then laying his mouth for the wound, sucked outile warm blood, wherewith he was iomewhat refreshed, and lay down and depubly the Bear until mix ting.

How the Lady Fortune gave to Fertunatus a Purse that never wanted money Chap. 11.

so Cenas he awaked, he faw amount efore Inin a Fairand Poéanciful Toloman and ed ever the eyes. Taberfore be praised and Fhanken Bod revoils, that yet he beheld some marchine more is Weath. Und to the Teleman kerate reflecely thee Avcer villegin for the labs of the time, that I may come out of this come, the tarbe chieve and that I have here the



famly wandered without any meat, and herewith beclared to her also what had chanced concerns ing the Wear. Then demanded the of him, faying, Df what Country art thou, and what moved the to come hicker? De answered, I am of the Lile of Cyprus, and poverty hath constrained me to wanver: Toxee not greatly whether, until such time as Go: (when it pleaseth him) thall provide for me a competent living.

The fair; Fear not Fortunatus, for I am Lady For-*nue, and by the influence of the Heavens, Stars, & Plauets; are given me Six Powers, which I may bestow on one or more, for a long time, or thort space, according to the government of the Celestial Planets, and the perm'ssion of the Almighty God. The which are, namely-Wisdom, Riches, Strength. Health, Beauty, and Long Life: Choose one of these fix and make no long musing, for the hour of choice is near hand Palt, I was lent by the Divine power, to bellow one of these worldly Gifts on thee, which thy affection doth mo t defive Fortunagus took

no long deliberation of the matter, but said, then I kente of Kiches luch plenty that I may not lack to long as A live: Willich that, fourhwith he gave unco him a Pourse, and said, lacceive this same of me, and in what Country frever thou art, as often as thou putell thy hand into it thou thate draw forth ten peices of Gold of the fame Pations Copn. And this Purse thall recain this vertue-dureing the life of thee, and of thine cum Chilozen, whosoever Hall poiles ic, eicher thou, the childien of any other; but no longer after your Deaths: therefore eiteem it accordingly, and take

special care thereof.

When latoforeunatus, Might courteous and bouns tifullady, fozalmuch as you have freely bellowed such an incomparable Lewel on ine, reasonwould that Falso be bound to do something for your sake lest that this worthy benefit in time flip out of my remembrance. She answered him teniurily, saps ing, If thou have a chosen Wilsom indead of Wehes, then wonder not have been forareful to pield recompence where it is not deserbed; for knowed thou not, that I am guided by the linger of the Dunipoten. Sove and percently they not that mine even are multied; not legarting whom Nylealure, nor lecing where I bedow Frenger thanks therefore enely proceeds is one, turo the giver of all good gills, to whom thou cand pield na bruse recompliance then elvin riches weelly res eciden, ea dichoused the poor and needy, where, when, and to taken to be experient.

Then bed Born parts, this will k willingly terformulatio unnound of im power, and therewish made a felema bow; that this Wep he would is berniefe keep help, and in these County lieber be were, he would believe on the fame cantens

hundred pieces of Gold of that Pations coyn, we on some warriable Tirgin, in perpetual remembrance how he first visined his exches. When laid the Lady, foile in me, and the led him by chance (as the Wlind-man carrect his walk) overchward the Wood into a bearen way, willing him to fold fom that path, without enraing on the left hand or the right, and that he would not look where the become, neither any moze rruit unto her, Fortung. tus did as the willed him, cravelled speecely till he came out of the Whood; where he elipsed a great house that was an Inc, where men that passes to and fro the wood, ulually refreshed themselves, Wefore he approched the House, he cook the Pute out of his bosoms, to try whether the kedies 1920s mile would prove to effect, that he might have there with to pay his charges; and in putting his hand into the Purle drew out ten Crowns, whereaf he was very glad; and then entered for fully into the Ann, calling presently to the Holf for the best Weat he had, saying, he we I would concent him, for he was very hungry. That tiked the Boil well, and to be furnished the Table with very good fat:,

How Fortunatus for buying certain great Horfes, which an Earl had before prized, was taken Prisoner, and in danger of his Lite. Chapter 12.

Dwwhen Fortunalishad infliciently flacker his hunger and thirt, he retten there was bases to refresh his enough Scomach, and weary limbs, and at his reparture brught of the Post a complear harnels, to the intent he might be the faoner entertained, and to discharging the Post to his full contentment, departed farther. There

was two miles from the Wood a little town, with a Castel, wherein dwele an Garl, which kad jurifoiction of the Mod granted to him by the Duke of Brittian Fortunatus paliting that wap, en= tred the belt Inn of the Down, advasked of the Host, where he knew any good horles to be bought Ale Goff answered, jederday came hi her a Arange Werchaur, with fifteen fair Palfreyes ins tending to sell them at the scalt that the Duke of Britrain doch make to the Kings Daughter of Arragon, among which our Carl hach chosen three of the beir, and hath offered for them three hundled Crowns, but the Marchant remanded twenty more. Fortunatus being tims cer inco. went into his Chamber, and paintly work out of his Purle lir hundzed Crowns, which he put into a Bag, and said to the Holt, where is the Hers, chant with his horses & L wants sain see them. The Post face, Tuelive the Ban will scar. ly let poutee them, for he was very unwilling to hew them unto the Carl. Then faid Fortunatas, If the hazles like me will, I have perhaps somer bup them then the Carl: The Hor impos The hav but jeked in to boding himself, being so simply apparelled, and also a Footeman; per brought he him to the Pople Backer, with whom he cours munea to far, that they were brought fout kno rioden before him. 198 likes wem all well, but meant to buy onclorvote theo chai the Carlhav chapened where the decapit delivered for hem three hundred and twincy Trawns, and willed them to be brought in his Inn. De befanke alla coals danctes and crin tural ure to; them, and requested his Profess produce him some amp Dervicurs, es indam be moment en give gard enteralism. ut. Cliffe & he, was thus thenkiling

was

himself after the bravest manner, the Earl hab incelliaence that he had bought the Portes which he thought to have had, whereat he was areating displeased, and inwardly vered: especially for that be was so disappointed, when as he purpoled to accompany many Roble Cates at the folem wetding Feat. Wherefore in great indignation he fent one of his men unto the Innskeeper, to des mand what manner of man be was, that had for frightfully bought the Horses out of his hands. The Holt faid he knew him not, but that he came into the sinn as a Footman, howbeit.furnished with armour as a Porfe-man requiring me to procure Portes for him, and promifed therefore aladiv to content me, But after he had once dinned withome, I liked him to well, that except be had paved me for the first. I would not have crusted him for the second least he should have bequiled me. Then fair the Dervant angerly to the Holt. Wherefore would pou feem to wain him to the PorfeseThe Annskeeper authores, therein have A done as every honeit bott ough, to do for his Gueff in such a case. And although he required me to do with him to theapen such fair Works, re-I thought him fram able to buy filly Aftes.

How Fortunatus was taken prisoner, and strately examined concerning the purse: Chap 13.

The forwant returning with this artwer to the Carl, who being informed that he was nowens cleman, commanded his menin a great rage, to lap hands on him, faing. That he had furely committed fome great kiedlery, or muricero fome man. The fervants executed his Commandment,

vencloses him in a locissome Prison, asking, whence, and what he wase

Pe answered, I was been in a Town of Cyprus, called samagosta, and I am the Son of a peox

Gendeman.

Then asked the Garl by what means he not so much mony. De said my mone, is my own, trus ly gotten, and therefore struct roughousur will not rivozoully enforce me to recount from whence I havit : but if any man camp, be by day that Thave done wrong to any Creature, or come untruly by it, I hall willingly Band locky Law and mercy. To thir, fair the Garl, thy practing will not avail thee, but then that cre even repair confils from whence and how thou hait avidued this money; with that caused they him to be brought to the Wack; when Fortunatus law how extreamly be should be real withal be was fore as fraid, howbeit he purpoled rather to Wye, rurato open the secret Acreses of his Puris: When he was kacked, and felt the greinous Plangs and Morments thereot, he coped to them to include him, and promifed to interwhat foever they with o ask. Then being again temanded both he came by so many fair Crowns, be faith After thave wandred three dayes long in the woo , and with head; ado at length came our into the Fields, I fource a Porfe wherein where fix hundred and Ten Crownes: When asked the Garl where is that Pourle ? fortunates kaid, when I had told the Money Types it in my own Big, and cast the Purse in o the River that remneth by the word The Carl Luiv, Alban Harlet will river solo me of that is inine ? thou wall understand, that both the Bedy and Cooks are figleless rise to me, foral nuch as whateever is in the Winca is wine own. When faid fortunates: Gratious o.d. I will not of your jurifdiction therein, for I thanke I God-

therefore, esteemed it as a gist and thinkest thousand the Earl, this to be sufficient excuse for thee? Direct coon never hear lay, that he which is in natant muit ask ? Therefore to be thoat, prepare thy felf, tor to Day will A take from thee thy Goods, and to Borrow thy life.

Then thought Fortunaeus with himself, Piseras blewietch that I am, how uncircumspect was I, having the free election of his Gilles, that I ch le not Wildom befoze the, rest for then A had not fallen into this danger and thealdom. And then he craved for mercy faing: O grations Lord, have compassion on the poor wandering wight, and seek not my death which will nothing avail you. Take unto you the goods found, which be yours, and spare me my Life which God hath lent me, and I will evermore pray tru-

ly for your good estate.

AtheCarl was very leath to pardon him because he feared left he might make id report of his ris gour where he thould become, which might turn to his repreach among other Poble-states, they hearing thereof: Potwithstanding he being mobed to mercy by the intreaty of his Men, granis ed him his Aise, but bereft him of all his Goods, saving onely the Harnels; which he rendzed to him again with a Trawn also in his Purse: tim Earl nuzeover in the moming before day, commanded his spen to bring him without the Wown, and there cotake an Darh of him, that he Hould never again come into his Jurisolation, is long as he kived: Fortunatus inwaedly kiefapoen rhat he had to well escaped, for if the Garl had but known the Truth, must likely behavbier wrese of his most Precions Parte ? Afer this came Fortunatus to Angiers, which is the chief town of Bentain, fitualed by the Ben-Toft, where then lapger many Lords and Poble Edaies, abiding

the coming of the Dutches, whom they purpoled comelcome with all kind of martial Bames, vans eing, Makking, and other such criumphant Pals times, Of this was Fortunatus very glab : and bes ing refirous to advance himself among them, theught thus with hinfelf, if A would be in all prints as Imight if Ilit, peradocuture & Coula

be fervenas I was lately by the Carl.

Boudeit he adventured per ence again to buy three fair Porfes with coff furniture, and liver evo Servants, cloathing both them, and kinnelf presently in exim apparel, and so lodged in the best Fine of Angiers, there meaning to wait the Durches coming, and to receive her in the conspany of other Seudemen. So the Dutches being landed, was met by many Nobles and great Co states, and so conveyed to Anglers, where the Duke belo a great Featt bez the space of the Weeksand three vares.

How Fortimatus entertained an Irifo Centleman to be his Guide and Companion in travelling. Chap. 14.

Portumeus delighted in the Company of luch links (Vallance and with the Carlo of many ludy Gallants, and with the fight of many fumplious thews, aled very often romo and come to the Court with his goodly bugles and his chur wen, teaving nothing enghr worth behind firm in the Fra : Which the Processilikes, feralmuco s he know him not, fearing real he would give oin the Rip, and frame him in the lurch for his charges, as others had bone at the like Featt bee toge time; therefore fair he unto Fortunatus, Grove Friend (Kichence zhave to final Lacquaintaire Lift) jour as pauknow) spar paulee me be viicharaed or that you have have been Way, before you is

50

faid to the Poat, A mean not to depart without contenting you to the uttermost, and for a sufficient Ententing you to the uttermost, and for a sufficient Mestermony to sailste thy mind, take here of me these hundred Trowns, and when thou thinks est that A or mine that come with me have spent the value thereof, tell it me and A will give the more, neither will A look for any draight account of thee: The Vost received the money, and after that much more redecently escenced of Fortunatus withing his Bones alwairs when he paled by; secting him in the worthy cit Booms at the Nahe, with the best, and placed him in a fairer Chams ber then he had before.

As Forcumens fat at the board with many No.23, thicher refored several sous of Dustians to make Sixth and Patience for Doney: Amongst whom came before them a licky Din Yan, vectaring unsolven his Poverty: and said moreover, Ahar he was a Gentleman of Ireland, and that in some years space he had travelled throughout ten on pieces, and twenty Lingdoms, whereby said he, sam deficen the this Povor Chate, and there with your some sous Liberality towards my Charges, wo pals home into my Country: A certain Carl string at the Moarn, willed him to name all the

Tomiries through which he had palled.

The old Seatleman div as he was requested early and at large: and laid fur hermore, Where is feth of the Cingrams but hath allo as the lead three so isn' Workes under it, before other Carls and Lods, both Spiritual and Wemporal: All these have Fleen, which have every one their proper Kanguage, whe cof Alearned so much, as it need been, Acuto copress my mind in any

of them. I have mozeover in writing, the name of every King that then Reigned when I was in his Court, and the true tistance of every kings dom from the other: The Carl faid, would Gaa I had been with thee every where, to I were here again as I am, and therewith gave him four Crowns, and offered him also if he would fray there willit the Fealt lasted, to pay sortis Charges; The Gentleman greatly thanked him for his Gift and genile proffer, and said, he much longed to fee his triends and native Country, and therefore was leath any longer to flay. Fortmatus had given good ear to the talk of the old Cens cleman, and thought in his mind, if I might have him to guide me through Arange Countries, I would richly reward him. So preferriv after Winner he fent for the Gentleman, and asken his name, who answered I am cailed Leopoldus. Tien sato Fortuatus, Aperceive even now by your wer s that yeu have wanded thosowsout mair Couns tris and bingsoms, I am a Poungsman, carnekty tisposed to pals my youth in Mravel, for experience and Wildom, if they therefore will vouc, lave to be my Buive and Companion, I will give thee a goodly hopse for thy self, and another for thy Bau whome I will mantain to accend on thee, allows ing you will with reason spend, and will efficent time as my Erother.

Thu faid Leopoldus, I could be right well constent to enjoy such convictus Concreamment, but alas, A am ito, and have a Whife and Cityzen, that know not what is become of me, and therestore natural love compel me to recurn home as eain.

Then said Fortunatus, if theu wilt agree to su's fill my request, I like wife faithfully promise thee

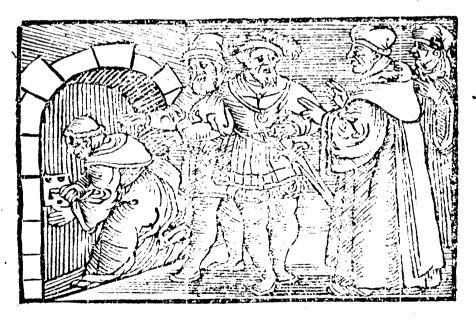
that I will go with thee also into Ireland. and will moreover endow thy left, thy Wille, and thy Chiloren (if they be alive) with Kiches sufficient, if our journey speed well, and that we man safely return to Famagona (char speed) in the file of Cypros) and I will there provide thee a Houle, Nenservants and Pattens, and all other chings theesalfary enring thy life, if thou lift there to trans

Leopoldus thought with himself, this pounty man promiseth me very much, and if he he able to perform it accordingly, it salesh out luckily so; me in mp old age: and therewith said to Fortunatus, I am content to grant your request, so sar as pour accomplish your promise. But I would not will you to take upon you such a matter, crescept you have so much ready money as shall be require, say travel requireth installs charges, it we look to be well encreased.

Then his Fortunatus; for money care thou not. For in every Country car I get enough. We cons tent therefore to promife that thou will remain with me to my full journeys end. We faid again: Manmile you meally to give me that you begin 🧽 ed: Thus via they faithfully bow, the one notice fortake the other, what banger for bir might be five: Wigen they were thus both agreed, Fortinatus gave to Leopoldus tino hundred Craimis. ing. Do and buy then fate Postes, and hire inc a ferbane, or if thou lit a couple, and when this money is theme, I kill give thee more: Loopaleas thinking this a good beginning chimilico himself lucily with a Posse and a Han. Albert Mrs biv Fortunatus alfa, and took with him bu ruo Dervants and a Page: to that they were in all lie persons. When agreed they upon the gelis of their Fourney, becermining first to travel aver

the whole Empire of Rome, and so took their ner way by Peremberge, Clay, Aushuig, Porlingen, Aushuig, Porlingen, Alme, Emukance, Bakt, Dirasburg, Pency, Coun, and so from Solen to Bruges in Flansters, and from thence to London in Eugland, which is the chief Cicy of the Realm, and so nere to Toenhorough, the head City in Scotland, which is nine days jurincy from London.

How Fortunates accompanied his man home, where they went together to St. Patricks Purgatory. Chap. 15.



A Dawien they were there, they had per there dus divels: Willen they were actived in London, leopoldus requested his Dance to go with him to his Boule, which was in a Mountailed Waldrink: where at his return he found his Talife a id Chile

were as be had left them, faving that one of his Daughters were marcies, which all were gian. of his coming. And whereas foremanus confiders enithms Leopoldus had no more Provision their was needful for his Pourboute, be gave bim an hunbred Crowns to ordain all things after the most sumprious manner, against he should come w make good cheer with him. Telherefore Leopoldus made Provision of great plenty of certaic Cliquais, and bad his Chilozen with their Dusvanos and Alieus, and many other friends and Peighbours to accompany his Usader at that Feat. So there was kept frich boundful Polpicality for that time, that all the countared the

vetter for him.

Fortunatus after the lead was ended, called un. to bin Leopoldu, and faid, then must now again take thy leave of the Wife and Dollszen, where fore receive here of me three Purles, in each el them is the hundred Crowns, whereaf chou halt give one to thy Wlife, another to thy Son, and the third cothy Daughter for a farewel, that they may have sufficient whereby to live when the uart gone: Leopoldus greatly thanked him fuz his libe ral Gifes, and therewith made his wife and Differen erceeding glad. Fortunatus underikan ing that two Davs Journey from thence was Do Patricks Purgatory, he was very defireus to ice the fame: Whereupon they rode unto the Cin Vernecks, wherein is an Abbey, and there believe the elevin the Church is a door, within the would tha ocep back hole, the fame do men call Dive-Meks thungatory: but nove may go into it will whic directs of the Abbot: Inherenpon Leopollis Sheafned teams of him, of whom he was demands erof what Course his Batter was a beautive?

ed, of the Me of Cyprus: Whereupon the Abs bot inviced fortunatus to vinner, which pleased kin well. So at his coming he prefented the Albot with a Mellel of the best with the could get: the Abbot picked unto him great thanks, for in that Country they selvom use any Wine, except it he in Ministring the Bacrament. When the Dinner mas finished, Fortonetus faid unto the Abb.t: Way it please your Bonour to let me understand upon what eccasion this hole first was named at. Patricks Purgalopo & Who Mbot ausmered, sa & ing, many hundred rears lithence was this Cown and this Abbey a relative Willsernell, and not far from it divele an Abbot called Patrick, who

was a very devine man.

We often ames reforting to this Welard, to to some work of pendance, one vay by chance found this long and cop hate, into the which he went so far, that he could not return; with that he fell on his knees, paging unto God instancly, that (if is were his pleasure) he would deliver him our of that each Hungeon: whilst be thus few mip praved, it feemed to him that he heard recentiver off a pi ious cro. In the mean white invoculy be was delivered one of the Wole: wherefore he i ?= fully prairing the Lord for his me.cy, went again into the Cleiker, and became moze cevour vien ever he was before. And to in perpetual memos ry of this chance; was rhis Alby Linil ed by des bout men. Fortmarns then asken farther what the Pilgrins repones that came thence entagain. Tha Abbot faid, Fleidem engure of them; but some say, they have beard a putful leverking; o= the srepart they have neither feen nor heard any thing at all, but that they have been fore afract. Aben faid Forrtunatus, Jamesame from far Couns 30 A

tries to this place, and if I should return home without some certain tryal of such a Monument in my own person, is sould be a reproach to me: therefore will A not go hence till I have been in the hole. Then faid the Abbot, if you will needs advenure, beware jou go not too far in, for phere be many by ways wherein you may go as aray, as many others have done in my time, which have not been found till three rays after. Fortunatus asked of Leopoldus whether he wants aspenture in with him. He fair, yea: A will go incoand place with pen to leng as God spares 116 life. What liked Fortunatus En II: who empon they receiving the Boly Sacrament, on the moreous the Priestler them in, blessed them, and thus the door after them.

There they wandering in the vark, at the length wit not to as backward or forward, for they folk mine adjan; neither could they heare the calling of the Brief in the morning, whereon they trunks, and they be dier atventured, thus they not him his high, who cohely chemishes, and being very Phili arrand faint, they wholy required of all fuccor, knd breaken their lives, they fat down as men koploan, mether tearing nor feeing any ching at all, and therewich made their hundle prayers up to Geographing, Almighty Lord allied us bold thy Mower, by dome means reather, for in this to chismiden neither office nor Gould can only s anall, exclude we have it as will, but in a excent is one exust. The driet in the meanibile houth to lined the Abbot, that the Billy ima were trues yer come but again, whereaf he was bere forces expecially because of Formulatus, who have prefered lik to liberally Albe Dervants allose the Div marched continually, and greatly lamented for

their Masters: but the Abbot notwishstanding remembred it nielf of an Dlo Ban, who many Pears before had measured the Bole with a Cord. for him he fent, and requested i in to try whether he could bying forth the men The verbants also promifed him an hundred Crownes for his pains. The old man fais, it they be see alive, I thall furely bring them forth, and everewith prepared a Duscall Indrument, plaved on ic, and so pals sed from one hole to the other, until he had found them, being very feeble and faint: whom he willed to take hold of him, and to follow the found of his Justrument, as the blind felloweth his guide Do by the help of Cor, and the old Wans assurance, eame they again to the light, where f the Abbox was very glad; for he leaved if these twoldilgrims had been fall, that no more within have reforced thicker, whereby he and his Covent Bould fare the walls. The men alfo told bottom. tus that they hav premised as hundred Comms to the old span for fearthing them out, which he forthwith delivered with great thanks : Drognains ed also a sumpenous Dinner, wherein he invited the Abbor and his Machaen, clanking God for his deliberance, one of a great danger. The gape also unco them for a sai well, sive himored Craims, to the intent they mould pray for his pipsperous success. Ahen sook it epitheti karent the Abbut, and from followers in are unpliffs their purpose of unappravelled inchem never way to Callie, and thom thence in the Jossia Picardy, and to by Paris through France. Spain, Nogles, add Rome, urico Venice.

How Fortunatus went to Constantineple, to the Coronation of the young Emperor: Chap 15



Hen they were come to Venice, they heard say that the Emperour of Constantinople would have his son Crowned Emperor, and for that he was himself very clathe would vield up ruto hin the while Ausporicy and jurisoiction of the Coupire: for the term of both their lives: nehereupon the Venerians appoputes a worthinkel Emballavor topals to the pound Emperor in a Galley, and to veliver unto him certain femels fent in token of graculation from them Fortunatus therefore varyained with the Waster of the Waller. fathat he had his men palled thereta to Constancia hople, which is a great and famous Ci p. Thicker mere adembled such a mumber of people of the vers nations, that there was very haroly a m Longing which is and although the Venetian

had assigned a Poule for their use, yet would they admit no stranger under them: so that Fortunatus and his Pen seeking long for a Lodging, at the fast they chanced on one (such as it was)where of the Post was a Thief. There continued they a great while, going every day touch to see the Triumphs and Loyaities of the Emperous

Court, whereaf much might be written.

Fortunatus always when he wene abread, caufea his Chamber door to be fait I ched, supposing then all things to be safe. But the Pour had a mivy entrance into the Chamber, where the greats ed beditead was, through the feeting, whereout he had taken a beard, and fer it in again that none might perceive ic, and there entred he in and one whin he liked: And when they were all abroad, be would fearch the Hales and Budgets, and could find no mency. Therefore he frinking of likelihood that they carried their money with them lowed in their Doublets; when as they reckoued with him tor their charges, he marked viligents ly from whence they took the mines, and perceis ben that Fortunatus tock it from under the Wable. gave it to Leodoid's, who payed the half, abating no penny; for to he was willed alwars to do. If the God was not therewith con ent, but would gladly also have has both the Onney and the Poirte. About this time was the day at hacd Wherein he-had benied in mesical of Lags Fortudes Etle, to beston four hundres pieces ef Gold towards the Partiture of tome poor Watten's Wherefore he asked of the Polit, whether he knew any poor hone towar elas had a Wanghur marriagrable, and was not able to below her loz lack of alillip: fuch a me, fact he, honing unis me, and I will bestow largely en her to prefet

her Warrfage. The host said, of such you may bave plenty, and to morrow A will bring you an honest man, who shall bring with him a modest and comby maisen: Alis liked Fortunatus very mell. But then thought the Hox with himself. this Right will Frob him of his money before te bestow it. So the same Night did he convey himself into their Chamber through the seeling, when they were all adeep, and fearched their Cloaths, supposing to have found great sums of money in their Doublets, but therein he was faully deceived; howbest out of Leopoldus purse he took forty Duckets, and handled Fortunass purfe on the outshoe also: but when he feld no money therein, he call it under the bedder, runich when he had vone, he weat forth, and fer open the hour and the Winnows, as though some france this ves

had been there.

Wilher Leopoldus awaked, and law the wire dows and boor open, he rebuked the man for their nealigence, but the ferbants being fast affect, Karted up swedenly half amazed saving that they allo were ignorant thereof. Thich that Leopole dus was greatly alraid, and looked for his lducie. which he perceived to be cut off, and a piece of the Aring handing recat his Girle. Then cale led he to Fortunates laying. Cur Chamber is burst open, and the money which you delivered me is stolen. Fortinams farthwith looker to his Dinbler, and personant ceiving his Fortunate Bu le to be cut away all. he was therewich adonted, that he funk bours in a fusund, as though he were bead. Leopoldis and the orner dervants not knowing of this great dols, rubbed and refreshed him, fright his The rits were revived again. As they were thus al-Tri thred and in great perplexity, in came the Wour,

and let a grim countenance on the matter, asking angerly what ailerh them to be so unquier. They talk bint that they were rabbed or taker maney: then faid he. What careless men are ye? have ye not a dofe Chamber with Lock and Ker? why then die ve not make all things f ft and fure: The, answered, when we went to Bed, we both that the windows and locked the door, but now we find them all open. Then faid the hoft look that we have not one robbed another, and there be also at this present many strangers and lusty fellows in the City, who perhaps had more skill to break into your Chamber then we wot of. Bowbett with he fain them in such sorrowful pliant he asked Fortunatus whether he had told any great sum of Honey. He said, not much. Then said the Host, Why then do you fo take on and desquiet your self for a little Money ? vellerday you would have beflowed a poor Mans Daughter in Marriage: space now the Money and bellow it on vour felf. Then faid Fortunatus, I care more for the Purse than for the money, for there is in it a Bill of Exchange of great importance, which can profit none but my felf. Wilher the Hoft faw that Fortunatus was so sad and heavy for his Purke (though he was a desperate and hard-hearted fellow) per was he moved with some compation; laping: Lecusyer fearch narrowly about the Chamber, perchance we may find it, for no Thief regardeth an empty Purica With that every man began to fearth, and one of them creeping under the Weddieau, wind the Purfe, and thence in Fortunions, who presently knew the fame; but you leaved greated be a coat by the cutting it had I it is vertue, which he face linger to keem, for turn not as jet make upal in his fight: for he millrend evide mout, that If any had known our quality of in little, they in his have murcher a fin for it. kep he down in his Ason egain, and puny under

the covering put his hand in the Purle, and found that it had recained will the verine it had before: whereof he was exceeding glad. Powbeit he was so soze affrighted with fear, and besso with ans ger and forrow before, that he could not to foon perfectly recover again his former strength and colour, but remaining so in his bed all that car. Leopoldus came to comfort him, saying, God Die pluck up your lively spirits, and be content, me have left fair Portes, Chains, and Kings of Gold, and other Teviels: to although we have no mos ney, we will fell all these things, and by Gods help being pou tale home again: for I have fu t often passed many Countries with cut mony. For Leopoldus thought in his mind that Fortunatus had Riches sufficient at home, if he might attain this thet. But Fortunatus antwered faintly, and faid he that inseth goods inseth understanding: Wills dom is to be chosen befoze Riches: also Bealth, Strength, Weauty and long Life, can no man Meal: and therewith held his peace. Leopoldus wift not what he meant by these affectionate mords, neither knew be which he has chosen of all thefe gif s. And improfing that fuch suoden pallions preceded of the lightness and dilture bance of his head, was no farther inquilitive to know his meaning. Powbeit after a while, Fortunatus being with warm meat refeeshed, his cofour was recozed, and began to be merry again, commanding his Servants to provide Caudics to keep lixby in the Chamber all the night long, and that they should have their naked Swody ready drawn by them, to prevent the like attempt of Thieves. In the morning, went Fortunatus with his men into the Church of Sephia, and there gave to the Prioris ten weees of Gold, that they ibon d

in our Lavies Chappel, which was fair and sumps tuous,, cause a Scrmon to be made, and Te Deum to be fiving to the praise of Gov. From whence went he to the place where Merchants and Exchangers resorted, and willed all his men to go home to tend the Holles, and prepare their Dinner: and delivered to Leopoldus certain mos ney to buy five Purles, saying I will go to my Erchanger to take up some money, of which we may not in any case be long destitute. When Leopoldus had bought the Purlis, Fortunatus put in one of them an Hundled Duckais, which he delivered to reopoldus to be distursed up in ordis nary expences. De gave also to each of his three men a Purse with ten Duckats therein and said be Perry and Wille, take good heed that no such ranger befall unto is, as hath of late hapened. They all thanked him, and promised their dille gens and careful fervice to their uttermolf pewer. Demszeover put keur hundzen Duckats into the kitch Pucie, sending for the Boa, to whom he sato, do I pray as I requeded, concerning some poor mans Daughter, on whom I purpole to beltow liberated coward his marriage. The Well laid, I will bying unto you a man with his Daughter, that you may see them. Thich that he went to the poor man, and telo him he had a rich quelt, take (faid he) your Daughter with you and go with me and thou that the how well the matter that! fall out for your commotive as I will.

How

How Fortunatus bestowed four hundred Duck. ats towards the Marriage of a poor Maiden, Chap. 173

The HISTORY

The Paidens Father was a Joyner, an honest and homely Felkin, who said to the Hoft, I mould be leath to bring my Daughter any where abzoad, I wot not to whom, least she should be abused and lose her Uirginity, which is the chickeff Jewel that the hath to make her fit for a Huls band. Therefize tell the Gendleman, if he mean to do her any good, that if it please him, he may come hither to see her. Beneat was the Wast diff pleased, and declaring his meaurecous auswer, kupposed that Portunatus Mould be therewith of: fended allo. Usut he took it in good part, and was well content, and taking Leopoldus with him, willed the host to bring him to the mans house, co whom he faid. Adv Wost here bath given me to unvertiand that thou hast a fair Daughter. which is at Momans Sate, let her come unto me with her Mother. He asked for what intent? Perhaps faid Fortunatus, more for thy commedity then than worth of. Witch that the Poor Mai called for his Wife and his Daugh er, which mere allianced of their homely apparel, especiale ty che bathful Spaiden, which havered liebing her Mothers back: Wimbelt the was both fair and well favoured; to whom Fortunatus laid, Rand frich lair Ulrain before me, and be not abalica-When asked he her Father of her age, who faid the is full twenty years old. Then law he, who have peu kept for so long unmarried ? to which the Bother made quick speed to answer before ter laurband, faring, the was tall and old enough

hir years agon, but we wanted ability to marry her. Then said Fortunatus, if I would bestow on her a large Dowry, could you forthwich find out a Pushand fit for her ? Then said the Hos ther, our neighbour bath a Son who beareth uns to her good will, who I know but only for want of Wealth would take her to be his Wife. Then sisked he the maizen how the like of her Meighbours Son? the answered, I will in no case make my own choice, though I thould die without a Hufband, but whom my Father and Mother will appoint unto me. the same will I have: Wilth that the Mother could not stay from speaking, and said: I know the saith not as the thinketh, and I am cercain the loveth him, and would fain have him before any other. Fortunatus then lending for the youngeman, whim at the first fight he like very wel, poured out of a Purle four hit died Duckars upon the Table befoze them: and fato to the young man, who was luc thicty years old will then be content to Wicd this Main ? and to the Maio he said, art thou willing to have this Man for thy Husband, and I am ellpoled to give you freely this little Diney for a Dowry? Then answered the young man, laying, if you mean good earnest, and indeed will perform your promise, f.2 my part we that I be foon agreed. The Mother without further pauling offered her konsent, and satu, then doth my Daughter likewise agree thetes to: Whermin Fortunatus forthwith sent for a Priest, and caused them to be Married in the pres lence of their Parents, and after the Barriage; was finished, he gave unto them the money which he had brought only for that purpele. He gave allo to the Father ten Duckais to cloath fint and his Wille, and ten Duckats moze to keep the · SISais

Marriage Fealt: whereof they were all glad, thanking greatly fortunatus, and praised God for their good fortune, saying among them, God hath surely sent this man from Peaven to help the 1102.

After this they went again to their Inn, but Leopoldus marvelled that his Master was so lives ral to give Doney so lightly, whereas before he was to sad for a little Money that he had loft. The Holf likewise was arieved that he could not find the Wurle with the four hundred Duckats, when as he fearched to narrowly: and therefore thought thus with himself, suhence he hath so much to give away, I must needs empty his Pourse once again: We therefore knowing that they had a Aaper of War to burn all night, when they were all home forth to the Court, brake pil vily into the Chamber, made holes in the Taper, poured in Water, and stopped them elose that it fould not be perecived: so that when it had burnt two or three hours, it sould quench and go out of itlelf. So foralmuch as the Emperours fealt mas nigh ended, when as he knew Fortunatus would depart, he determined the same night to rob his queit again. Wherefore he provided for them against they came from the Court, the best Whine that he could get, and gave it them of his sion free cast to drink, to the intent they should seev the founder. So when they had made good chear, and were laid down to rest, the Aaper burning, and their naked Swords lying by them, skep fell into a found fleep without care.

How Leopoldus flew the unfaithful Host at Constantinople: Chap 28.



Put the Post lay waiting for his prey, and when Dhe perceived the light to be quenched, he creps through the hole which he had made before, come ing first to Leopoldus, under whose head when he began to grope, Leop Idus therewith subdenip as waked, and with his tharp sowoed that lay ready by him, Ariking about him in the rark, by chance so wounded the thief in the neck, that he fell dead to the ground: Then called Leopoldus anarily to the Agen, and said: Why have you put cut the light? They answered that none of them had dong in Then willed he one of them quickly to go letch a light, and the reit to finno with their Swoods about the Dooz, For faid he. let none go cut, here is a Thief in the Chamber. Wilhen the light came, they found the Wolf beadly wounded, hingly

How

reopoldus bed-stead. When Forttuatus saw that, he was more atraid then ever he was in his life: and faid, Alas that ever we came to Constantinople: it were not much to lose our goods, but now skall we be bereft of our life also: and therewith said to Leopoldus, What a hainous fact half thou committed in flaying our Host; if thou hadst but yet wounded him, by Gods help and money we might have escaped. Leopoldus answeied; it was dark, I wilt not where I smote, nor whom I touched: but my pretence was to strike a Thief that groped under my head; who most like hath robbed is before Therefore if the truth were known why he was flain, we should be in danger neither of Life nor Goods. Then said Fortunatus, it will in no case be believed if we make our Post a Thief: for his friends will not suffer us to escape, neither will money of reason help in this behalf. Fortunatus also in this distress, thought in his mind, if I had a friend whom Idurat truct, to thew him the secrets of my Purse, the ugh we, were imprisoned & declare the truth of the mais ter, perhaps the Judge would be entreated for a great fum of money offered by that friend to spare us our lives, and deliver us: centrarywile he thought again, if I hazard my purle upon Pans Credit it will be so acceptable to him, that rather then he will rectore i. again, inclead of Ariends thip he thall exagerate the caute, laying unto the Judge, that it were a great Came and repreach that Guets murchering their Hott should escape anyunityer. Taheretoze he concluded by his own reason, that it were not good to trust any man with his Purfe, or with a great fum of Henry, left it sould the sooner work their deurnation: so that he was in a learful perplexity. Withen Leopoldus law his master and his fellow servants so etimayed, he fair unto them: Why stand peu thus eventhing and amazed a no forem will help

when

when a mischief is once done, neither can we restive him again: let us therefore speedily device and take Counsel together with a bold Courage, how we may escape this present danger. Their said Fortunarus, Jeannot evice what is to be done (repenting imwardly again, that he had not chose emissiom instead of kitches) but if then exceptlus eanit give us any good counsel, persoam it with speed: Leopoldus said, then follow me, and do as I bid you, and with Gods help I will bring us all hence without any tanger of body or gods. Tis speech of Leopoldus somewhat revived their spirus.

How Fortunatus and his men conveyed themfelves out of danger from Constantinople: Chap. 29.



T Eopoldus willing them to be filent, and to bide the light, took the dead Colps on his back, and cast it into a deep Estell by the Stable, with the head nownward. It was then about mionialit. so that no koop saw or heard him. Then returns co he to the Chamber and said; I have rid us of this Thief, so that in a great while none can know where he is become. I suppose also that he made no man privy to his attempt: so that it is far uns like to be discreed that we have done ought unto him: therefore be merry again, and pluck up you: hearts. He faid mozeover to the Dervanes: Co speedily and prepare your Hoxses, with white ting, finging, and pleafant communication, and in any cate look that none of you hew a forew In countenance, and we will do the like: then as foon as the pay breaketh we will rive away, fo that we thall be fix miles hence at the least before the Buit shall be milled. Which this Forthnains was conitoxico, and framed himself a pleas fant gelture. When the Horses were readily appointed, they called for Malmsey, which there is very good, and made all merry, with luxy and frolick demeanour: and at their departure gave unto every Maneservant, and Maiden in the house a Duckat. Leopoldus faid, I truit we Mall return within this moneth, and make merry here again. Then Fortunarus took his leave, and said to the Dervants of the house, thank cur Post for his friendly entertainment, and tell him that I would tiave brought a Cup of Malmsep' to his Meolide, hus that I thought rest would do him more good. With that rode they forth of the Door towards Furker, with all speed possible, and took their nert bait in a City called Raropia in the Muckille Empire: in the which was an Officer whole Cearge

charge was to convey all the strange and Chris Kian Perchants, and to give them a Paspoze through the Country. Withkrempon Leopoldus hab= ing former experience thereof, went presently to the Officer and told him, there were fir Pils grims that required a lafe Contact to rive with them. He answered ; you shall be safely conveyed, but I will have of each of you four Crowns, and the Guive must have a Crown a ray, Leopoldus (though he thought it overmuch) made not many words, but gave him the money, and the Mfficer velivered him a Paspozt in wri ing, and sent with him an expert Onive, who conveyed them throughout all Turkey. Fortunatus by this time, having abandoned all decad and care fez his Thievish Bost, behaved himself chearfully, and so rode lattly to the great Aurks Court, and beholding there his erceeding Riches; and the infinite multitude of Souldiers that he continus ally maintained in Garrisons, marvelled at the mightiness and glory of his Empire, and especially to see many Mamelukes and Enemies to Chaistian Religion, which greatly missiked him: and therefore stayed not long there, but went from thence to the great Malachia, wherein was rus ler, Aracola Waidia, and so came to the Kings dom of Wolna, from Wolna, ozderly through Creatia, Dalmatia, the City of Pluda in Huns garia, from Euda to Cracevia in Poland: and so to Coppenhagen in Denmark, to Stockholm m Swecia, to Pargen in Pozwa", to Praque in Bohemia, and to the nert way through the Dukes dom of Sarony to Frankenland, and then to Ausbozough. There met he with certain Pers chants, and accompanying them to Tlenice, paped all their charges. Fortupatus had registred in

We then hired a large house, wherein he has Rowed his Goods, and entertained many more Den-verbants and Anidenis for all purposes, and from thenceforth maintained most stately and fumptuous Pespitality, that of every man be was has in great estimation. Powheir many muleux much marvelled how he had obtained fuch wealth whereas the most knew that he departed in (12)

him that his Fathe: Theodorus, and his Mother

Gratiana were both Dear, wherefore he was very

tream poverty.

Coarp.

How the King of Gprus made a Marriage between Fortunatus and the Lord Nemian's youngest Daughter. Chapter 20.

A Roas foon as he might bring it to pals, he purchased again his Fathers Bouse, and many moze thereto adjouning; all which he cans

ed to be plucked down, and in that place builded a goodly large Pallace, after the bravelt manner, like as he had feen in other Countries. And by the house also he founded a sumptuous Church, and twelve more Poules for twelve Priests to continue in divine Service of God, as ic were a Thaun rocz Cathedral Minister: for the revenues whereof he also allowed yearly fourteen hundled Duckats: that was for every Priest one hundred, and the other two for the Reparation and Dinas ments of the Church. Decemen mozeover to be made in the Amilter three winds, one for his Father, theother for his Mother, whose bones he caused to be violed up, and buried therein, and the third to be referved for himself and his Beirs. Withen all things there finished to his mind, he purpoled to take a wife, which when the Pobis lity and Bentlemen of Cyprus understood, every one which had the fairest Daughters, set them forth to the uttermost shew, by training them up with fine qualities, nurturing them with groot behaviour, and Arimming them in comely and gorgeous attive: Wur amongst all others, not far from Passagosta vinelt an Carl named Loid Nemian, which had three Daughters that were palling fair, whom the ming counselled to bellow one of them onfortunatus, if he might, and offered himfelf also to break the matter if the Barl was so content. Piw the Gall, though he were not very rich, feems ed at the first to make little account of Fortunatus, faying to the King: If he hould be a suitor to any of my Paughters, wan's your Grace advice me to give my confent? for we know he hath no Lands not yearly Revenues; and whereas pers haps he had great firms of ready money, we fee how he hard bestowed it in sungmous Building, mijere= whereof cometh no profit. And albeit he have sufficient stoze pet left, Honey is calual and map soon be consumed and lost, and so may he come to be in Poverty at the end, as his Father did, who sometime was exceeding rich and puissant. When said the Bing to the Earl, I have been cers tified by them which have feen it, that he hath as many Precious Jewels as would buy an Carb dom, and pet will fell none of them, I hear lay also, that he hath travelled through many Pas tions, whereby it is to be pressupposed that he would not have Builded such a gozgeous Pallace, and a Chantry which he hath so endowed with perpetual Rents, except he well knew how to maintain an Gitate agreeable. And therefore if you will do by my countel, you hall (now he is disposed to marry) offer unto him one of your Daughters. And if so be you are willing so to do, Imp felt will do my diligence in first motioning of the matter, not conditing to bring it to pals. For Fortunatus Iknow will do much at my request: and indeed I had rather he should match in a 12% Me Kindred, then with one of the meaner fort. being also unmeet (as to meseemeth) that one of a vale Linage should posses that fair Wallace, and pwell therein: the Carl understanding that Fortunatus was grea ly in the kings favour, faio: for asmuch as Tperceive your Graces pleasure is that A flould give one of my Danghters to Fortunatus, therein I give your Wajelly full power, both of her and my goods: Then said the King, Lord Nemian, send pour three Daughters to my Wife the Ducen, and I will cause them to be gozges oully actived, upon hope that one of them small please him: howbest Twill give him the choice, to take which he best fancisch, I will mozeover OF FORTUNATUS.

bestow all the Charges of the Wedding-Feat. ond look what he requireth moze, that will I verfarm, for that thou half frankly committed both Body and Goods unto me: The Carl humbly thanked his Majesty, and so taking his leave of the king, rode home and declared to the Countels his wife all the matter as it was decreed bes tween the King and him.

The Contels liked of their agreement well. save only that Foreunatus was not noble enough of Wirth, and that the was loath he thould have his free choice: for the loved one of them above the rest, whereof the would in no wife make the Earl vivy. Howbeit the agreed to his will: where= upon the comely addressed them, and appointed a matherly Gen. lewoman to be their Guide, with men and matdens to attend on them, as was meet for their Effate, they were fent unto the Kings Court, where they with their retinue were hondurably received, and were taught the Courteous quife and nurture of the Court, whereof they were not allogether ignorant before. Withen the King thought it most convenient, he sent a Apellenger for Formatus, that he should come to the Court. And albeit he was not certified for what cause he was sent foz, ret he presupposina that it was for no ill intent, specify prepared himself, and rode to the King, of whom he was freely enteria ned.

Then said the King unto him: Forumatus, thou art my Subject and Aam well perswaded of thee. that than wilt have respect un o my counsel, for that I mould be leath to wish thee any evil. I am informed that thou halt huil ed a goodly Bouse and Gected a Church with a Chantry, and that thou art now minoco to marry a Wife: where?

fore A fearing lest thou shouldest take one whom Mibould not well like of, A have bechought me of a wife for thee, by whom the worthinels of thy Linage thall be advanced. Fortunatus answers ed laving, Gracious Lord, truth it is, that I am disposed to marry, and meant to have espres out a wife for my tiking, bur forasmuch as I now perceive that your Grace will vouchfafe to far to debate your Royal Caate, as to provide to favous rably for me, I will no farther feek nor be cares ful, but witi gladly put my whole trust and cons fidence in pour Pateities assignment. When he had this answer of Fortunarus, and was also ailute ed of the Carls assent, who had committed to him his Daughters, he thought in his mind, a Mars riage is here calle to be made, and laid to Fortupatus as ensueth.

Have in my Entrody three fair Ladies, which be all Siders by one Father and one Mother: the Glocit is eighteen years of age, named Germans, the second is seventeen years old, called Marcepla, the third of the second tacketh sour years, whose name is Casandra. I will perint three of these three to have thy chice: therefore advise they whether thou will see them one at eranuther, or view them together. Fortunatus made no long deliberation, but said: My Soveraign-Lord, so thence your Grace granteth me such free choice. Frequire of your Bately that I may see them all three transing together, and hear each of them such.

presently to the Ducen, that the inculo cause her Ladies to be trimed in the best active, for that he would come thicker, and bring a Buckt with him. Then the King thought all thugs were really,

he would have taken Fortunatus alone with him, who entreated the King, laying, if it please your Grace; suffer also this old servant of mine to go with me. The King granted: so took they Leopoldus with them, and came into the Chamber where the Ladies were.

How Fortunatus of three Sisters chose the youngest, named Cassandra, for his Wife; Chap. 21.

The King there atting down with Fortunatus standing by him, called the three Tirgins before his prefence. They Keverently kneeling bes foze him, he willed them to fland up, and said fir I to the eldelf, Tell me Germana, hadir thau lever remain with the Dueen, or with the Garl thy Father, and the Countels thy Lady Wother? She answered, my Soveraign Lord, it is not meet for me to answer that question; and aitho Amight charle, yet would Anot follow my own Fancalie: Luc that your Grace and my Lord and Facher do command, the fame ought I to obey. Then spake te to the second, saying; Marcepia, telk me truly which thou lovest best, the Carl shy Fas ther, of the Countels thy Wother, the I kewife answered, Let your Grace par ion me, foz it is not convenient to give my recolution to this ves mand. I love them both well, and with all my heart: if I loved the one better then the other. I would be forry my, heare the uld know it, and as shamed that my mouth should enfeis it, for A have found in them but as much natural Love and Friendihip, as a Daughter might look for of her Pareurs; then moved the King the roungs ett to fpeak, faring, antwer me Callandra unfeight

edly to this question. If there were here in cur Court a company of noble and worthivful Men and Wlomen preparing to Dance, your Father and Mother Anding by, if one of them lay Aand forth and Dance with them; and the other bid fren aside, and not appear among them, whose commandment would't thou over ? She replyed, favel ing let not your Majesty be offended, your Grace knoweth that I am but young, and that Wit cometh not before Age. Pour Majesty may also consider the affections and desires of Pouth, there, fore it is not for me to disclose my unknown to termination in this doubt, for if I over the onc, I must needs displease the other, which I were necy loath to do. But vet uraed the king further asking if either of them mult needs be done, whom had you rather to please? When said Casfandra, may it please your Highness to grant me a year and a day to deliberate of this quedim, that I may ask counsel of wifer then I am, to nive vou a direct answer. Which that the King realed asking, and troubledthem no moze. Then went the King aside into another Chamber with Fortunatus, and said unto him: Thy desire was to see & thefe three Ladies, and to hear them speak, which I have Mewed thee to the uttermost; now therefore determine with thy self which of them thou thinkest meet to be thy Spoule. Fortunatus answered I like them all so well (my Liege) that I cannot so suddenly advise me which I may choose. Wherefore I befeech your Majelly, to grant me but a little space to confer and consult with my old and trufty Servant Leopoldus therein. The Bing therewith was well concent, and so let him des vart alide to deliberate of the matter.

Then Fortunatus Withdrawing himself into a secret place, said to Lespoldus: Thou halt seen and heard these these three Ladies as well as I,

and foralmuch as I consider that in matters confisting of meer fantacy, reason and right sudas ment be often abandoned by wilful affection? therefore do A first require thy opinion also in this case, before I proceed to farther choice. des firing thee to countel me, even as the cafe mere thine own: Leopoldus being somewhat abashed with this demand, said, Sir, it is not for you to regard my judgement in this point; for many times one Wzother liketh of that which is Difpleasant unto the other, and most often it chance eth that every fingular Pan hath a particular indoment, and that especially in the choice of a Aloman. Therefore your own affection in this case should be more acceptable then any forceion Councel: for that god liking is the rot of found Then said Fortunatus, of all this full well Love. mot. and that I take a Wife for my felf and for no other: but pet would I fain that those shouldest disclose the secrets of thy heart unto me. for thy experience is far greater then mine, to niog the inward disposition by the outward marks and tokens of Physiognomy, which often provers true.

Leopoldus was very loath to move him any way, fearing lest if he did not counsel him as his fancy was before bent, he would therewith he disconstented: Bowbeit thus much he said: Sir, they all three like me very well, and as far as I can guels, they be either siters or sisters Children; neither bo I mark any tokens of unfaithfulness in them: then asked Fortunatus of which of them he thought best? Leopoldus answered. I will not sirst a unsel, neither shall you first chose, lest if I should missike that you best fancied, you might be offended: Therefore take we each of us a visce

The HISTORY

a piece of Paper, and therein let us write beth our minds alunder, you at one end of the Mable. and I at the other: This device liked Fortunatus

well, and to vio both accordingly.

Withen as they had read in each others willing, that Cassandra was of them both fancied moze than therest. Fortunatus was glad that the same liked Leopoldus, which liked him, and Leopoldus also res joyced that he had most preferred the Lady whom his Patter had chosen. Withen Fortunatus had thus determined with himself, with the advice also of Leopoldus, he went again unto the Ling, and said: App Soveraign Lord and king, for asmuch as your Grace hath assigned unto me a choice, which (though it werenot as indeed it is) I quilt to take it in good part, eiteeming my felf not unworthy thereof: I therefore hums bly present unto your Grace my faithful service in all your affairs; and will imploy my whole might and power to recompence your benevos lence. And to latisfie your Pajesty concerning mry determination, I give you now to understand that by your favour and licence, I have chilen Cassandra the youngest sider to be my Spoule, it so it like your Hasely to grant me. The Ring faid thy request is granted, and so sent presently for the Ameen to bring Callandra with her. When the Dueen and Cassandra were come, the King sent for a Wrelate, and caused them to be Warried in continently: Wherewith Castandra was francly well content, fry that the was to suddenly Televi ded without the consent of presence of her Pas. rents, howbeit the king will needs have they Now when the Meding was finished, the Di thers of the Brive, with many other Laties and Urrgins, with courteous Salutations withed une

OFFORTUNATUS.

to her good luck: but yet the two Sister west litterly. Fortunatus demanding the cause of their mourning, comfacted them. laying: be of good thear, lament not at peur Sisters good Founne, lett pan be rather inspected of envicus distain. then commented for natural kindness; here the kelt, and I will ere it be long somewhat case p. it of vour socrow. Witch that he sent feathwith to Pamagolla for the Kewels that he bounde at Venters and gave two of the best to the thing and the Dien, and to the Brite and her two willers each of elemone, which were also very sumpitious, fair, and beautiful: and on every one of the Ducens waiting Laties besti wed he a piece us Zewel allo, for the which they all greatly thanks ed him, and marvelled at his boundful liveralty, The King then fent lor the Carl of Newsan, and the Countels his Wife. Fortunatus imberitands ing thereof, sent Leopoldus together with the Mels sengers, and relivered to him a thousand Ducks ats to give unto the Countels, and willed hinr to say unto her, that her Daughters Buchand had fent her that prefent, that the might come with a chearful Countenance to the Wedting Featt of Callandra, the Countels at the first bearing of this Wellage, was vilplealed, breaule Fors tunatus had chosen the poungest, which she leved more tendedly then the other: litt when Leopoldus had given her the money, her chiller was fun als layed, and her displeasure pacified: So that fie and the Garl prepared themselves with gorgettis attive, and all other comely furniture accordings ly, to go to the Court, where they were received of the timg very Ponourally. Their Longing. also was prepared exceering sumpenently, and it alkking of pilicate Fare they had great p'entip's

The HISTORY

Infomuch that the Carl said to his Wlife; as of ten as we have repaired to this Court, such Hos n ur was never done unto us befoze, wherefoze its thence ou: King is become to gracious unto us, and hath ordained fuch a puillant Pusband for our Daughter, we be much boure to render thanks unto the Dmnipotent God. And as they were all assembled together; the king said unto Fortunatus: now resteth only the Wedding Feat to be ordained, which I mean to have kept in my own Pallace. Then space Fortunatus: 29av it like pour Grace to grant me to much, as that Imap Solemnize the fame at Famagolia in my new Lodging, whe ein was never yet any Artums phant Patrime. The king faid : not lo : lest the Rosd Nemiam and you should be overmuch charge ed. Fortunatus again replyed, saling, no cost, be it never so grent, that neither grudge or grieve me, cherefore I befeech your Bajelty vouchlaft to Ponour my Feat with your own Person, and the prefence of the Queens Grace, and all the Roble a is Atochipful Recinue of your Highnels Court : and aithough perhaps A cannot give sufficient Encertainment in all points correspons denc to the Warthinels of luch Princely and Nos ble efface: per I will undoubtedly to provide, thas there hall be nothing necessary wanting, which money east vecure.

How the King and Queen of Cyprus accompanied the fair Cassandra to Fortunatus's House, where they were bountifully feasted: Chap.

Dunkiful and magnificentproffer, he elimight

to himfelf; I would gladly fer his behaviour, and faid unto him: be it as then halt requelled; and the home before to make preparation, and I will Mostly come with the Incen, thy Father and Wothersin-Law, with thy Spoule, and with all cur retinue. Fortunatus mas ti erest alab thanks ing the King, and laid: Pour Beace Mall not med to tong absent; for in three days & thall be ready for plu: coming. So rede he forthwich to Famagosta, and there made provision as mage ufficently as he could device. After the fourth day, the King came to Fortunatus heufe, with nu small number of noble estaces: where acuse first entrance they were triumphantly received with fundap kinds of Isclody, and mufical Barmany, and with many belectable and pleafant pleivs to delight their senses, the house also being trimly compared, and to gozaecully garnithed, that is was most alozi tis to behelo. Thus contaned they the whole vap, and most part of the night, with feating, banqueit g, and rancing, after the most fumperous manner that might be leviled, until Fortunatus and fair Cassandra were becught to their Chamber: and in like manner cominued the space of tourisen days after. Une no with-Canding the Councis, the Historics Wocher had feen his Royalty, and all things to fampinoully accomplished, lei was nor the fully latistick, be cause kortunatus had na land og peurly tichentus. and to figuified union r Dusband the Carlywho faid: trouble not pour feil ti crewith, for there is no doubt but that he will fullici nel, privice for your Daughter. Ar the next marow went the Bing, eie Carl, and the Conneis, and regards to him that he would align some cer air Dougo suce Collinair, what calimity liever might befall.

Then faid Fortunatus, I have neither Uand, Unide thip, not yearly Revenues; but I will give to her five Thousand Duckats in ready money, wherewith I will put you (my Lozd and Father) in trust, to purchate for her some Mannor-hente with Lands, where you and the thall think mot convenient. Then said the King: I wot well how it is best to do in this matter. Here is the Warl of Lizorn, which is forced of necessity coles a parcel of his Living for ready money: He hath a Caste and a Town three miles hence, called Larganenbo at the Rainbow; the same you may buy of him, with the Title that he bath both of the Land and Deople. So fent they presently for the Carl, who was contented to baraain with them for seven thousand Duckats. Fortunatus there fore without relay told out the money, and the Carl of Legorn concluded with him to 1 icld up all His right, title, interest, and jurisoidion that he had in 02 to the Countillip, Calle, and Town of Legorn unto Cassandra, and never to make nion challenge thereto. When this matter was Throughly accomplished, then was the Council in all points well pleased.

How the King and the Queen departed, and Enturates ordained a new feast for the Citizens: Chap. 23.

mained, should seem redicus, Fortunates of mained three Lewels; the first valued at fix hundred three Lewels; the which the Pobility and Plef Champions of Chivalry should just three days, and he that did best, freely to pushels the says, and he that did best, freely to pushels the layer. The second was worth four hundred Ducks

ats, provided for Squires and Gentlemen. The third prized at two hundred Duckats, appointed for Scrittors and Peomen: for the which, each begree for three days space the uld orderly content; and to him that did best thruld the sewels be frankly ly given. Thus every man extended his manip force to the uttermost tryal, they spent every day three hours in Juding: and the rest of the day,



and great part of the night, they patted metrily in Banquecting, Dancing, Pasking, and other such like Kevels. Pow when this sumptucus Featt, and Ariumphane pattime had continued the space of sourceen Days, the King with all his Arain and retinue would repart, whom Fortunastus, fain would have had to continue longer especially his Father and Nother in Law: but they would in no wife stay, fearing lest through oversmuch cost and charges he might run too far in the Lurch. When the Iking would depart, For-

runatus with all his men brought him on its way: and when he cook his leave of them, he gave great thanks un othe Bing, the Denen, and the Re bility, for that they has to bouchfated to honeur his deleating Feath with their acceptable pus fence, and so recurred home again to Caffandra, After this he prepared per another Featt, tubic ing thereto all the Ci izens, both then Women, and Children; which a to continued eight days, whereby he wan great favour and friendlip of all the Inhabitan s of Famagoda, Walhen that Feat was tikewife enved, he purposed from theacetout tollean a quieclife with fair Cassand a, and in this wife spake to his old servant Leopoldes: Dear friend, according to my promife when 3 builters rerained thee, I will now propole the choice of three things unto thee, wherein then me thy min an r I will lurely perform is accordingly.

again, then will knive ther four fervance to being thee Tearship will be there four fervance to being thee Tearship will be the align thee Tearship will be the align as much maked in the Adult, as that mated that competent living for thee and a fine during the difference of them at lamingoid, a will provide thee a Poule, and allow their pearly in much as that maintain three Derbancs and that where we will not find the expandence of them to the first with me, and have all things that are necessary many particles which thou tikest best, and y will faithful the perform my promise the citizen of them.

Then fard Leopol us; This is much more than is have referred either of Gas or Asan, that fuch handle sith courtelie though be proffered to me in any it was highly and to you as highly to you as highly

thanks as one man may tenter to another.

But as concerning this choice; to rive home as gain, for one of my years, it is very painful and unmeet, and perhays I may dye by the way, yea, though I may come safely home, Ireland being a hard and uncivil Country, where are no good Witnes, noz elicate victuals well prepared, where= to I have been long accustomed, my lite (most like) would be the tooner thozened. And to remain Aill in houshold with you, for me is more unfit: Kor whereas you have now a fair young lutty Mife, many goodly Benilewomen and joliy Fel= lews about you, I being old and feeble, shall be loathsome unto them; toz the behaviou: of old men, is irklome unto the pounger fort. Powbeit Imitrust not pour vertuous dipolition. Therefore if it shall please you, Tespecially request you to buy me a Poule in the City, wherein I may end my life; beleeching you notwichstanding, that I may not be secluded from your sansel, to long as we both live, Fortunatus thereto rielded, not attempting any weighty cause without his advice to long as he lined. He also brught him a house according to his defre, gave him men and maidens, and allowed him for his charges an hundzea Duckats every month. Leopoldus was plad to be free at his own liberty, to eat or drink, rife or go to bed when he litted, and nor bound to any kino of Service. Pivertheless he wene rais ly to the Church, there to sew himself to Fortunatus, and onher his attendants, when need required: Alhereby appeared his ficelity. Alhen Leopoldus had now t ved half a year in his estate, he was taken with a grievous fickness, which when no Phylicians could remedy, foon as the hied, whereof Fortunatus was exceeding forth

feary, consing him to be worthipfully buried in his chai Churc.

How Fortunatus had by his Wife two Sons, the first named Ampodo, the younger Andologia; Chap. 24.

Cortunatus and Cassandra lies Whise, now living I in joyful and happy estate, found lack of no earthly thing but only of Chilozen, for he knew that the ver ue of his Purse would end after his recease, if he have no lawful House of his hade: hawhere he made not his Wrife pr up thereto, but wa ed baily logother with her, that God would make them fruitful. Informach that the Lord bearing the r requels, Collindra was conceived but ha Son, whom they Raphized mich the name ist. Ampedo. Algority after the conceived with civil again, and brought forth another son, which was Chiffened by the name of Andologia. Allus Francius was not a little joylith, that he had now two fair and well proportion Chiloren, whom he and has Counte crained upcarefully, and tenters The loved: hambeit Andologia was or stomer case rate then Ampido, as after it appeared, And als though Fortunary would glaviv have had more Thildren by Cassandra (especially a Daughter of twain also) pet from thence fasthwish the constived no wore by him.

How Fortunatus got leave of Cassandra to go unto the Heathen Nations: Chap. 25.

Cortunatus habitus now lived joyfully with Callandra Awelve Vears, and perlugging with hinself that it was unlikely by though have any more Children, it feemed irksome and grieveus unto him to abide any longer at Famagosta, thetigh he there wanted no pleasant thing of Mecreation and Padime; but purposed to travel among the Peachen, through bech the greater and lesser India, and over all the Mingdoins of Prestor Ichnifo? the which he remanced the good will of Cassandra, and c. lo her, that foralmuch as he had already ranged through one half of the Carin, he was minded to fee the other half also, though be than 'd lose his life thereby. Withen Cassandra heard him so earneally bent to depart so far from her, the las mentably entreated him to beliff from his purpoled Topage, Saying; If you thus without cause will voucheure pour quiecestate, it is no os ther likelyhood, but that you will greatly repent ic. For although heretoface you have pakes thres out most Chelician Da ions in your prubful, strong, and lusty age, yet now you being long accuaomed to a quiet life, may not so well endure to travel in their elver years into the Savage and Peathen Countries, who also he most envious, unfaithful, and tyrannous to all Chaillians: there= fore of my well-beloved Fortunates, of my bear and faithful Spiule, on whom I repole all my vuit, A befeech thee for Gods lake, and the liber thou owell unto me, that naving respect unto the Wife and Chilizen, thou will call out of the mind such dangerous and unneedful travel, and abive fill with us; and if I have vilplealed rou in any thing, or have some ought that milliked you let me understand of it, and I will endeavour to eschew the same: with that the wept bitterly, and thewed her left very forestuful. Then fair Fortunatus, my vear belaved Beviellake, take not the marge to grisbourty. A intend to be buck Chail

small time absent, and when Freduct, from thences forth I will continue with you to long as we both live. Then said Cassandra, If I were sure of peut return, I would patiently abide your teparture: De if pou went elle-where then amongst an unfatchful people that covereth the Wilnor of Chis Rians it Coulo the less grieve me, Then laid Fortunatus, I am so fully mineed to accomplish this journey, that no creature lave God and Death only hall alter my intent: howbeit at my depars ture I will leave you to much ready money, as Mall maintain you and your Chilozen during your lives, though I never come again. When Cassandra perceived that no en reaty would prevail, the faid: wellsbeloved Busband, sithence it cans not be otherwise, I befeech you haden your return, and let not the Love and Faithfulnels which you have hi her thewed, be banished out of your hears. and we will all pray unto the Lord day and night, that pour may have health, peace, and god weat ther, and favour of all them with whom you thall he conversent, and under where power peu shall fall. Then latd F. rematus; God grant your prays es take effect, and I trust to recurn the fooner.

How Fortunatus departed from Cyprus again, to visit more strange Countries: Chap. 25.

Son after, Fortunatus taking leave of his Wife Pand Childen, desiring God to bless them all, veparted in a Ship of his own and lailed to Alexandria; where when they had accained Mence to come on Land, they were demanded who was Mord of the Ship, to whom they answered; that Fortunatus of Famagosta in the Me of Cyprus was the only owner thereof: then required they Form-



natus to be brought unto the Bigs pickence, to prefenca Girennia lim; fer such was the Custom there: And every Deredanca historitarrival at Alexandria, houle give fame present une orbed tils date. Therefige the Teuriters were ready and tiligent to bring him auto the Court: where he willed a Cupheard to be prepared, and therem to bet many fair and could sewe s for the king to behold. Then the Southan came forth and behelo them; he marbel'ed, supposing they were kinght to be fold; and thereupon incuiring the price of them, Fortunatus again cauted to be manted of the Souldan whether they liked him: The wouldan answered, I have not lightly feen fairer, therefore I cannot but like them well sten requelted Portunatus that his Grace monto faite them in grood twosely, for that he would freely give them all into him: when the Bing heard that, he marvelled that one Werchant Gould prefere him

with such a rich gift: for he esteemen them worth 5000 Duckats, which he thought was a luffic. ent Present for the Commonalty and Part of a whole City, such as Venice, Florence, or Genua: Howbeit he would not retule them, but accepted It for a gift, recompensing him with an hundred Warrels of Perpec, which amounted to the value of the Zew. Is. Withen the Factors of Venice, Florence, and Genna, and Catholonia (who wire then at Alexandria) had heard that the King has given unto Fortunitus luch a reward: foralmuch as they abising there consinually, brought commotive unts the Realm, and gave Gifts once or twice a year unto the King, and yet none of them at any time received any remark, great or fmall, they enver Fortunatus. Beates that, he bought all the best Werchandize, not licking at any Price: wherefare they fearing their hindrance, lought to bring Fortymatus in displeasure with the Soudan. Withereuxon they gave unto the Nord Admiral grea: Vifts, to the env he might conceive the worse of Fortunatus, and to descredit him to the King. But Fortunatus having intelligence thereof, gall unto him privily every time to much more then they. This tell our well for the Admiral, mid teak Boney on both Par les, and rectio what If thought good, and was nevertheless friendly uifes Fortunarus: withes that moze such would come und Alex ndria. After Fortunatus hav been there comming behaving himself very Warzshipfuls the King inviced him and the chief Hairers de Sip to Dinner: giving them honourable directalinment, which grieved the Perchants Ateatly. Doon after the Admical divin like man-Recleak them: and then did the Perchants plains ed: for the which they inwardly fretter. Wilhen the time drew nigh that the Stip must needs des narre for the Currom was, that no Wessel micht itav at Alexandria above fix weeks, (whether he hav fold or not.) Fortunatus had appointed another Was troon over his Dity in his stead, whom he charge on comail with his we chandize to Cathalonia, Portugal, Flanders, and England. and to augment his nock by exchange of wares at all those coasts. He also charged him, that after two years he should revair again with the Ship to Alexandria: Hoz in the mean while he purpoted to see many Arange Countries, and at the two years end would be meet him their again: but if they found him not there, that they flould make no account that he were as live, then they should return to Famagosta, and there reliver the Ship and the goods into the pols session of his Wife Cassandra and his Children; which commandment of his, the Patron faithe fully promiting to accomplish, took his leave and so reparted.

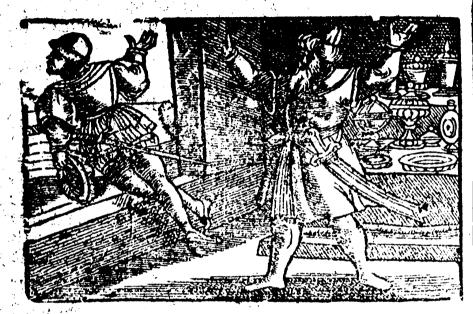
How Fortunatus departed so travel towards the Indies, and many other strange Countries, and at the length returned again to Alexandria: Chap. 27.

Cortuuatus forthwith made request unea the Lord Admiral, that he would precure him of the Soudan, a pasport, a guide, and Metters of come mendations to their Princes and Winarks, by 'whom he minded to travel. The Armiral accomis plished his request in all respects, whereof he was glad, and incontinently furnished himself and all that should accompany him with all things needle lary and expedient at his own charges; and fo ma e

made his first jurney through the Land of Perha: from thence he passed through the Dominis ens of the great Cham of Cathay, and to thick the the Defert, and came to the Court of Prester lohn, who had under him, both of the Jues and firm Land firit. Kings, every one of the which Countries is fill of people, fair Cities, and firong helos. Then Fortunatus gave unto Prester John many goodly Jewels and Presents, such as were rare & Arange in those Councries. He gave a so many gifts uns to the Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber, and fuch as were in Authority, requelling them to als tift and fur her him, that he might take up cer tain men, and have the Kings Letters to addiels him to Calicuate, whereas the best Pepper gr. w eth like unto Graves, and the men of the Country for extream beat no all naked. Fortunatus therefore not able for parching Heat to Travel any farther that way, and now remembring his beloved Wife and his two Soms, longed to be at Famagolia, and to returned a contrary way homeward, through many other Arange Councries, un il be came to the City Lamecha, and there bought a Camel, wherean he kigderhrough the Defact of Jerusalem to feethe Hely Monuments of our Baviours Pale nous. The time whereas he appliated to be as gain at Alexandria was nigh at hairs, within two months: wherefore he to k Shipping to abitime his Lourney, and made half away, until he was arrived again at Alexandria: where he went pics fen ly unio the doublan, thanking him and the Nord Admiral highly for their Reciers: by means whereof he was entereatned nero honourably, when they understood that he had to manly behave himself, and had seen so many trange Cimilies.

Willen Fortunatus had been now eight days at Alexandria, having there with him many Arange Weats and other rare Rav. Ities, he longed grea. ly for the ship, that he might let forward to F2magosta. In the mean time was the ship arrived, laven with so much, and so rich Perchan= difes that the was thrice better in value then when he departed, whereof Fortunatus was exceeding glad, especially for the health of his men, and that they had brought Letters from Cassandra, lignisping that the and her Children were in good estate, wanting only his presence. Talherefore he willed his Werchauts to make a speedy fale, and to afford their Clares better cheap then they come monly used. And in so doing, as they were willed, whereas other Ships da scant make their Martin fix Wiceks, they despatched all their bus linels in ewency days, when as Fortunarus would presently have taken his leave and departer. But the Soulean requested him to stay with him that night before he departed, which he could not res fule, but willes his men 10 ge aboard, and 10 Launch out cieship from the haven in othe rode. appointing prefer to afterlupper to come to them, and to bepare. In the mean while wene Fortunatus with the Admiral unrothe Kings Pallace, where he was weathly enterrained. Wen Commined the Soultan with him concerning his affairs and fuccels in strange Pations, which he untered at large, thanking him again for his Letices of atthe laxing, that by them he was greatly further reachd the more accepted of Aron e Princes. By this time was the supper readpand the sting lec ar the Wable, Fortyparis bring placed almost ever weind him, where they were ferbed with alt hind of belicate Fare, as was convertent for fach Malighep Peince.

houhold servants, and how the Soudan shewed him his Treasure, and his wishing Hat, which Fortunatus carried away: Chap. 28.



Licence to bestow his benevolence on the Boushould, which the Soudan granting, he expensed his Burse British unter the Table: and when he had given to every man in the house a large affe, according to their degree, the Soudan markelled with himself how he could bear so much Sold about himmers eived, esteeming it a great bonour done unto him, that he had been so liberal to his Servants, Thing right courteous Geneles man, this your bonneigh behaviour airs liberal vishing phards me and all mine, described no small Tonimeneasion and Recompenses; come therefore the me, and I will Celo pour that been to the extenses that the liberal courtes the liberal courtes are the content of the courtes of

fore you go, which few or nor e doth know but my felf, and the like whereof you never faw with that he brought him unto a Arong Tower, bin ed all with Marble Some: in the first Rome whe es of were a great number of Tellile, and It wels of Silver, and have beaus of Silver Coins; in the fecond were many Tellels and houtheld I vie= ments of Gold, and many great Chests full of Gelded Csyn: within that was a great War= drove, full of many could jewels and gorgcens Garmen s, described with precius itores of ail hous belonging to the ornaments if his Mody: there were all two Golten Canolificks, upon which trood two Drient and great Carbuncles, which shone in the night all over the Chamber. Fortunatus was rapt with areas admireton to be hold this infinite Arealule, prairing to greatly: Theu faid the Schoan, I have recarried in my Chamber which I more effects then all those you have seen: Then the king carried him to his swnWeoschamber, which was fumpeuoully abouts. ed, having a Profped unto the mainsca, and there opening a Closet, by un he forth in his hand a plain Felt War, bale and simple to behold, saying, A let more by this Pat, then by all the prectus dews els that I policis, too that if I had no jewels, mis ver would get them, but such an Par is not to be had. Their said Fortunatus, if it so please pour Watelly, I would gladly know what p. wer and pertue consisted in this Wa. The King laid, it hath this quality, that whoseever hard it on his Wend, where he wished then to be, he is with a thought conveyed this her: so that with the same have A more pleasure tion with all my sowels: sur wien my menga forth to Hunt, and I long to be will them, ferting this Hat ou my Blao, where

328

the best Game is to be feen, I am there suddens 19 present: and where the Weer resteth I can be with them as slift, to drive them to the Hunters Hand. In time of wiars allo, Ican be withmy Souls viers when I list and in my Pakace again with # With, which all my jewels cannot do. Then vemanded Fortunatus, if he that made that Pat were yet alive. The king fail of that I am uns certain. Then thought Fortunatus in his mind: how well would this Bat agree with the Purle? and said unto the King, methinks, sithence that Pat hath such great vertue, that it should seem very heavy on his Bead that weareth it. Then ans swered the King, that it was no heavier then as nother Hat, and therewith bid him to allay it on his Head, asking him whether he felt it others w.P. Fortunaçus auswered, saping, Acrily I did not think it had been so light, neither supposed I that your Grace would be so unappiled to see it on my head: with that he suddenly wished hims felf in his Ship, willing them speedily to heise the Dails, and so having a fresh Wale of Whind, they katted swiftly away; when the Bouvan saw he was tims decrived of fuch an incomparable jewel, perceiving also as the Window that the Ship was iniver Dail, he ingreat rage commanded his men to let after fortunatus, and bring him back- 1211s soner, threatning to him a cruel death. But ere they fined be feantly appointed, the Ship was valled out of hight, to that the Dellengers returned again in vain, whereof the bing mas very forry.

Pow when the Factors of Verice, Florence and Genua, underkood that Fortunatin was gone with the Unings sewel, they inwardly resovers, laying among themselves t the King and the Admiral are wist very well for bed somewhat they

could not do auto him too much Honour, he hath therefore vielded them a fair recompence: but per are me now fure that he will not recurn hither as rain to hinder our Wart as he had done. Pow the Souvan being thus in a great agony for his Hat. would aladiv have devised how to obtain it again.

his will not how to attempt the matter.

Ao lend his Admiral, or any of his beathen Lords among the Christians, he thought it both vangerous and little available: wherefore he thought best to send the Captain of the Chaistis ans in his Emballage unto Cyprus, tadeal by the may of entreaty. Wherefore he called the Caps tain unto him, who was a Venetian, named Marcholandus, requesting him to accomplish an Emdallage faithfully unto Fortunatus, in Cyprus: and theming him the case before. Willed him to say uns to Fortunatus, that if he would beuchkafe of courtelie to fend him the Patagain, lithence he liews ed it him upon trust, be would accept it thankfuls ly, and would fend his Ship loaden with coully Spices: but if he would not be so entroated he mouto make his complaint to the King of Cyprus. requesting him to funce Fortunatus to seni the Lewel which he unfair htully carried from him: the Caus tain womited truly a viligently to do his Wellage.

appereupon the Soudan caused to be ordained to him a fair and itrong Ship, well manned with Chiffian Parriners, in all points sufficiently aps polyted, promiting unto him Rich rewards if he Pull lizing the Pat again. But the Soudan was lodimaid that he could take no rest, whereat his Services were very forry, who praised Fortunawithinkly when he dealt to liberally with them; lighted he had thus disquiered their king, thep the the was the naughtiell man that ever liver.

the best Game is to be seen, I am there suddens Ip present: and where the Weer resteth I can be with them as slift, to drive them to the Hunters Hand. In time of Wiars allo, Ican be withmy Souls diers when I litt and in my Pallace again with a with, which all my jewels cannot do. Then vemanded Fortunatus, if he that made that Pat were pet alive. The King laid of that I am uns certain. Then thought Fortunatus in his mind: ham well would this Bat agree with the Purle? and said unto the king, methinks, sithence that Hat hath such great vertue, that it should seem very heavy on his Bead that weareth it. Then ans swered the King, that it was no heavier then as nother Hat, and therewith bid him to allay it on his Bead, asking him whether he felt it others wife. Fortunatus auswered, saping, Merily I did not think it has been so light, neither supposed I that your Grace would be so unappiled to see it on my head: with that he suddenly wished hims felf in his Ship, willing them speedily to heife the Dails, and so having a fresh Wale of Whind, they kailed Iwilly away; when the Bouvan law he was tims decrived of fuch an incomparable jewel, pereciving also as the **Ca**lmoom that the Ship was unver Dail, he in real rage commanded his men toller after Fortunaeus, and bring him back-lass foner, threating to him a cruel death. But ere they could be feantly appointed, the Ship was valled out of fight, to that the Bellengers returned arain in vain, whereof the thing was very forry.

Pow when the Factors of Venice, Florence and Genua, underkood that Fortunath than gone with the Kings sewel, they inwardly resourced, laying among themselves the King and the Admiral are but very well forver, so they thought they

could not do unto him too much Ponour, he hath therefore yielded them a fair recompence: but per are we now fure that he will not return hither again to hinder our Part as he had done. Pow the Soudan being thus in a great agony for his Pat, would gladly have devised how to obtain it again, hit will not how to attempt the matter.

No lend his Admiral, or any of his heathen Lords among the Christians, he thought it both vanuerous and little available: wherefore he thought best to send the Cautain of the Chaistis ans in his Emballage unto Cyprus, tadeal by the may of entreaty. Wherefore he called the Caus tain unto him, who was a Venetian, named Marcholandus, requesting him to accomplish an Emvallage faithfully unto Fortunatus, in Cyprus: and thewing him the case before, willed him to say uns to Fortunatus, that if he would bouchlafe of cours telie to lend him the Patagain, lithence he liews ed it him upon trust, he would accept it thankfully, and would send his Ship loaden with costly Spices: but if he would not be so entreated he hould make his complaint to the King of Cyprus, requesting him to face Fortunatus to sent the Lewel which he unfair htully carried from him: the Caus tainingomited truly a vilidently to do his Westage.

Withereupon the Soudan caused to be ordained to him a fair and itrong Ship, well manned with Chitician Parriners, in all points sufficiently appointed, promiting unto him Kich rewards if he could bring the Bat again. But the Soudan was solituated that he could take no rest, whereat his derintors were very sorry, who praised Fortunation that he beate so liberally with them; but when he deale so liberally with them; but when he had thus disquiered their king, they have he had thus disquiered their king, they

How the Soudans Embassadour could not obtain the Hat of Fortunatus. Chap. 20.

M Archolandus being arrived in Cyprus, cante to Famagolla, where Fortunatus was come home ten cays before. But how joyfully he and his company were recieved of Castandia, of his two Ciliven, and of all the City, it were tedious to report: for there were many Citizens also, whole friends were landed with Fortunatus, that had tras nelled far with him: which mixty and joy Mercholandus well perceived, and when Fortunatus line peritood that an Emballadoz was come from the Souranto Famagolla, he enfily deemed what was his errand: howbeir he caused a fair Lodging to be appointed for him, and all other things requi-Are, willing his provision to be brought in, which be would discharge. Willen Mercholandus had been noin three days in Famagolla, he fent word to Forrunatus, that ie had a message to do unto him. Forrunatus milled him to come unto his fair Wallace, where he did his Wellage: saying: The king Beuban of Babilen, Lozd of Alcary and Alerana Dia: senceth his greeting to thee Fortunatus, by me Mercholandus: requiring that thou wilt b uchfafe so let me be a speedy Welleuger, and send to him tis sewel again by me. Fortunatus answered in Scotting inauner, faying, I marvel that the king Souban was to uncurrumived to tell me the ver the of the Wat, and also himself to set the same norming Bead: by occasion whereof I was in fuch banger, that it will never out of my remend brance to long as I live. For my Ship being at tode on the Sea, and upon his faping. I willied my felf therein, if it has then failed by the wall,

Thad been drowned, and so have lost my life, which getteem moze then all the King Doudans kings dom: and therefore am Iminded not to part from the zewel to long as A live. When Mercholandus teard this antwer, he thought by fair intreaty to persuade him. Winerefoze he said unto him, Fortus na us, he not so hard hearted, but advise you by reas son and Counsel. What profit can you make et che Icwel: I will warrant pour an hundled times the value of that pilo Pat, whereof if I had a Sacks ful, and each of them had the vertue that icha h, I would give them all for the third pare of that I thall procure you for the same: wherefore let me speed I beseech you of my Dessage, and I will promite you that the King will lave your whip wich the finest opices, as Pepper, Ginger, Cloves, Putmegs and Cinarion; and such like, the which may be worth an hundred thousand Duckais. Les stors that, that it be granted you, not to yield the Par before you have the said Spices relivered t to pour p fiellion. Therefore if it please pun en this condition to agree, I will my felf go with your Ship to Alexandria, and baing it home unto you laven, trusting to you, that when I bring that A have promised, you will likewife pieto over into my gracious Lord the King, his Jewel again.

OFFORTUNATUS.

Fortunatus answered, saying, I would fain bein the Kings Friendship, and in yours a'te, but let no man perswade with himself that he wall get the Pat out of my hands to long as my life endureth.

Apon these words Mercholandus trusted na meze to encreaty, but weathfully departed unto the king Expres, to whom he made his complaint, reques Ray his Pajetty that he would enforce Fortunatus His Subject to reitore again to the Soudan the jewel which he had most decenfully gotten, and now

monatully detained; saying, that if it were not by fair means recozed, great Wars were like thereof to enfue. The King laid again to Mercho. landus. I have Princes and Lords in mykingdom. whom though I command they will do what they lit: but if your king have any just Complaint 12 Duarrel against Foreunatus, let him veal with him as he thinketh good; for I would that he should have inflice as he bath deferved. Marcholandus then funnsfing with himfelf that the Peathen in Cyprus mould have but sender Justice, returned to Famagola, there to take Shipping and depart. But Fortunatus notwithAanding.at his return bad him to dinner, entertaining him fumptucuity. He gave also kuto him many goodly Jewels, and freights ed his ship with Inflicient Cliquals, at his own tharge, failing unto him: have me commends ed unto the Souldan. and tell him, that if he had such a Bat of mine in like manner, I suppose he would not send it ne again, neither would his Counsel perswade him so to do: likewise am Jade viled by my friends and mine own riason, not to pepart from it, so long as I may keep it.

Then Mercholandus thanked Fortunatus for his Courteons entertainment, and his coully Gifts, laving, he would so signific unto the Ling, and

reparted forrowful for his Cold Suit.

Fortunatus having now passed over most part of the Woods, and wanting almost no earthly Commodity that man might with: he began to tender the advancement of his own and his Childrens Witates: maintaining a Princely Port, precured Waters and Den of saculties to instruct his Children, especially in Learning, and in Feats of Chispairy, whereto the pouncest was most inclined, because himself mansfully so, which cause Fortunas

the helfowed many sewels, for the which was mue's Aiffing at Famagolia, wherein the youngelt Sont has always the chief Praise: whereupen the Common People would fay, that Andologia de Poneir to the whole Country. Fortunatus therefore resource ed, patting his vays in great folace with the Pas-Mine and pleasure that he conceived with the Bat. and also by Bawking, with Andolica and fair Carlandra. Wuhen they has thus many years enforto all earthly Pleasures, fair Cassandra was lummone et with a grievous and deadly lickness, to pielo ap her Immorent woul from the Wanteurp and cops ruptible body, were it never to near: whereaf Fai. runarus also conceived such an inward thought thic he languished with a deadly Consumption, and An Ampoliumation in the Pead. When the feeble Estate of his body put him in fear of death, he sent far and near for the best Physicians that might be had: but they only prolonging his life for a finall time, could give him no comfatt of recovery.

How Fortunatus on his Death-bed, declared unto his Sons the vertue of the Purse and the Hat: Chap. 29.

L'Ortunatus therefore perceiving no amendment, but rather that death approached, sent for his two Sons, Ampedo and Andolocia, kaying to them; my dear Children, your Pother that so carefully trained you my, is departed out of this World, and I likewise perceive by the feebleness of my tormented body, that Death is nigh at hand: there mented body, that Death is nigh at hand: there hour and Wealth as I have done until my dying hour and Wealth as I have done until my dying day. Which that he veclared nuto them the vertice of the Purse, and that it should task no senger their



thrir two lives: and also told them the virue of the Bac, and liet much tie Zouloan weulo have given f. 2 ic. De emmanded mozes ber ti at they though not particle sewels, but me them in comm'n, friendly logither, neither that their fieulo make any Profing ipprorue verine of che Burte, were ve or the never to well beloved unto them: for ld laid he have I conclated is this pl. pears, and never uttered it save now to you only: with that he seasen speaking, and gave up the Giour whom his sons failed to be honeurably Buried in the Winger which he had created.

Ampedo and indolocia, having now left off all kind of marrial exercise, and mourned the live months koz the death officier Father: Andolocia having fead over his Nather's Works, wherein was Regis Ared in how many Pations be had Eravelled, was therewith areauly billighted, and earned in moved io do the like. Witherefore le laid to Ampedo; \$198 kens Magther, that me may not sals these our luity and pouthful years together in vanity, idlenels, and obscure behaviour, let us travel incu frange Comuries, to get expérience, and purchase 190= nour, as our Father hath bone a memerial where of he hath Life to us in Whit ing, which A greatly delight to read. Amp-do answered, saving: Lechim Wander that is disposed, for I mean nothing less, lex perhaps (as moit like it is) I hould come in to many a place where A should gladly with me at home again. So that (God willing) Jam verers mined to remain here at Famagolia, and to end my lise in this fair Pallace. Then said Andologia: Dis thence you are so minden, let us part the Zewels. Ampedo laid: wilt thou forransgress our Fathers commanament: witeit thou not that by his latt will, he charged us ci at we thould not divide them; Andologia lato, what seed we care for that ? he is dead and we a e alive, cherefore lithence we mean to part Dunpany, les us also divice them.

Then faid ampedo, take the Wat for thy share, and g: w ither than wir, Andologia faid, take thou te thy left and above he exchus when they ceuto not agree, for that they both desired the Purle. Andologia laid, good Brother, then Tpray post hears ken to my Counsel, which thall be indifferent for us both, Tone will privily fill two Coffers full of Gold, wherewith then fpending at thy pleasure mayit live merity buring thy life, and theu halt have the Bar alls to make the pastime, and let me only have the Purse during the space of fir years, wherein I will travel to purchate experience and Ponour: and at my return theu shalt er joy the Burfe at thine own use by years in like manner. Thus that we not break our Fathers Will. Ampedo thinking this to be a real nable ormand was contented that so is Monto be.

How

How Andolocia having the Purse, went well furnished unto the FrenchKingsCourt.Chap.30.

Men Andolocia had the Purse, he attired hims telf gorgeoully, entertained forty tall and comely men, whom he apparalled at his own cost, after the Babelt manner: and taking leave of his Woother he departed in a Ship of his own, and failed towards France, until he came to the Paven. called Aquamorte, where he went on Land, and pals sed to the French Kings Court, where he was well Entertained of the King and all the Cours tters, there he he accompanied himself with Carls, Lozós, and Unights, for he maintained his Citaté as fumpenoully as the best of them: wherefore he was had in-great effecmation with every maniate tending also vaily on the King, as if he had been an ordinary Berbant. In the mean time it befel that a Challenge was made by certain Lords and Gentlemen, to Just, Waastle, and Leap with as np one that would contend with him: Andolocia abs panceth himself to try his force in all these Bames. wherein he excelled them all. And in the evening when the Pobles and Ladies should Dance before the King, he was also called and preferred to Dance with them, wherein likewise he behaved himself so well, and with such a comely grace that the Gentlewomen had him in great favour, des Aighting to recreate themselves, and pass the time in his Company, whereof he was glad, rielding auto them again pleasant Communication, and Familiar Courtelie. After the Revels, was ordain ced a Eanquet, whereto the king also invited Ando-Arcirand as he lat at the Table. It chanced that he mas suddenly pricked with a vallien of hot Love cowards a fair Gentlewoman, whose Busband was most familiar with him of all the other in the Court, Wherefore as foon as the was rifen from the Table, without delay or long Circumstance, he rounding her in the ear, offers ed her a thousand Crowns, on Condition the would grant to lye with him but one night. The Gen= Flewsman being a faithful and chase wife, would not consent thereto, but presently detected the great offer of Andologia unto her Husband; who Taid unto her: a thousand Crowns would do us a great pleasure, and were soon earned: howveit honesty passech Riches, and the infamy that theres by to us both might ensue, can with no money be taken away; notwithstanding (if it so be you think it good) we may so use the matter, to have most part of the money without the distraining of your own body, by this policy. Bon know we have a fair and well proportioned Peighbour, who is no thing nice of her flesh, neither refuseth any clean mans bed for money: to her you may promife an hundzed Czowns to lye with Andolocia in your stead and the rest may we reserve unto our selves: 3 need no furiher to instrust you, for a Maoman I trust is not commonly to seek in such à shift: The Bentlewoman liked well of this devile, airs forthwith went unto her Reighbour, saying unto her: So it is, that a fair, luty and valiant young Gens tleman, being a stranger, offered unto me two hims died Crowns if I would lye with him one night: and foralmuch as my Husband loveth me so dearly, I vare not therein to deceive him, lest it cost me my life: therefore if thou darest to adventure in my fead, I will bring to pals that thou shalt the with him in my Chamber in my own Bed. and will give thee for thy part an hundred Crowns. then Then faid the arrant honest woman, I would not thick to the with such a one for benily recreate n. and amorous pleasure only: but if I do this at peur request, ou will perhaps fend me awar hich a Crown or ewain, and keep the hundred Crowns to pour fe'f. The Gent'ewoman faid: Thou that: have that Thave promited thre before hand. Then was the bonny Walench well pleases: and luilling her to prepare all things accordingly, primitive to be ready at a call to accomplish her will. With Sing tlewoman occlared to her Busband how the had appointed the matter with her Beighbour, where, of he was glad. And locia bring not yet latisfied, repaired again to the Tenclewoman and was inpostumate to cheain his suit : to whom the Gens dewoman said: Dir, sithence pou will not be ce therwise answered, if you will perform your promise concerning the thousand Crowns, come to morrow night unto my house, and bring the mos new wird pett, for my Husband will be then forth about the Bings bulinels: Andolocia with this and twer was a forful mamand next night, as he was waled, came privily alone unto the Gentlewomans house, and brought with him the thousand Crowns

How Andolocia was deceived by a Gantlewoman, which layed another in bed with him in her sead: Chap. 31.

The Gentlewoman gave him very friendly entertainment, and receiving the Doney of him intolo, brought him into her Chamber, willing him those to be a, and the would immediately come unto him. Then fent the haifily for her kind hearted Reighbour, to whom the gave an hundred from some fent her to bed to andolocia, where in solated himself with her in the pleasant patime of Venus Came, supposing he had sain with his

Companients Wife. But when the Wench persectived that Andologia was infliciently relighted with the use of her body (fex Joan was as good as my Nady till be knew the contrary) the beclared how the Gentlewoman had beguited him, hiring her for an hundred Crowns to take her place.

Andologia hearing that he was so acceived, wared angry in his mind, not so much for the loss cf the money, but rather for thame that it should be blazed abzoan to his Reproach, h. w he was oclus ded by two Anomen. Wherefore he forthwith rcke up, and gave his Lemman an 100 Crowns, wiling her charafter his reparture, the Gould challenge nine hundzed moze, which the Genile wes man wrongfully detained, and that the her telf had duly earned: Which the Wench performed with such impreent and open contention, that the Bentlewoman for all her prended henetty being not? ed for a Bwad, sustained great shame: but Andolocia presently went to his Lorging; and called up his men, willing them to prepare all things reas dy, for he m uto for hwich bepart, thinking with himself. I will hereafter beware of the enticing beauty and distinutation of Momen, and so robe Lispieasancty away. When he was gon ten or twelve miles from Paris, he thought in his mind, ie was well the falle Parlots had not beguiled me not my Purle, and began to be merry and pleas sant, and so rode unto the King of Arrogous Court: from thence to the King of Castile: there to the King of Portugal: and next to the King of Spairs Court, There did the people and their behaviour like him to well, that he apparelled himself and all his men after their Country guile: and offers ing his fervice unto the King, was thankfully ens tertained. De

We vaily practifed all Feats of Chivalry, and oftentimes gave Lewels, for which Gentlemen though contend in martial Games, and invited the Nadies and Gentlewomen to many Couly bans meters. Porcover when there was any prelling of Southiers, he would fet forth an hundred at his own charges, and cloath them, whereby he was had in great favour and estimation with the King. And forsimuch as he was to Active. Waliant and Couragious, that he mould commonly be in the Posefront of the Wattle, the King onl'd him Isniaht, and pretended otherwife to advance him. Infomuch that there was in the Court an old Carl which had one only Daughter, which was his Heir. ko her would the king have married Andolocia, promilina him also the Carldom after her Fathers deceale. But Andologai, liked not the Carl Bedaugh ker.neither regarded he the Carldom: for he was kich enough by the vertue of his Purse: When Andolocia had ferved the king of Spain certain years he required leave to depart. The King granted to his request, and told him that when his pleasure was to repair to Spain again, he should find him almays a friendly and gracious Lord, for his faithful service. Then bought Andologia a Ship wherein he and his men safed into England, whereof some hat envised at his coffiv and fumptions behavis dur were glad, and many others were forry, which had received commodity by him.

Withen he was now come to the fair City of Lonon, where the King then kept his Court, he hired goodly house, and bought all necessary furniture plentifully for it. There he kept an open Court, with liberal Polyicality, like as if he had been a Drince, dayly fatting the Pobility and the Cours ters, to whom he also gave many gifts, and iled to full and practile other martial exercises with them: but in all Feats of Chivalry, both men and women gave Andologia the praile.

coupen the king understood of his noble demeas nours, he vemanded whether he would retain to his Court: We answered that he would most wils hingly bestow his body and goods to his service. In the mean while it chanced that there was Wars between England and Scotland, so that Andologia led a dand of men against the Scots, at his own charges. where he behaved himself so couragously in the battel, that although he was a Aranger, yet for his manly Exploits, he was commended above all os ther.

Wilhen the Mictory was obtained upon the Scots, Andolocia returned home to London, where he was received of the King and Ancen very honod rably, and was had in great estimation with the

people.

Mow the King bad Andologia to dinner where he fell in love with Agrippina the Kings daughter: Chap. 32.

Wen ordained the King a great Dinner, and invited thereto and olocio, and all the other Captains, where was also present the Aneen and her fair Daughter Agrippina, who surpassed in beauty all the Momen in England: whom when Andolocia had stedfastly beheld, his heart was so frevently kindled with the love of her, that he had no more lift to eat or drink, were the meats never so delta cious or velicate. Withen the Fealts was done, and he was returned home to his honse, he thought by himself how he might win the favour of Agrippi-, na; whiching that he were of Royal blood, that he might be esteemed Worthy to marry her: howbes te he encouraged himself with hope, to purchase

her good will and liking by some means or other, witherefore he advanced himself from thencesoch in justing and other marrial exercises before the Nucen and her Daugheer very often, and in more rospecus manner then he was wont, where with fair Ladies be most delighted. And when he thought it convenient, he indited the Nucen and her Daughter, with many other Ladies of the Court to Dinner, which was so sumptuously in all points adorned, that it was wonderful in a sale lears bouse to behold.

The gave also to the Tueen a costly Jewel, and another to Agrippina, and to every one of her waits ing Bentlewoman one, that he might be the bester extremed of Agrippina, when he came to the Court: whereof the King was informed: infemich that when Andolocia came unto the Tourt, the King said linto him; I understand by the Dueen that the hath been very well and sumpulsously entertained at your house: why had not I

also warning thereof?

Andolocia laid, Wolf gracious Lord, if your Has felty would not distain to honour my poor House with your presence, how acceptable should it be unto me? Their said the Ling, I will also come to morrow unto you, and being ten more of my

Enunfet willy me:

bin home to prepare all things according to The next day came the King and the Roads to Dinner white all things were to magnificently accomplished upon to hort warning, but the King and then thought the king, it were good to above the pilot of Andologia, and to make him athanies, where fore he appointed the next day also to take

his recreation with Andologia again, and furthwith fent privy commandment, that no Wood-seller should upon pain of his grickous bispleasure, sell or give one trick of Theod, or any kind of Fuel un= to Audolocia, or any of his retinue, during the space of two days. Howbeit Andologia was glad of ir, and had prepared all the delicatest Michaels that were to be had for mony: but when he could by no means get any Wicod of other Aucl, he was fore afraid lest he should be utterly chames, not knowing how the Cocks houte orefs the Weat; but when he saw no other remedy, he sent speedily to the Werchants Ships, and to all the Gröcers in London, to buy a huge quantity of Canes, Cleves, Buimegs, Liquonce, Dinger, and Cinnamon, which were used in the Chimners and Dvens, to burn instead of Wood, to deels the Mea. About Dinner time, though the King supposed that Ans dolocia's kitchin was but himply previded for lack of Fire, yet would be and other Lords that were with him befoze, Kide unto Andolocia's Lodg= ing, where they finelituch an executing flying and sweet Savour, that they muled whereof it Could be. Then the King temanded whether Dinner were ready, it was answered that all things were prepared, and that with sweet Spices initead of Fuel, whereat the king and all the Lords marveiled greatly.

omben Dinner was done, and the Kings trains came to setch him home, he gave each of his guard ten Crowns, and so returned the King king his Mozds home again, thanking Andologia for their

kumpenous entercainment.

Taken the King came unto the Court, he resounted unto the Lucen, what a could binner they had, and that all the theat was drefted with pure

spices instead of Mood, and that he had given each of of his Guard ten Crowns. Wherefore said the King I greatly muse, and long to understand from whence, or how he hath such exceeting store of money, for he spareth for no cost, and is every

vap more fumptuous and costly.

The Dueen laid, I know none that I suppose could knower or better understand his secret in that behalf, then our Daughter Agrippina: for that, as it semeth he loveth her so well, that I believe he will not deny her ought that the shall demand. Then willed the King that the Rucen should do her diligence, and use her discretion with her Daughter, to put this device in practice. Then went the Ducen unto her Daughter, and teld her in secret of the sumpruous and rich Port that Ans dolocia maintained, whereat (said she) the King and I do greatly marvel, suchence he hath neither Lands, Subjects, nor Kent (as far as we know) to continue and uphold the same.

talherefore foralimuch as I perceive by his bebaviour in your presence, that he is far in sove with your company, to desight him with Ising & friendly sommunication, and in the end to try whether you can obtain to understand of him, whence he getteth such abundance of goods: Agrippina promised to do her utmost endeabour in that behalf.

How Agrippina with fained love, deceived Andologia of his Purse: Chap. 33.

the matter was of purpole to handled, that he was appointed to have fecret communion with agripping. So that when they were thus all along,



after most friendly Salutation, and many courtes ous proffers offered by Andolocia. Agrippina laid, Sir Andolocia, there goeth an honourable report of your Magnificence, and how you have enteriains ed the King with an exceeding could Banquet, and have given largely to his Guard: I prap pou tell me, do you not fear lest your money will at length fail ? He answered, laying, Gracicus Lady, I cans not want money to long as I live. Then belike (faid the) your Father was very puillant, that he hath left you so rich: Andolocia sato unto her : Jam as rich as my Father, neither was he richer then I am now, howbeit he was otherwife. inclined then A am: for his delight was to fee Prange Countries: but my greateit pleasure is to obtain the Love of fair Momen and Ladies. Then kaid Agrippina, I have been cercified, that you have been in many kings and Princes Courts, did you never yet find any there which liked you ? Andce docia answered. I have been in ar lings Cours, Lilici &

after

where A-have feen many goody Ladies, and Benclewomen. But without flattery be it ipoka en, in beauthy and comly Demeanour you pais all that ever I per law: wherewith you have to ravish my heart with Love that my bombs ful passion engendzed between hope and despair enforcech me to crave a Salve for my Dic: And although I am descended of no Brincely Progeny, yet may Love, which hath only expeat of Personal liking, be required with 1. be again on pour behalf: if it be my good hap to find inch faveur with your Brace, beleeching you not to tex ny me a Dedicine to heal my winns, that Cupid hath pierced with his poyloned Dart: and whate toever you shall require of me (in my power cons niling) you shall ac your pleasure obtain.

edly Andologia, from whence than hait su much med nevand riches, and then i le live in thy Love, and vield to thy request.

Andolocia was now glad, and not remembring that he had not long before vowed to beware of

Morneus unfaithfulnels, laid unto her.

sop must dearly beloved Agrippina, I will fulfill pour velice, en condition you will keep all this has feeree, and perform your promise. She said lagger in Alshe soved Andolocia, deabt not you of my I work if p, for what A promise you in word, shall be such the performed indeed. Upon these sugred mores, and dolocia willed her to hold up her Lapland told suffer shring, this do A give you: and can without any him rance assord you as much as you will have thingre, for so long as A have this Purse, A volume that A money: and now you may believe me that A have niceed the certain truth of that you longed

to know. She answered, I see and acknowledge this to be so manifest, that Anced no more to wonder at your sumptuous expences. Wherefore my beloved Andolocia, forasmuch as on this night the Queen hath appointed to sleep with the King, I will proceue with my Chamberlain that you mallive with me: for without her consent I cannot being it to pals: therefore you must reward her largely, that the may consent and be secret. Andolocia thanking her, promifed so to do, and not to fail of his coming at night unto her Chamber. As foon as Andolocia was gone, Agrippina went to the Queen, and hewed her with great foy, how the had gotten knowledge of Andolocia, whence he had his abundant Wealth, and the had promited him to lye with him that night. The Lucen thereof was glad, and faid to her: If you can well remember the falhion, the colour, and the bignels of the Purse, it were expedient that the like in all points were presently made, which they caused to be done with all speed, a slubbered is also to make ic feem old. The Rueen also caused her Physicis ans to make a frong Potion, which thould suodens ly cast one into a neep sleep. These jugling twis being thus prepared ready in Agrippines Chamber, to thew unto Andelocia a cast af Legerdemain, they enformed the Chambertain that at night when Andologia came, the thould receive him courteoutly into the Chamber, and that when Agrippin, and he fat together at their banquet, the fould be circums spece to put the drink into Andolocias Cup, that was vadained for him. Andolocia coming to the Cham ber at the hour appoinced, was let in, and friendly entertained by the old Gentlewoman of the Cham per: and foon after came Agrippina, who bad him wlecome with a chearful countenance, lat down by him, and offered much friendly Comunication: whilst they recreated themselves with many delicious funkets and plesant wines. Waherfoze Agrips pina brank unto him, saying, I datak to you this Bowl fut of Pypocras, more then I commonly am accustomed, in token of my sove, requesting you to pledge me as much for mp sake. The Chambers lain filling he Boblet again with the Sommiferous Potion (having the Relian of delicate Pypecras) gave it unto Andolocia, which he quaffed with a chearful heart. Wilhereupon he incontinently fell into such a sound wleep, that he might not feel whatsoever was done unto him. Agrippina beloly Repped unto him, opened his Doublet, cut off his Purse, and sewed another instead thereof. Then carried the the Purse presently unto the Ducen, re putting her hand therein, to try whether it were the right Purle, spe pulled out three handfuls of Goto, which the Queen brought in her Lay to the King, and told him how luckily the matter was conveyed, Andolocia being test in a dead sleep. The Thing thereat exceedingly rejoyced, and requested to have the Purse to his own cultody, tell Agrippina Thulo come in danger thereby. But the alledging the vanger that the adven ured in the getting of t; if he had awaked on a sudden, requested earnestly of her Father, that the might have the keeping of it only for her labour : affirming that the king and Dueen both, notwithstanding, might have as great commoding by it as the her left: where with they were content.

Withen Andologia was awaked, and saw usue by him hat the old Chamber-maid, and perceived that he had stept all night in the Chair, he mused greatly, and asked what was become of Agrippina? The old Gentlewoman laid, the Ausen seite to: her,

and the is rifen: but Sir, I marvel much how you could sleep so much out of measure: for I often assaped to awake you with great noise and stirring of your body, but all your senses were so benumen, that if I had not perceived breath to issue front your mouth, I should have supposed you had been dead, whereby you have lost your pastime with A= grippina. Which Andolocia understood that by drows he neeping he was to frustrated of his purpole, he began to curse himself and swear like a Trant. The old Gentlewoman affared to pacifie his ans ger with fair words, saying, Sir Ipjay you let reas son rule you: furious passion, and be contented, foz that you have now let pals, may hereafter be cte tained at a like opportunity. Andologia said again ragingly, a mischief light on thee thou die Waud, why didit thou lutter me to sleep to long. For I neverlep to long in all my life, but that if I we e lightly conched, I did presently awake: But the Aill affirmed, and thereto swoze, that he did her utmost endeabour, and answered him with fair Language (for in the evening before he had given her a hundred Crowns) so that with fair words in the end the hrought him out of Agrippinas Cham= ber. Andologia then went home to his house very sad and displeasant, for that he had so shames fully lost the amozous passine that he hoped to enjoy with the fair Princes, but he will not as pet that he had lost his Peccless and foziunate. Purse.

The King being disposed to try how he would behave himself after the less of his Purse, and whether he had any more of them, kent word to Andolocia, that helmould Dine again with tim gain the next vay. Andolocia being certified theres of, called the steward, and willed him to prepare

110

a coffly Dinner, for that the King would be time on the next moining. The Steward auswered, hat he had kilburled much money of lace, and had not ! sufficient store to serve the turn. Then work Andolocia the Purse out of his Usosom, and would have delivered him five hundred Crowns: but when he groped in his Purle, after his accustomed mans ner, and brought nothing forth, he turned the infice outward, and felt it throughly, but there was no money to be found. Then was he in a great pers plexity, and almost diffnaped with bitter auguith and forem: calling to mind, how for the contempt ' of his Fathers advice (that willed him to utter the fecrets of the Unrse to noCreature) he was in this manner plagued; but this remembrance was now too tate, and all his sumptuousness and prive was now quelled, and at an end.

Etherefore he called all his men before him, and a said into them, Chave been your Master these cu years, wherein I have to entertained you, that y. u wanted nothing which was fit for men to have, neither am IDebeor to any of you, for you be paid all before hand. The time is now come that Kean no longer, keep house, and maintain such a state lo Port as I have done; therefore I mult defire pour all to provide for your felves as well as you may: for I may remain here no longer, neither have I any moze money left then one hundred and fifty Crowns, whereof I will spare to each of you cen Millings, and will also freely give to every man his Horse whereon he is accustomed to Rive, and his Harnelles thereto belonaina.

These words made all the men affouthied and afraid, looking one on the other, and marvelled what fuddain mischance was happrietd unto their Walter. Wilhereupon one that was of all the re-

OF FORTUNATUS. most loving, faithful, and trusty unto Andolocia, said Bir, if any man have done you displeasure, of bes trayed you, let us understand of it, and we will be revenged on him, though it were the king him= self, and we should tole our lives therefore. Andolocia answered, that on his behalf should no man hazard his life. Then faid they, we would be loath in your misery to leave you, but we will rather seil Posse and Parnels, and all that we have, to remain with you for your comfort and solace. Andolocia said; Athank you for your faithful god will, my well-beloved servants; if ever fortune smile on meagain, I will require pour courteste: but do now as I have said, and saddle my Porse forthwith. for I will have no man to go or ride with me. The secbants for sozrow could not refrain from tears, to see the sudden calamicy of their Daster, with whom they had lived to pleasantly, and so brenght him to his Porse. Audolocia then taking his leave of them all, departed with an heavy heart, and tras velled the next day both by Sea and Land, until he came to his hother Ampedo.

How Andologia returned to Cyprus, and complained to his brother of the loss of his Purse: Chap. 34,

Andolocia was now come near unto the fair Pallace, Ampedo hav espied him from the top of a Mower, whereaf he was exceeding glad, hoping to enj y the Purse again, and that he should be no meze careful to spare as he had cone these ten years. Then came be down to meet his 1520= ther, who received him japfully, asking why he came to alone, and where his men were become ? He auswered, I have less them all, and thank God that I am come safe home. Ampedo said, I prav Lou Wiether them me what misfortune hath be-

fallen unto you, for you make me greatly afraid. Andolocia laid, let us first Dine, and then pou shall understand the truth of all macters. After Dinner they went toxetlier into a Chamber, where and oles cia faib unto Ampedo with an heavy countenance: Ddear 11320ther. shame will scantly let my faltering tonaue to utter what mischance is havned on our behalf: for our fortunate Wurle is taken from me. for forem whereof my heart is ready to break But patience perswadeth that grief nothing avails eth. Ampedo being with this heavy tidings attonis ed victifully faid is it taken from thee by violence, nz halt thou lost it by nearigence ? We answered, have most shamefully transaressed our dear fas thers Commanoment and disclosed the secrets of it to a Lover of mine, who bequiled me when I deaft mistrusted her. Ampedo said, if we had obsers ved our Fathers will, our Jewel shad not been les perated, but you would needs adventure in dans derous travel to work our own mischief. whereof I lufficiently forewarned you. Andolocia faid :-Dear Brother it doth so soze and inwardly arieve me, that I fear it will cold me my life.

How Andologia beguiled his brother of the Hat, and conveyed himself therewith into England, and carried away Agrippina with the Purse. Chap. 35.

Dut when Ampedo heard that his Uzother took the matter to heavily, he recomforted him, tays ing, let not forcow come so near thy heart, we have vet two Chestsfull of Duckats, and the Wishing Hat, whereof we will Wizite to the King Soudan, who if need will give us lufficient to maintain us during our life, though we had no more: and lecthe Burke go with all ill luck and mischief with It. Then said Andolocia, but goods and money are subject



subject to many casualties, and in time of conquest and other such excreamities, cannot be lightly cons veped: Unherefore I beseech thee good Wrother egrant to lend me your withing Hat, and I trust Therewith to get the Purle again. Ampedo laid, it is a common proverb, whoso loseth his goods, looseth his wis, which appeareth by thee; who when thou halt already deprived us of our greatest Areasure, wouldit also bereave us of the chiefest pleasure: but I trow one of us will be wifer then to suffer thee to carry away the Hat also, for to me it seems eth you might be contented to make your pattime with it when you litt. Telhen Andologia perceived that his Brother would not in any cafe grant that he should carry the Bat from him, he thought by policy to deceive him of it, and laid, dear Biother, if I have requested that you think inconvenient, I will be concented from henceforth to be ruled by pou.

Soon after as his Brothers men were cone forth

124

lome

to Bunt, he requested the Pat to convey himself amongst them. Dis Brother not millruding and deceit delivered it unto him. But he having and ten it, came neither at the Whose, not the offen. hut wished himself at Genua. When supedo sain that his UBrother had thus deceived him, he consider is notwithstanving patiently, and hiped that perhaps he would thereby return again with the Burle alto. Andolocia bettig now as Gense, will d that the fairest Jewels that were to be had a sail he brought to his Lorging: which when the were themed him, and had agreed on the price, he mut them in a Casket, and railed them with his hand, as though he would estap whether he might early carry them, and wished himself away without name ment. The like did he at Florence and Venice and at last with all the sewels, convered himself to London in England, so that the Jewellers whom he had deceived, thought verily some spirit incarnate had beautled them. Aben went he unto the Court. anvarelled like unto a Merchant, and got licence to disular his jewels upon a Table, as Agrippina with her train of Ladies should come from the Chappel, whom he well knew but they knew not him, for that he had distinuted his Beard, and

The colour of his face.

With when Agrippina was passed by, he gave two Kings unto the two chief Bentlewomen that astonded in the Chamber, and requested them that they would so procure that he might come to their Ladies presence, saying: that he would shew her fuch Jewels, as her Drace never saw the like. They promised so to do and presently shewed the Kings to Agrippina, which they said the Berchant had given them, to the intent they should procure that he might come before her; and sell unto her Brace

some of the best Tewels, for he had many which were very fair and costly.

Agrippina said, I betieve well that he hath ereceing rich Jewels, for that he would not stick freely to give such fair kings, therefore will him to come unto me: for I long to see his Wares.

When he had lato forth the Jewels before As grip ina, the liked very well of them, and Cheapned those that the best fancied, whereof some were worth a chomand Crowns, for which the offered not half the money. Die Dercham said, Graci= ous Lady, Inaviben informed that you are the richelt Princes in the Colorla, which moved me to feek out the most could and faired Jewels that are to be found, to bying unto pour Poble Brace, for which I have ensained painful Arabel, and great danger: there fore Arruit your Grace would not I thould be so much later by them, as to kell them for less money then they con me: but if it. please your Grace to chuse and say aut those that you best like, they thall be jours for as easy price as A can affort them: When bid Agrippina choole out ten sewels, whereaf the price amounted to five thousand Crowns: but the would in no wife give so much. Andolocia hoping il e would bring the Burle, was contented to agree for thur theuland Crowns So that agripping took the sewels, went unto her Chamber, where the cook the purie out of a Coffer, Thritting it carefully to her Girble, came forth to pay the Opershanteas the came near unto him, beginning to tell the Pone, he clasping her knowing had her fait, and Willhed that he were in some Wilderness with her, wherein was no dwelling; mor refort. Which that they were carried through the Air in a finall space unto a desert place in an Austhar bordereth whom Ireland, and were let effere

127

under a Aree, whereon were growing fair Avvles. As Agrippina was thus suddenly under the Tree having the Jewels in her Lap, and the Puris at her Bitole. He said to the Werchant: Lozo, for thy mercy where are we now, or how came we hither? A am exceeding faint & hot: therefore I pray reach me some of those Apples to refresh me. The sewels that he had left poured he into her lap also, and fet the Pat on her head to shadow her from the parching heat of the Sun, test it should trouble him in climbing. As he was thus on the top of the Aree looking for the fairest Applesshe sitting une ver full heavily, began to fay, would God I were in my Chamber again. Witth that the was pies Cently in her Chamber. The Ming, the Ducen, and the Courtiers asked where the had been, and where the Werchant was become that carried her away? She said, God blels me from such Ders thants, I suppose it was the Devil himself, or come of his Angels; howbeit I left him on the top of a Aree: but I pray you trouble me with no more quettions, for I am exceeding faint and weary, and must needs rest me a while.

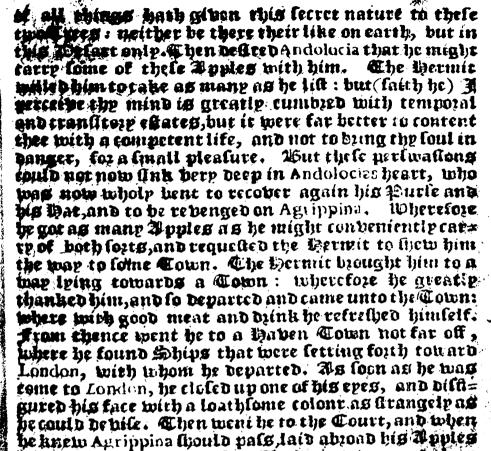
How Andolocia by eating two Apples, had two Horns growing on his head: Chap. 36.

17119en Andolocia litting on the Tree, law that Agrippina was gone with the Bat, and with all the jewels, he bitterly curled the Arce, the Fruit, and him that planted it: saying moreover curled be the hour wherein I was boin, and the bays and hours that Phave lived. Death, why hadft thou not francled me before ever I came into this miserable danger & distress, and ere ever Iknew or veheld the vewitched Reality of Agrippina: Moule God my Brother were with me !!

this Wilderness, then would I surely strangle him and hang my felf: so that we being both dead, the Purfe should lose his vertue, and the falle Ducen, aud cruel Agrippina (hould enjoy no further commodity of pleasure there by. As Andolocia went wandzing thus two e froj, the night came on, that he could go no further: so that he sat him down to rest, but could not seep for fear, neither thought otherwise but to due in the Wildernels. Thus lay he all night as a despera e man, desirous ras ther to dye then live any longer. When it was day, he arose and walked every way, but could not hear noz fee any man: and being very hungry came at last unto a Aree, whereon grew very fair red Apples, whereof as foon as he had eaten a couple, there fyrang out of his head two Pozns, like as it were of a Goat, which he could by no means get off. Then began he moze inwardly to feel the ven= geame of God, for his Theft and Thorewom before time committed, and asked mercy for his fins, faying, D wzeich that I am, Dunhappielt of all other men, thus moultroully disfigured like a Wealt, for that I have bealtly lived, and have not taken finall correction therefore patiently, where fore, D God almighty, fithence I am deprived of all mens help and succour, forgive me my offences, take from me this deformicy, and assist me in this extream calamity,

How an Hermit helped Andolociu to be rid of his Horns; Chap. 37.

A chanced that an old hermit which had been Ithirty years in that defart, and niver had feen any man, heard this piteous lamentation of Andolocia, and going to him, he faid: Alas poor Iman, who brought thee hither, for what seekest thou in this



Agrippina. It the last, when Agrippina with her ladies passed by he asked if it would please her Grace to buy any precious Apples of Damasco. Agrippina asked what was the price of one of them? We said, three Erouns, then asked the what versue was in them more then in other to be so bear? Andoloctia answered, that they would earlie excellent Beauty, and make a sharp wit in them which

bety handlomly upon a fine Cloth, and wzapped them

In farcenet, whereby they thould feem more precious,

and called them Apples of Damasco, When many did

require the price of them, he held them at three Crowns

every Apple : so that none would buy of them, where=

of he was glad, not meaning to fell of them but only to



this vefare? Andolocia faid, gwd Wrother, Codle charked that both leat thee hither, somwhat is my comeast: verily full fore against my will be There remain. Then Andolocia being very hungry and faint, asked the Hermit for some meat: he brought him into his Hermitage, where was neither weak Wiead nor Wline, but only Fruits and Whatis, whereby he lived: Andologia therefore cook a finall refreshment, and then asked if he could show him by any means how to get his Borns away. Will Dermit willed Andolocia to follow him going the a little path from his Hermitage, and there place ing down two Apples from another Aree, willi And alocia to eat them. So foon as he had elter fwallowed the two Apples, his horns were vanilly ed awap. Andolocia thereof was exceeding alab, and demanded of the Perixit how it came to paid that he had so soon gotten Poins, and was so soon rid of them again: the Hermit Laid, the Crea of

which should eat of them. Agrippina then willed one of her Gentlewomen to buy two of them. Andolocia then having accomplished his purpose, put up his wares,

and conveyed hunself speedily away.

And as soon as spipping came to her Chamber, the eat her two Apples, and presently two great Poins sprang out of her head with great ach and pain; so that the laid her down to Bed. When the Poins were fully grown out, and her head ach ceased, the felt and beheld in a Glass two great Poins. Then called the two of her ladies, who dessed themselves, and were affright to at that strange sight, and she was so associated with shame and grief, that she could not so; a while speak, then asked they how it were come to pass that her so ble Personage was so monstrously distingued. She said, wot not how, but it is a just plague of God as I suppose, or else it comethos the Apples of Damasco, which I bought of that Asilanous Aperchant. Wherefore I beseech you sind some means that I may be rid of them.

Then gat they privily a saw, and fawed them off hard by the head, which the patiently endured: but they pic= fently fprang up again, whereat the was greatly difmarzo and pitrifully lamented, laping, Deurled and nisetable wretch that I am, what availeth it me to be a fairigs Waughter, the richest that Apeth on the earth, E to have the plaife of Beaurnabove all other Women, and now to be thus monstrously Wishaven like a brute Beatt; therefore alas that ever I was born, if I canrust have fucedy hely, I will furely by some neans Morren up life: One of her Ladies, a witte Gentlewiman, comforted her, faging: We vatient a while (D Bracious Lady) and pluck up a chearful heart: for no boubt as rou have gotten those Borns by some cause, To by removing of the same cause you may have remedy: and it annearthly thing hath nower to work this effect undowherdly God hath created the like to take it away again. Chereforging will lend for Phyllelans, it cin ust be but that the mabe found written by what occas tion they grow, and bow they may be confuned away

Agrippina with these words was comforted with some hope, willing them to keep all things secret, and by puby means to learn if Physick might help her.

whereupon the Did Chamberlain went with speed reall the best Physicians, and told them, that whereas one of her kindred had two great Borns grown out of her Pand, she would know whether they could by Physich be taken away or not. The Physicians hearing of this strange instruity, were all destrous to fee the party. But the Gentlewoman said, you must not in any case see her, except you will be bound in great bonds, to take them clean away, which if you can do you shall be richly remarded. But there was none wend take upon him to take away the growing of these Poins, for they had never seen, heard, nor read of the like. When the Gentlewoman thought that no remedy would be had, she was returning home again to Agrippina with a heavy heart.

How Andologia did counterfeit a Physician, and cured the Kings D ughter of her Horns, whereby he recevered again his withing Hat and his Purse. Chap. 38,

s the was coming towards the Court, the mer with Andolocia, who being apparelled like a Phy Acian man antient Gown, and distigured with a counterfeit bettle Pole, said unto her: I perceibe good Mictis that you have been with three fundry Physicians in ing Aght, I pray you shew me, have you sped of your parpole ? be not displeased that I am fo bould to ask pot this question, for I am a Physician also: and if you have any grief, pou may thewit me, for it mul be a be= eparange deseale that I will not with Gods help cure and take from you. The Gentlewoman supposing that God had feut this Physician, which offered himfelf fo Bickily, faid, there is a mar vellous impediment chanc= to a Moble Gentlewoman, out of whole head are Staton two Borns of a Goat, which if you can take a= way; that they spring no more, you that be richly re-



matded, for the hath money at will. The Physician Imilina, courteoully said if that be the worst, I have the science to rid her of her Homes without any vain or Imart. I know well also the cause whereof they came. Dbe earneftly requested him to declare the occasion of that Grange disease. He said, the bath Been unfaithful where the hath professed love, and hath inwardly reionced at toickedness done to her friend, which joy the durit not openly utter: howbest, whoreas it must needs in some place of the body have an issue, it is least dan= crous when it breaketh out upwards: for if it should not be expelled; it would so oppress the heart, that heath would therety enfire. It is not the years athence that I was in the King of Spains Court, where an Parls Paughter of a fair and tender complexion, had Browing on her forchesd two great Hazns, which I by my science, and Gods helptook away,

When the Chamberlain had now areat hope of his cunning, the asked where he lodged, faging: that the mould prefently come again to bim, De laid, I am lodg= spidereby at the Skan, there may you enquire for me, Jam salten the Worton with the great Pole, and alchough I have another Pame, pet am I best known thereby, because I am but a Aranger. When went the joyfully unto the forcowful Parins ces, and faid, Gracious Lady, pluck up a metry beart, and be of good chear, you shall be sports ly rid of your Borns: Hewing unts her, how when moit of the London Physicians had leve her away comfortless, the met by chance with a strange Doctor, who made light of the matter, and would warrant me to help your grief, for that he had taken away the like from an Carls Baughter of Spain before. Mozeover he told me the cause whereof they did spring, which your Grace doth well know, whereby I did the better believe him. Then faid Agrippina, why hav you not beseight him with you, feeing you know how earnest Adefire to be curede go incontinently and frech him hither, and will hun to bring all things meellary for the purpole, not sparing any cost. Take also with you to give him and hundred Crowns, and if he demand more, give him as much as he asketh, The Gentlewoman, went to the Physician, gave him an hundred Crowns, saping, I may pou be now diligent, and to the Patient that I hall bring you, must you come only by night, neither muit you disclose the matter to any person: for her own Father and Des ther as pecknownot of it. The Phylitian faid, doube not you of my fecretnels: but before I go with you, I must buy at the Apoth ecaries luch things as be requilite: in the mean time you may Cap here, or return again two hours hence: the leib, I will tarry for you, for I dare net go home without vou.

When went Andologia to the Arotheraries, and

hought a quantity of Rubard, Sugar and Roles mater, and thecein loaked and roted one of his Apples, being cut in little vieces. We bought als so usor of sweet ointment, and many other tweet odours and perfumes to belight her fenfes unchal, and then came again to the Gentlewos man, who conveyed him by night to Agrippina, to whom he said, let pour Grace be of good comfort, and boubt not but by Gods help and my Science, pou shall be soon eased of pour disease: therefore vieware you that I may fee and feel your arief. Agrippina though the were greatly athams es to them her Poins, fat up in her Wer. The Abhilitian viewed and handled the Hoing, lays ma, you muit have upon each Yoan a piece of rough Apes-skin, taken warm from the Ape, and with this confection will I and in them also. Alhere was an old Ave in the Court which was presently flain, and the skin were flaved off, of which were made two cales, as the Phylician had commanted. When did be and int the homs and her Temples with Apessariale, and his Week confect n, and put on the cases of the skin, and fad to her, this have I done to foften and hintele the Home: but they must be drawn as way by purging, for the which tou that! (wal-Luthele imail wills, and rest there up nambes (*) by pour thall perceive a speedy amendmet. Agrippina received the Aurgacion, which was the Appl ple collribe away Poins, cut in small pieces and infireled with Rubard. And although this come revieit Physician had med such Apull Hericias romake a hew of rare curning; yet was t the Apple indeed that only to the fear. Andilocia with rawing himself a little alive, the Rubard begins to Wolf with his Patient, for that went

twice or thrice to the Stool. After a while came in the Poctor, and said, let us see if the Pohps fick bath done any good, and therewith he puls led of the skins, and the Poins were also demis nished, whereof she was exceeding glad. When reparted he, and said he would go unto the Ap = thecary again, and than the next night he could finish his cure. In hen he had tempered the other Apple with Sugar and Spice of another reilith, he came the nert night unto her again, and exels sed her as he had done befoze, but gave her not so much of the Apple, because she iheuld not be throughly cured, before he had talked with her, and had some likelihood to bying his purpose to pals. Waherefore as he lat by her, the heing as liesp, he thought with himself. Two or Three Thousand Crowns were a sufficient kieward if another had done this cure, but it is nothing come parable to the mischief the bath done unto me, wherefore before I clean take away the Poins, I will let her understand my mind, to the w. ich if the will not consent, where the chinks to be rid of her Horns, I will cause them to gram so long as they were before, and then I will go into Hons ders, and from thence send her word, that it sie will have remedy, the thall come unto me, and bring with her the Withing-Bat and Purie. As he was thus devising, came in the the Bentles woman with a Candle to see Agrippina, who was alleev.

How Andolocia by chance found the Wishing-Hat. Chap. 39.

FI chanced that Andologies Eap fell from his I Wead, to that when he croped to take it up again, he cluyed his Withing-Vat lying under the peo on the ground, which none tegarded, far they knew not the vertue of it: neither knew the Princes her left, that by the means theres of the was converged but of the Court, and from the Wester: so, if the had, it should not have been to negligently lato up. The Physician elien tent the Wentlewoman for tome Conduit Taxier, and in the mean while he took it up from under the Wed, and held it privily under his Gown. By this time was Agrippina awake ed, then took he the skin from her Brow, to to fee how much the Youns were simk, which were now become very Aender and scant an handful long, whereof Agripping was very glad, And whereas Andilotis meant to have rough and Marn Consentation with Agraphina, he was now somewhat pacified when he had the Hac, and hi courteous manner laid unto her, Gracious Laby, pou fre that pour malady is now well dis minitied, the chiefelf cupe that retred behind is to haive the woot of the Bonns suc of the Skull, to tive which must be used couldy speciaines, which if I cannot find in this Kealm, I must either go my felf or fend some other Doctor to feech such things whereof I thall inform him, in other Countries, which will ask great charges. Wesides this, would I know what certain sum of Winkey you will give me, when you thall be clean rid of Pour Poins, and that your ferehead that he as foreoch as ever it was. The Princes an= fores, I have certainly found that pour science is excellent and true, therefore I beteech you to bo your best to help me, and spare no meney. The Phylitian laid, peu bid me not to spare, buc I have no money whereof I should be liberal. For Agrippina (as naturally all Wlomen be more nigathly then men) was careful in sparing, though the had a Purfe which could not be emps ep. Howbeit when he craved her liverality fo plainly, the went to her Coffer and brought out the Purle, hanging it at her Girdle, wherein were also her best sewels: the same the tred a= bout her middle, and went to the Mindow, where the counted out three hundred Crowns. Milyen Andologia perceived the had the Purfe and Rewels about her, he groped under his Gown, as though he sought for a Puele to pue his mes ney in, he cast of his Cap, see on his Bat, and clasped Agrippina fast about the middle, and wished himself in a solitary Desart, which was presently accomplished by the verine of the Pat, Wahen Agrippina was thus suvvenly gone, the Gentlewoman of the Chamber ran to the Duen, and told her that a Physician had carried away her Daughter in such fort as the Herchant hav done, and cectared what had chanced concerns ing the Poins. The Queen with this heavy news was actonied: but per hoped that the would quickly recurn, as the had done before the other time. But when the came not again affer one day and a night past, she was exceeding sourche ful, and recounted unto the king also, how Orangely all things had chanced; and how the Phylician had convered her away.

The King said, he is indeed a wife Physician, and hath I warrant you more knowledge then the common sort: It is none other then, Andolocia, whom you have flashly deceived, for it is no, other like but he that gave unto him such a Paurle, hath given him such Wistown also, when he should late it, to recover it again. It is the Chill of God that he only should enjoy the Purse, and none else, like as his pleasure is, that I should be only king of this kealm: would God therefore we have but our Daughter again, and with the Purse well might he speed that hath most right, thereto.

Then said the Queen, let us send forth Hels sengers in every Coast, to hear of her if it may be, lest the come to some povercy and distress. The King said it were in vain to seek her, nue til God rectore her again: and also is were a thame for us that we have kept her no better. But when Andolocia and Agrippina were alone in the Defart, he cast of the Doctors Gown, and vlucked away his counterfeit great Role: Wherehy the perceived it was Andolocia, o whom the could not yet freak for shame and fear, for that be looked on her with such an angry and grim countenance, as though he would have vielence kil ed her: And frit he drem a knife, and cutting her Girdle alunder, took the Purse and falined it to his Doublet where it was bes foze, whereat Agrippina trembled and quaked with great fear. Then said Andologia firecely unto yer; D thou falle faethless Moman, thou art now fallen into my power, where I will requite the Arealog thou proit configue against me, when thou twkelt the Pute from me; how

hew could thy heart serve thee (than Persured Might) to show such unkindness towards me, who committed unto thee both my secrets, 150% by and Goods, and so often adventured my seif to Just, and to use other sears of Chivalry only for thy sake a for recompense whereas thou wroughtest me such mischief, and broughtest me into such desperate misery, that if God of his Grace had not comforted me, I had surely be stroyed by Body, and thereby Danmed my Soul. Pow be thing own Judge, whether it be reason that I take as little pitty on thee, as thou half done on me.

Agrippina distilling many tears, samentably said, D Mertuous and Maliant Unight, I confess that I have cone dishonettly, and have intelles rably abused you; per notwithstanding have some compassion on me, and consider the frail= nels and ignozance that is naturally in Women more then in Men, and do good for evil as it becometh a Chaistian, Mertucus and Paliant Bright, Andolecia a sweren, but the misery and Manie that I have suttained by thee, went so near my heart, that I can harely forget or forgive. Then said she again: Pet Andolocia foz the love of Gos advice year telf, what dishos nour is would be to you to avenge your waath on a poor Woman, being alone with you in the Defart, the report whereof peu may suppose would be a great blemish unto your Poble Chipairy. Then said Andolecia, will Agrippina, though thou deserve no mercy, pet will I refrain from Ayranny, and do promise thee by my Knightshood, that I will neither distain thy hos pour, not hurt thy Body. But theu hait one t ken 140

token at the Bead, which thou thalt carry with thee to the Grave, that thou mayelt the better remember, the unfaithfuinels towards the Lover. Agripping being glad that the had escaved violence, or neath, thanked him, and theres mith faid; Pow mould God my Hozns were amay, and I were again in my Kathers Pallace. Andolocia hearing her begin to with, luds venly caught up the Hat, that lay not far from her, and held it falt in his hand; whereup Agripping perceived that he greatly esteemed the Wat, and that by vertue of it lie was chaice conveyed, whereat the was inwardly vered, that the had esteemed and kept the Bat no better. What the earnestly entreated Andologia that he would clean tip her of her Poins, and convey her again to her Father. To whom he late, it is bootless for thee to crave that of me (be thou neper so importunate) but thou must have the Poeus during thy life. Potwithstanding I will earry thee to near unto the Fathers Pals lace that thou mayelf see it; but I mean my lelf to come no moze there. She requeited him again, twice or thrice to deliver her of hir Goins, but he was fully determined not to grant ber request.

How Andologia put fair Agrippina into a houle of Religion: Chap. 40.

prevail, the laid lithence I must need sconstinue thus than entitly distinued, I will not context to come any more into England, neither to see Father or Pother, or any other of my friends: but convey me I pray you into some trange place, where Jam inknown: and if you would place me in some Pouse of Religion, where I might keep me close from all worldly affairs and company, I were greatly beholven unto you.

Then said Andolocia, That I will not stick

to bo for you. Mith that he prepared himself, bound his Hat fast to his hear, took her by the middle, and coupeped her into Ireland, near unto St. Pas tricks Purgatory, where there was a great Puns nery of Puble Momen. He leaving her thereby in the Fields, went unto the Abbels of the Boule, and told her that he had brought with him an honek and Poble Airgin, which is bery fair and Beautiful, save that certain knobs were spring out of her head, whereof the was so assamed, that se could not abide with her friends, but requeiled to be in some felitary place where the was unknown. Wherefore if it will please you to take her into your Cloider, to be one of your company, I will pay her Poze tion thrice double. The Lady Abbels auswers ed, sazing: Every Dearlewoman that is in this: Clother enter ained, must pay at her first enrance

How

trance Two Hundred Crowns, for they be ever to one allowed a Maiting. Paid, and do want nothing that is convenient for them: if you will then pay the Duties thrite Double, bring her hither whatever the be.

Andolocia went forthwith and brought Agrippis na to the Abbels, who bid her heartily Wels come. Agrippina chanked her so mannerly, and with such courteous demeanour, that the Abs hels well verceived the was Boan of Poble Lie naxe, and pittied her ateatly, that fuch a come In Personage should be so distingured with Homs. Then declared she unto her the Diders of the **Waule**, and that the greatest charge was to keep the only ordinary hours of Divine Service: and that the cultom of their Poule was not altogether so Araight as other Quineries, but that when they were disposed to leave the order, they might depart and Warry, Jeaving behind them the money that was given with them at their entrance: Agrippina said, Padant Abbess, pour orders be so tollerable, that no Christian may millike the eof: which I to the utmost of my nower will learn to observe. Then said Andos locia count unto the Abbels five hundred Crowns, requiring her to entertain and to treat Agrippis na courteously, which the promised faithfully to do, for the was glad to have received to much money for one Sider. Andologia took leave of the Abbels, and faid to Agrippina; God bless you, and give you health to live quietly in this Cloisfer, She therewith weeping bitterly law, right courteous Unight, pet remember me ere is be long, and deliver me from this thealdome, for I thall have little sopto cerve God, or do any thing else, until I be riv of these Harns. These wozus Andolocia printed in his mind, but gave her no other answer but this: saying, withen it pleaseach the Lord you shall have remedy, and ly departed. The forrowful Agripping went in with the Abbels, who appointed her to a Chains be, and a Paid to wait un hre, where the lived folacarily, and served God so well as the might, When Andologia had thus will red himfelf of Agrippina, and obtained his purpole in all res speas, he was a soyful man, and setting his Pat on his head, withed himself from Cous try to another, until he came to Bridges in Planders, where he folaced himself with all manner of Bakime, in the company if fair Momen. Be therealso bought forty goodly Poples, and enter ained as many men, and Cloathed them all in a Livery, and used to pras cile himself again in feats of Thivalry. From Writges he rote through Germany, and saw most of the fair Cities of the Empire, and from thence palico by Tienice. Flozence and Wenna, where he cent for the Perchants, of whom he had blught his Jewels, and paid them in ready money. After that took Shipping with with his men and his Porles, and came schully home to Femagosta to his Wio her, who received littie gladly, and liked well that he come home to ita elv.

walken with his Brother into the Garden, and walken with his Brother into the Garden, and asked him from he had sped in all hisakairs, And docia told him at large what had hap pened concerning the Purle, and the Pat, the Prints in the Difart, the Arange Apples, and

and Agrippina, whom he had left with Polymon ber bead.

Ampedo marvelled at his Arange adventures, and yet greatly rejoyced that he was now lafe come home with the Purse and the Hat, both which Andologia offered to his U520, her: Ampedo laid; A will not have the Pourle at all, it brings eth him that hach it to fuch care and danger, as I have tead of our Father, and now heard the like of thee. Andologia was thereof very glad, and after he had been a while at Famagolla, exerciting himself in marrial pastime, he rode with all his men unto the Court to fee the Bings of whom he was konourably entertains ed, and demanded where and how he had frent bis time in travel. Andolocia made repuzt at large of all the Countries whereby he had valled: but concealed his secret mischances and adventures. Then bemanded the Ring inhether ise had been lately in England. We ans Iwered, that it was not long lithence he came thence. Then lato the King, the King of Engfand bath a fair Daughter named Agrippina, who is the onely Beir to the Crown, to whom I purpoted to have married my Son, if all pars ties should agre: but A heard say lately that the wall luddenly conveyed away, none can tell whether: can you certify me whether the be yet found again of not - Andolocia laid, thereof I can inform your Grace. It is must true that he bath a Daughter that is very beautiful, who by fame conveyance of Pegromancy wass Profest into Ireland, and there is remaining in a Religious house of Gen lewoman, wich whom not fong agoe I had ting talk.

The King asked, may it not be brought to to pals that her Father may have her again? tor A am old and moule fain establish my Don in Marriage, and the Realm in good order bes fore A dre.

Andolocia said, Gracious Lozd, to pleasure pour Pajetty and pour Son, I will travel in the matter, and will cause her in short space to be brought again into her Fathers Pallace. The King required him to do it, and so spare no charges, promiting to consider him well for his cravel, and largely to requite his courteste if he could bying it to pals. Andolocia lato, let pour Grace appoint a Poble Emballage, and let them be sent fourteen days after me into England; and they shall find her at London in her Kathers Pattace: It were also expedient that there were also a lively Picture drawn of the young Prince, which the Embassadors may Hew that the King and Nucen, whereof they cannot but like very well, if it be truly and cuns ningly Limned. The King thanked him for his adj vice; willing him to accomplish his promile, and all things sould be done as he had salo. The young Prince also requested Andologia to be diligent in the matter, for that he was greate ip destrous to see her, having heard so great commendation of her Beauty. Andologia promiled both the King and his Son, to do his belf, and to taking his leave of them, went to famagosta, there vorcomed he the wishing Pat of his Wzother, and willing his Steward to let his men be well used, and to want nothing that was expedient for them in his absence: saxing that he would very shortly return, went out of light,

fer the Hat in lis head, and willed himself in the Witdernels, where the Apples were that would produce and take away horns, where he found the trees laden with Apples: Now wit he not certainly which was the one from the or ther, howbeit at all adventured he tasted of the one Acee, and there presently sprang horns on lies-head. After that he did cat the Apples of the other tree, and the horns vanished away. De took he of both forts with him, and from thence conveyed himself unto the Abbey in Ireland, where he knecked, and was let in to speak with the Lary Abbels, of whom he required licence to talk secce by with Agrippins. The Abbels knowing him very well, called Agrippina. witto time: who when the faw Andoleci', looked on him with a strange countenance, not know ing the intent of his coming, and therefore was somewhat afraic. Andologia taking her a lit le astre, said unto her, Navy Agrippina, tell mc, if you were new riv ef peur Poans, where would be washed and be a Ash ppina faid, abou may weel further that I would then long to be with the Ring inv Factor, and the Ducen my bear Wother. Allen faid Andologia, God hath heard this Panyer Agrippina, and Cail obtain thy Ice Arey with that he gave her an Apple, and will led her to eat is, and rest the eupon a while, and when the liv rife again, her Pozns in ul heidenn consumed away. Agripping did as the was willed, and when the awake, the fest that all was Well, Werewich it is to be chaught the sid not a little triopics.

Then called fle her waiting Baid, to felp to toral incirculation, which being tone, he came

came before the Abbels, who marbelled greatly to see such a sudden change; and calling her Ladies to behold her also, they wondring likewife that the was become so beamiful, and so dean riv of the Poins, as there remained no fign of them; whe efore they all lang praise to Goo for this miracle shewed. Then said Ans dolocia, Agrippina is a Princes of a Linage; I must now take her from you, and carry her to her Father and Pother again, and beloze a month be ended the thall be marited to a young King, being of a fair and comly perfenage, as tekely to be seen. Andologia gabe unto the Abbels and her company one hundred Crowns, and. thanked them for their Gentle entertainment and ulage of Agrippina. She her self also gave them most courteous thanks: and so taking both tleirs leaves, they went forth into the Field, where Andolocia setting his Pat on his Plan, carried her to London by the Kings Pallace, and forthwith departed to Famagolta.

How Agrippina was espoused to the young King of Cyprus. Chap. 41.

When Agrippina was new come into the Court there was exceeding top and glainels in every behalf: and the King and Ducen ordained a Solemn feat, and adopted her in most sumptuous attive, that all the Countries and Communally might resolve with them, for the return of their fair Daughter; that they supposed to have been loft. As the King, the Nuces posed to have been loft. As the King, the Nuces and the Countries were in the miost of their and the Positive with the miost of their

mirth and passing, there was troing becught, that the King, of Cyprus had sent a Noble Em ballage to entreat of a Parriage between Agripe dina and the poung Prince of Typrus. The Comhalladors at their coming were very honougably entreated after their exate, whereof the one was a Duke, and the other two were Carls, with many other Unights and Gentlemen, who did their Embassage before the King and the Countel, and had to far thereof concluded, that they began to confer about the Dowzy and the Wedding day. When the Queen perceived that they had almost determined of the matter, it grieves her that her Daughter Hould be cass ried to far into a trange Country, and to be married to one of whose demeanour, favour and Westonage, the was altogether ignozant. Then required the Emballadors that the Ducen might come in Pielence, to whom they shewed that painted Postracture of the point Prince, af firming with an Dath, that the Person whom that Picture vio represent, was rather more amiable then the Image did express, and that he was but four and twenty years of age. With this they were all pleased, and the Aucen, who took the Picture and brought it to Agrippina, Gewing it 10 her, that they had retermined to matry her unto a young King, which was more beautiful then the Picture could thow. Agrip pina remembzing the words of Andolocia in the Abbep, gave the moze credit, and granted her consent, that what her Nather and the Ausen though do in-that behalf, the would be obedient spercto.

wir Withen it- was perceived that Agrippina was willing to confent, they concluded fully of the Parriage. Then were their Ships prepared with men, viduals, Artillery, und fumptuous Garments, and precious sewets were pur to making for Agrippina: and the hat aftigned to Attend on her; many goodly and tall Gentles men and Deomen, and many fair Latics and Genclewomen. Telhen all chings were in reas Diness, Agrippina took her leave of her Father the King, and the Dueen ber Dother, kneeling and faying: Gracious Prince say Father, and dearly beloved Lady Pother, the Almighty Bod have vou in his proceedion, and grant you health and long life: and now Amust neets des part, give me I pray you your last blelling, The King laid, App most bearly beloved Daughter, The blessing of God, the Kather, the Son and the Woly Shot, defend thre from all grief and missortune, and grant thee to be a Pother of many Children. The Aucen thereso fair, Amen, When role up Agrippina, and went as board the Ship with all her train : and the Marriners heised up the lails, they passed feath with a prosperous wind until they came all tos gether lafe and some unto Famagosta in Cyprus, where the King had appointed to receive her by a Duke, a Dinches, four Earls, and many Poble Ladies. Athere was also at her arrival a sumprusus Feat in Famigosta for all that came, and every man rejoyced that they hav gotten such a fair and beautiful Ducen. From thence was the conveyed by Land unto Medula, where the King kept his Court; thither were reforted all the Pobility of the Realm, both. of men and women; and although the was traps

better and more gorgeously entertained at Medus, by the King and Duten, and her Ladies and by the young Prince and his train: all which he thanked with a merry countenance, and rode jufully unto the Kings Patlace. There was feating and triumphs the space of six weeks after the Wedding, with such solemnity and sumpluvuluels, as had never been seen in Cyprus before. And amongst many other rich gifts that were presented to the poung Princes at the Feats, Andologia sor his part gave a whole Shipful of Palmsey and Bulcavil: so that it was as common a drink with them during

How Andologia did best in Justing, whereby he got the praise of Women, but hatred and envy of certain Lords. Chap. 42.

the Feast, as Weer or Ale.

All the while that the Feast lake, the Lords and Uniting, Wurny, sighting at Barriars, and such other martial erercises. And he which had quited himself most manfully in the day, at night in time of Dancing and Kevels, the young street did spenly set a Barland on his Pead. But Addolocia was Crowned with the Barland miore often than any of them, and was prayled for his acide carriage, both of men and Tolockia had by right deserved the Barland, yet losd had by right deserved the Barland, yet losd had by right deserved the Barland, yet

Theodorus of England, who came over with the Ducen, whereof Andolocia mate small account: howhere that all men said openly that Andolos cia had betier beferbed it. And wien this rumoz came to Theodorus ears, it spighted him greats ly, and thereby he conceived inward mall.s against Andolocia. Taberefeze the concluded a conspiracy with the Garl of Limose (who had his Poule in an Ille not far from Famagosta) to put Andolocia to shame and reproch, or else to destrop him for envy that he carried the grea. est honour and prayle of Unightly Wanho.d so far from them, that no Nego, knight, noz Squire might compare with him. Wilstes fore they appointed at his return towards For magosta affer the Feast: to set upon him, to Nay all his men, and carry him prisoner to Lis mole, out of the Kings Land, where the Carl had a Castle, and that there they would kack him, and pur him to such intollerable pain, that he should consels where his greatest Areas sire lay, and thould by some paivy token send for the most part of it, whereby they should keep a stately post, and his prive spulo he much abateo.

How Andologia after the Feast, riding homewards to Famagosta, was taken Prisoner by the two Earls, and all his men slain. Chap. 33.

So when clociapus after the tri umph had taken his leave, and was recurning to kamagolia, the two Garls having appointed an ambulh of men, they took Andolocia prisoner, New all his men, and cacried him into the Calife of Limose, where he was so fraightly kept, that he in no mills could

Theo

could come out. Then promised he unto the keep ers a great fum of money, if they moved be him go free, but they durit not so do, lett that when he were at liberty he would not keep momife with them: neither durst he self enem as any great sum of money before hand, fest ever the uid thereby verceive the vertue of his warre, and fr might lose both the Pourse and his lite atto. Sown after came cydings touthe Plage has Andolocies men were flain, and he himself acres no man knew whether, neither was it knows who had come mitted that hainous murcher. Whe two wards after this wicked fact rode again unto the Court, and behaved themselves as it they knew nothing thereof: When Ampedo likewise was certified what had chanced to his the hone he requeded the Kings alivance to lay publication algorithms. his Deminions for Andolocia, Alle Livi, aufwers ed, that he was as forty for lim, as similar, and that on condition he could fearly whether he was tile and alive, he would frare no money to took him, though it sould coit him half his Kingdom.

How Ampedo burned the wishing Hat. Chap. 44.

A Mpedo imagining with himself that his 13:00 ther was come into some distress by occasion of his Pitrse, and that by Racking and coments he might be socced to confess of the Pac also, whereby he might in like manner come into the like vaired in a great surp he cast the Pat in o the site, and know by it till it was burnt to askes. And where he cause by no means hear tell what was become of his Brother, he conceived thereby such an inward grief, that for thought he tell pick, and sportly after ended his life. The lang

had caused Pasciamation to be made, that whose foever could bring word whether Andologia were vead or alive, he should have a thousand Ducks ats in ready money, but no tydings could be heard of him. Then the Carl of Limose took his leave of the King, and departed home to his Castle, where he found Andolocia in a beep Dungeon. Withen Andolocia saw him he was glad, beseeching kini to be merciful unto him, and to deliver him out of Paison; for (said he) I wot not whose Pais soner I am, neither for what cause I am thus Kraightly penned up, if I have bone wrong to any man, I will recompence it eicher with Bony or Goods. The Carl laid, Andolocia, then are not brought hither to be delibered again, thou art my Prisoner, and before thou depart shalt thou tell me how and from whence thou hadft to much money, to maintain such a sumptuous and Pzinces ly Post, as then half so long time done; or effe I will to coment thee, that thou thalt be glad to Mew it. When Andologia heard those cruel and threateing words, he was exceedingly afrair, his hope failed him, and he wist not how to dissemble the matter, but said on a suddan: By Fas ther when he dies snewed me of a Pring which is in our house at Famagosta, wherein I should find more money then I was able to spend during my life: and if it please you to carry me as ak Philaner thither, I will them you the experience thereof. The Carl would not be persuaded that this was the truth, but took him out of the Stocks and racked him grievoully, which he a while endured, but at the length he was so bitterly to:4 menteothat he might no longer refrain, but hew ed plainly the vertue of the Purfe. Inhen the Earl heard of that, he took the Purse of him?

and by tryal finding his faring to be true, caused Andolocia to be again fet in the Dtocks, and committed him to one whom he truded weel. The Garl then paid his Debts, Aozed his Caitle with Miduals and Furniture. and Rode forthwith to his Commanion the Earl Theodorus, who rejepts ed at his coming to the Court. And when they had communed together concerning the Pourle that the Carl had gotten of Andolocia by racking, there was no finall triumphing between them on either part. 18ttc Theodorus liked not that Andes login was left alive: for (laid he) Thear it reports ette Court, that he is a Doctor in Regroniancy, and can fly in the Air: therefore it is to be feared that he will by some means escape, inhereby we may both come in danger of death. Whiche Carl said, he lyeth so fast and sure in Patring that I warrant you he canuos come forth. where went they together and cook out as much there as they lift, and were both akke desirous minute the Purle: but to eschew all controvers Resthep agreed that one should have it one half pear, and the other thould have it another half: and that unels had the Pourle, should not luster theother to want, or remain in danger: and that finithmuch as the Count of Limole was the elect, ly Mould fir tentop it. The two Cloers having insidentalepear will, pet were they circumfued, him busit not frem very liberal or wateful, for Nental Culpilices. With Theodo us could not be pet la illied as long as Antologia luas alve, for loread lost they should again lose the Puris. Wes lives that, he purposes when he has the possession lof the Paule, to go to far with it that he would We safe and sure both from the Bing and the Carl of Lipose. And the effice he encreased of the

bis men to see Andolocia in Paison, which the start granted. Then took the Lord Theodoruse this leave of the King, and said, he would travely to fee the pleasant commodity of his Dominick. Then rode he straight unto the Paison to Andologica, whose Legs were rotted with the Stocks hand Irons, but now he hoped that sithence they had his Pourse, they took no more regard of himse but supposed that the Carl had sent Theodorus to let him out of Paison.

How Andologia when his Purse was gone, was, also murthered himself in Prison. Chap. 45se



Dandolocia, hast thou any more such Pursen agus
thou hast given to the Carl of Linose of thosas
that the like bestow is on me, and A will presence
that the go free: Pearswere, Gracious Loring

fo God help me, I have well more, but if I had, it were at your commandment. Then late Theodorus, It is reported that thou art skilful in Regrammer, and can fly in the Air: why dest thou not now practice thy curving to deliver the from hence? He faid my good kord, I neither have nor never had any pleasure in that Art; but have only had my pleasure with the Purse which yo have, the same will I freely give to you and the Bart of Limse, before God and the Whalo, and will never make claim to it again, if you will for the honour of God, but only deliver me podr wretched man out of this prison, lest I die here milerably.

Theodorus - said, canst thou now submit thy Welf ? Withy wast thou not so lowly, when with Nach prive and presumption thou civil advance The life before the King and the Queen to dilthenour us all? Where are all the fair Navies softwar thou dids to well please, and which gave time all the praise e try now if any of them may thee bus Athence thou doll so soze long to and of putton, I will foon deliber thee from eliber soiraw. Athen offered be five hundred following the theeper to Grangle Andolocia, links by would not do it, laying, we is an honeu named, and very teeble, to that he must needs nete it be long tie of himself, but I surely will Code commute such a bainous Sin. Aben said theodorus, Bive me a Paicer, and I will strans polic him : with the meeper would not in any cale Keep him. Then took he his Gi dle that was lottout his mivale, and calling it about Andolocias wheck, with his Dagger witched in it, and so our angled poor Andologia to Death, litting in the Stecks

Stocks, and gave the keeper a reward to cons ver the read body out of fight. Telheu this crus el tyrant had finished this hourid murder, he incontinently departed again to the Court, where he kecretly told unto the Earl of Limole what he had done: saying, Andologia is like to work us no more mischief, for I have killed him with mine stan hands, neither could A rest befoze J was fure that he was read. Row whereas the Carl in four days space had not medied with the Parte, and the half year was expired that Theodorus turn came to onjoy it as long, he demand= ed him to deliver it, and take as much spend= ing money as he would. The Earl of Limose was well content, and went forthwith to the Coffer and brought forth the Purle, calling ir upon the Table. Theodorus took it in his hand, and would have Coined out some money, but there was none to be felt, netrier wonto the Purse victo any more fruit. Thou looked they itrangely one on the other, not knowing that by reason that Ampedo and Andologia were both bead. the Purte had lost his vertue. Then the war! Theodorus faid angerly, Thou faile and termitul man, thinkest thou to tandly to decrebe me 2 by delivering unto ine this ample wing that is not mostly a great, instead of that programs whereof we had so much money where therefore that which I now ought the answered, it is in good faith the faine Phase that I took from Andologia, neither burg Ishy other: but how it cames to pale that it visiteth not as it did before, I know not? Theodonis would not be pacified with this answer; but was far more angry, and fais he would be revenged on him whatever befel, and therewith drawing

his Mapier, Krook at him. The Carl of Limole being no other defence, ran within him, and nate him have hands as soon as he might, whereby therefore have up the doors, and parted them. Howheit the Carl of Limole was teast pandunded, therefore his men laid hold on Theodorus. Withen tydings came to the King, that the two Carls which were great friends, had laught in a Chamber, and one almost flain the other, he commanded both to be brought before him; to evaluate the cause of their debate: but Theodorus only was examined, the other being so more that he could not come.

How the two Elders by striving for the Purse, were detected of the Murther, and put to death: Chap. 46.



Line Laving, has violently forces Throdu-

he was exceedingly grieved, and being moved with wathful displeasure against the murcherers mithout longer deliberation, he gave judgement that they hould be executed with building their bones upon Wayeers, and that if the Carl of Limose where sick, he should be carted to the place of Crecution, and if he were dead, that his carkals notwithstanding should be set on the Whele, which was executed on the two Carls, as the King had commanded. Then sent the King also certain ofis cers to the Castel of Limouse to seize upon all the goods and Lands of the Carl, and willed also that as many men & women as were in the Castel, confenting to the wurther, or that had concealed the the same, should all be hanged out upon the Castel walls without any mercy. And whereas they had knowledge how the body of Andolocia was cast in= to the ditch by the castel, they caused it to be taken up, and carievit to Famagosta, where it was honous rably buried in the Chancry Church, which his Father had founder, for whom the king and the Deen, and the Pzince, and Pzincels mourns ed; as if he had been of their near linage. And forasmuch as neither Ampedo nor Andolocia had as ny Peirs left behind them, the King tooke the codly Pallace into his own possession, wherein te f. und so much goods and ready Coyn, such sumps thous healhold stuff, and so precious and costly sewels, that it might rather frem the Pallace of some mighty Emperour, then of a Subject. In the same Pallace the young King and Dueen held their Court, until his Father departed out of this life; and then began they to reignand guern the whole Realin of Cyprus.

FINIS.

DVERTISEMENT.

His Book having found very good Acceptance for many Impressions, some Ill minded persons (and particularly one Thomas Haley) has Printed a Counterfeit Impression in Quarto, therein falsifying the Original, and endeavour ing to deprive the true Proprietor of the Copy: Therefore let the Briver take heed of cheating himle and encouraging such balo practices, the true Copy being in Octavo, and so sold by H. San bridge as the Bible on Ludgate-I-Iill.